

Neutrino physics at

low energy medium

baseline neutrino beams

P.F. Loverre - Venezia - 1999

Low energy medium baseline ?

(2)



check of LSND signal

$$\text{LSND} \quad L/E \sim \frac{30 \text{ m}}{30 \text{ MeV}}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{CERN PS} \\ \text{FERMILAB BOOSTER} \end{array} \right\} \frac{L}{E} \sim \frac{1 \text{ km}}{1 \text{ GeV}}$$

LSND worth to be checked ?

Two collaborations (states Europe) say **yes**

LSND may be wrong but not a statistical fluctuation

bckg  $\Rightarrow$  signal  $\sim 7 \sigma$

## LSND

- beam  $\nu_\mu \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_e$
- appearance of  $\bar{\nu}_e$

$$P(\bar{\nu}_\mu \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_e) \sim 3 \times 10^{-3}$$

Two experiments proposed for immediate test

- FERMILAB - Mini BOONE
- CERN - I216

[Later: NESS, ORLAND,  $\mu$ -storage rings?]

Both

search for electrons

$$\nu_e N \rightarrow e N'$$

in pure  $\nu_\mu$  beam

$$(E_\nu \sim 1 \text{ GeV})$$

A proposal for an experiment to measure  $\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_e$  oscillations  
and  $\nu_\mu$  disappearance at the Fermilab Booster:

# BooNE

December 7, 1997

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# Mini Booster

(5)

Booster

(Fermilab - 8 GeV p)

Neutrino

Experiment

Mini  $\Rightarrow$  evolution foreseen if  
oscillations are found

$\nu_\mu$  beam from 8 GeV proton

Booster at Fermi Lab

$\langle E_\nu \rangle \sim 800$  MeV

$\nu_\mu$  line to be constructed

- focusing system

- 50 m decay tunnel

Very high intensity  $\Rightarrow 5 \times 10^{20}$   
Pot/year

# DETECTOR

(6)

Evolution of LSND for a very different energy range

$$E_{\nu} (\text{LSND}) \sim 30 \text{ MeV}$$

$$E_{\nu} (\text{BoONE}) \sim 800 \text{ MeV}$$

Mineral oil  $\Rightarrow$  scint. +  $\checkmark$  light  
active target

$$167 \text{ tons (LSND)} \Rightarrow 770 \text{ tons (445 FY)}$$

Seen by the 1220 phototubes  
of LSND ( $\sim 10\%$  coverage)

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# CERN COURIER

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JULY/AUGUST 1993

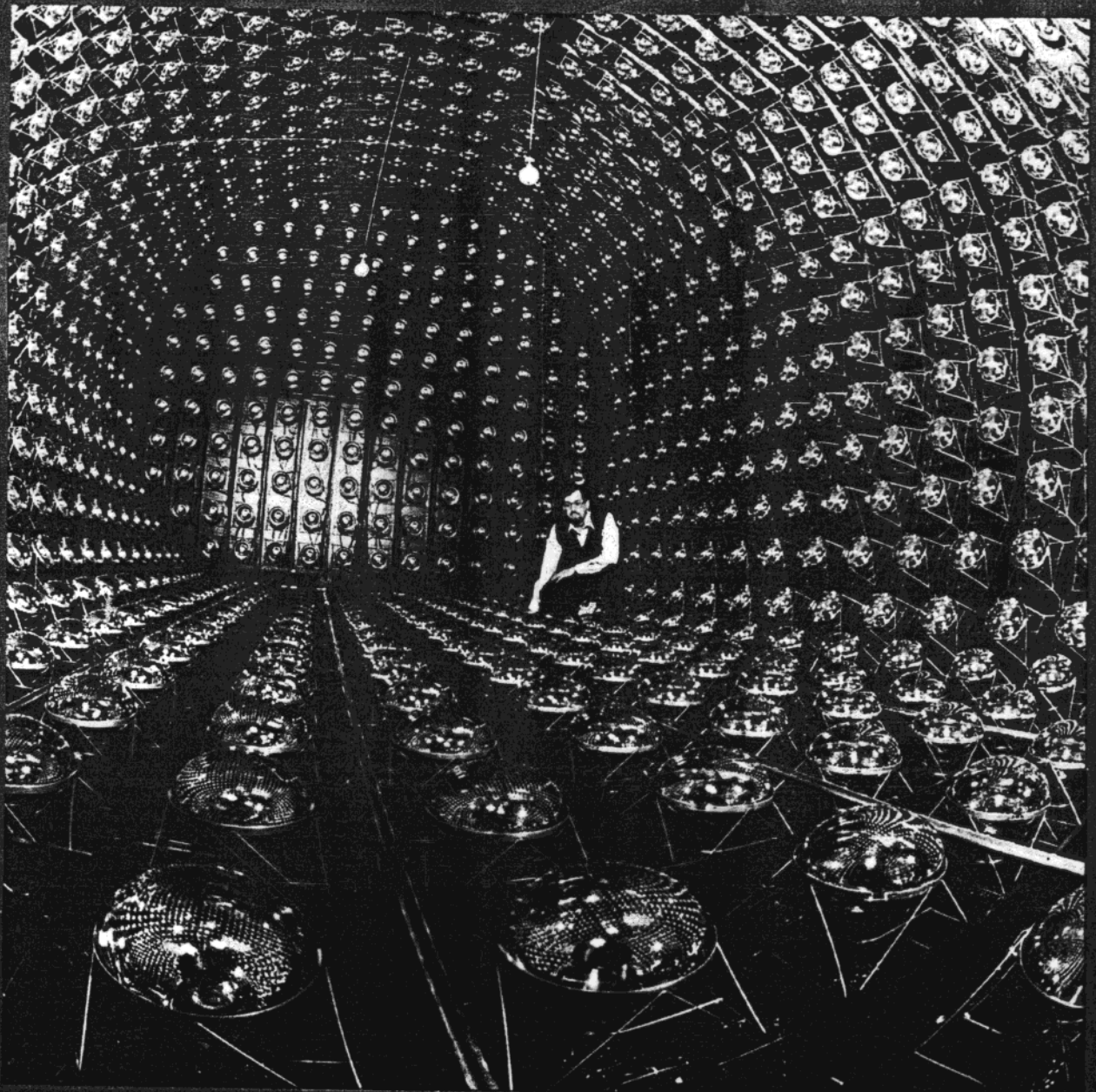
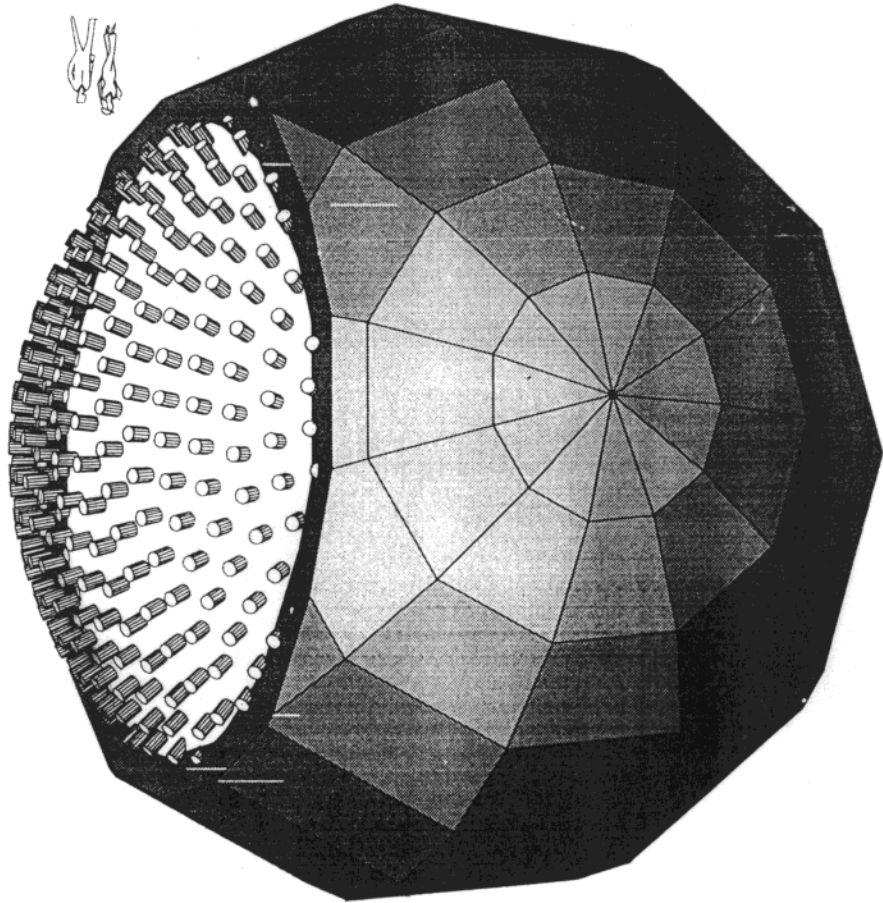




Figure 5.15: GEANT-generated schematic of the proposed detector.





I identify

$$\nu_{\mu} C \rightarrow \mu X$$

$$\nu_e C \rightarrow e X$$

reject

$$\nu_{\mu} C \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu_{\mu} X$$

Particle identification

- characteristics of  $\check{C}$  rings
- +  $\mu$  id via  $\mu \rightarrow e$  decay
- +  $\pi^0/e$  via large angle  $\gamma$ 's
- + ratios  $\check{C}$  vs Scint. Light

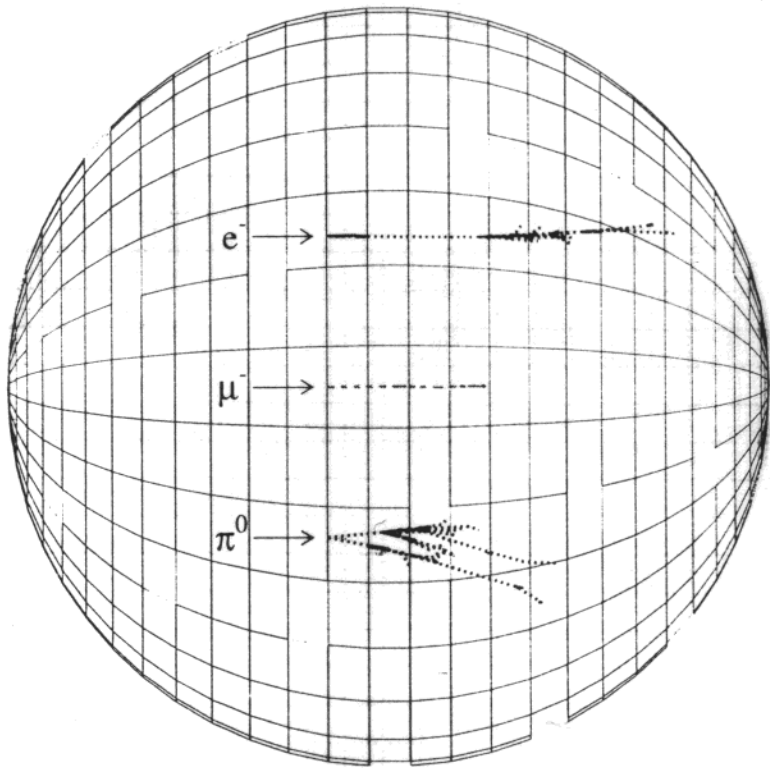


Figure 6.1: Example topologies of 500 MeV electrons, muons, and neutral pions in the detector tank.

$2.5 \times 10^{20}$  POT - 1 year

$\nu_{\mu} C \rightarrow \mu X$   
(normalization)

590000

$\nu_e$  (beam cont.)

1800

$\pi^0$  misident.

600

$\mu$  misident.

600

total bckg 3000

signal

1200

( $\Delta m^2 = 0.4 \text{ eV}^2, \sin^2 2\theta = 0.02$ )

Statistical error (bckg fluct.)

very small

$\sqrt{3000} = 55 \text{ evts}$

# SYSTEMATIC ERRORS

- misidentified  $\pi^0$  (asymmetric decay)
  - $\Rightarrow$  from identified  $\pi^0$ 's  
(2 large angle  $\gamma$ 's)

- misidentified  $\mu^-$  (captured  $\mu^-$ )
  - $\Rightarrow$  from  $\mu^-$ 's identified by  $\mu \rightarrow e$  decay

- $\nu_e$  beam contamination

- $\Rightarrow \nu_e$  mainly from  $\pi \rightarrow \mu \rightarrow e$   
(K fraction small)

then  $\Rightarrow$  measured  $\nu_\mu$  spectrum  
fixes  $\mu^+ \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_e e^+$

Total syst error  $O(5\%)$

Total background  $3000 \pm 150$

Expected signal 1200  
(from LSND)

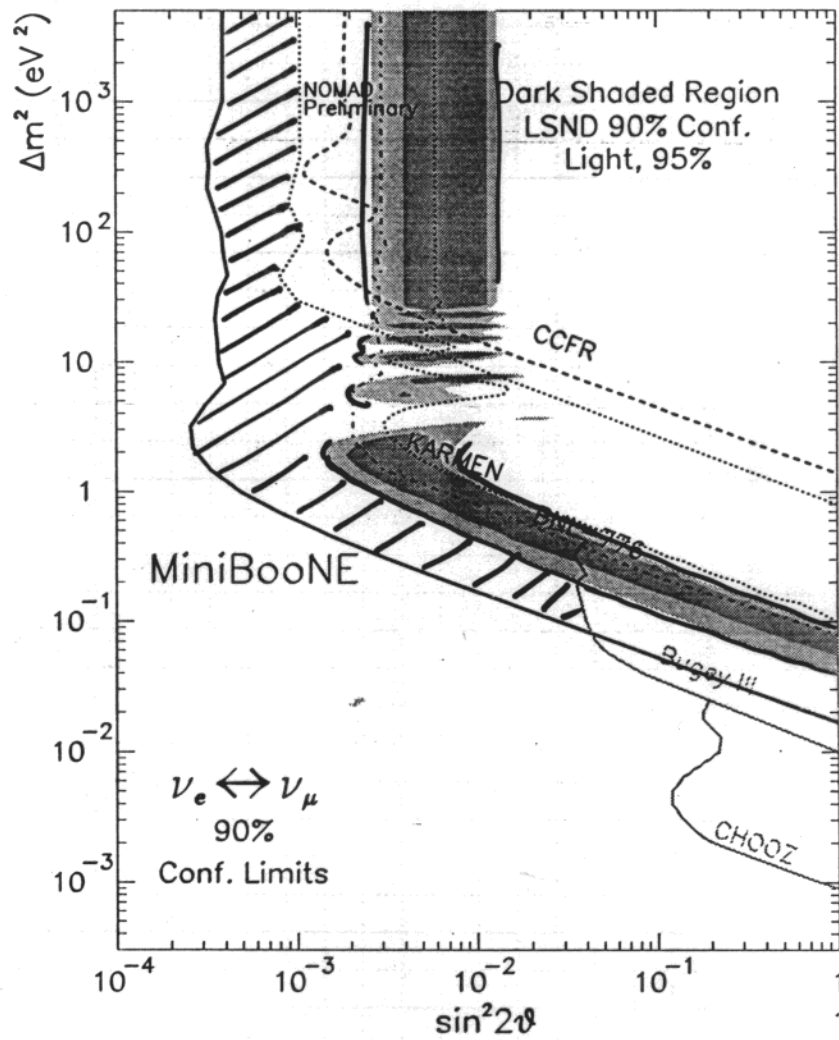


Figure 2.1: 90% C.L. limit expected for MiniBooNE for  $\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_e$  appearance after one year of running, including systematic and statistical errors (see section 2.2), if LSND signal is not observed (solid line). Results from past experiments through December, 1997, also are shown.

# Mini BoONE

- cost  $\sim$  9 MSF + contingency (beam + detector)
- approved by PAC
- searching for money
- start data taking  
 $\Rightarrow$  end of 2001

At CERN

I216 - Lol to SPSC

- PS - 19.2 GeV protons
- 50 m decay tunnel

- pure  $\nu_{\mu}$  beam  $\frac{\Sigma \nu_e}{\nu_{\mu}} \sim 5 \times 10^{-3}$

$\langle E_{\nu} \rangle \sim 1.5 \text{ GeV}$

Search for electron excess  
at  $\sim 1 \text{ km}$



I 216

(16)

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The following institutes expressed their interest:

Harvard (Cambridge, MA)  
UCL (Louvain-la-Neuve), ITEP (Moscow)

- high intensity -  $2.5 \times 10^{20}$  pot/2 years

[old PS exp  $\Rightarrow$  0 ( $1 \times 10^{19}$  pot)]

Mini BoONE -  $5 \times 10^{20}$  pot/1 year]

- only clean q.e. reactions



- fine grained tracking calorimeter scintillator  $\Rightarrow$   $dE/dx$  + target

$dE/dx$  measured every 0.1 X<sub>0</sub>

$\rightarrow$  e/ $\pi^0$  discrimination

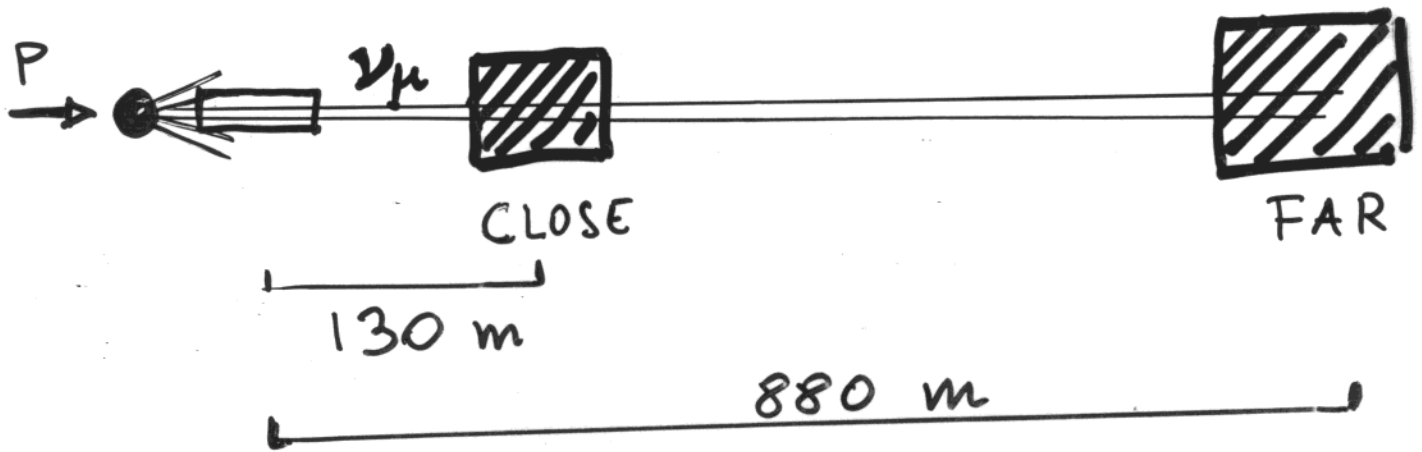
- two-detector technique

(close - far comparison) for

excellent control of background

# Two-detectors experiment

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Count

$$\frac{N(e)}{N(\mu)} \Big|_{\text{CLOSE}} \Rightarrow \text{normalization}$$

$$\left[ \frac{e}{\mu} \right]_{\text{FAR}} > \left[ \frac{e}{\mu} \right]_{\text{CLOSE}}$$



oscillation ( $L \sim 800 \text{ m}$ )

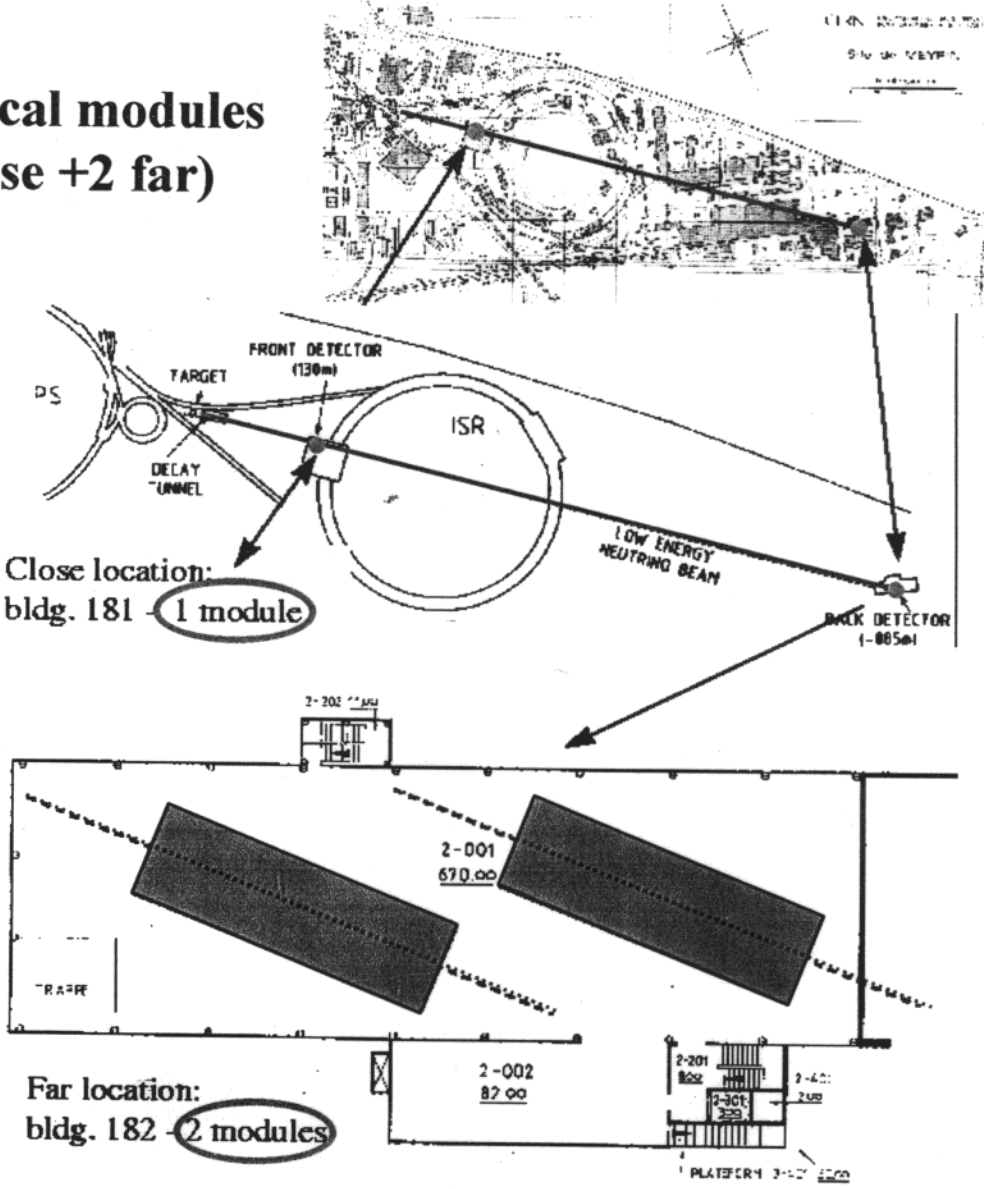
# Experimental Layout

$\nu_e$  appearance in a  $\nu_\mu$  beam from the CERN PS

- Two detectors (close/far)
- Good electron id
- Large proton statistic (2.5PoT/2years)

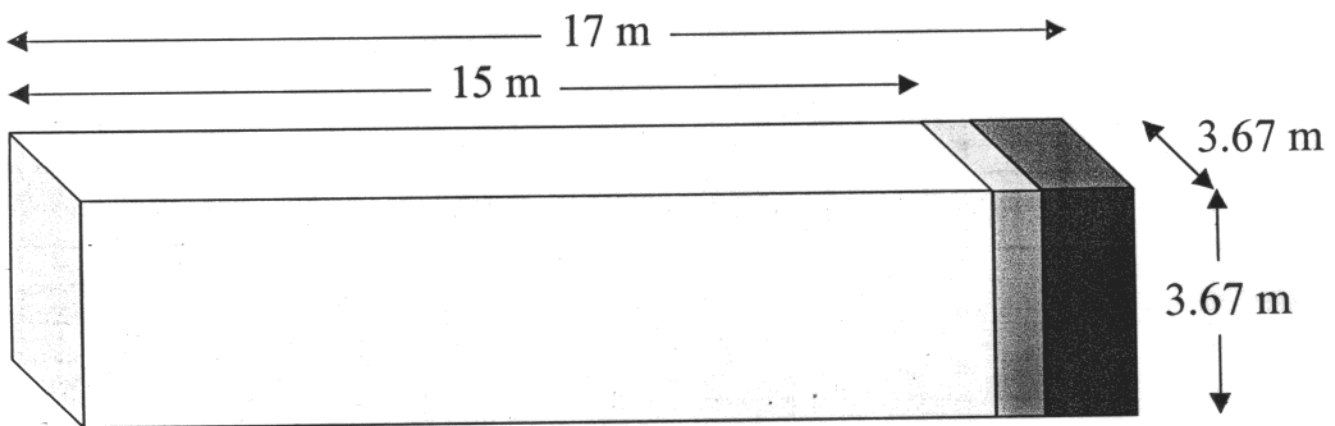
$$\Delta = (N_e/N_\mu)_{\text{FAR}} - (N_e/N_\mu)_{\text{CLOSE}} \neq 0 \text{ would detect } \nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_e \text{ oscillation}$$

**3 identical modules  
(1 close + 2 far)**



# Detector Module

A detector module is a fine grained tracking calorimeter (which act also as target for neutrino interactions), followed by a **tail catcher** and a **muon catcher**.

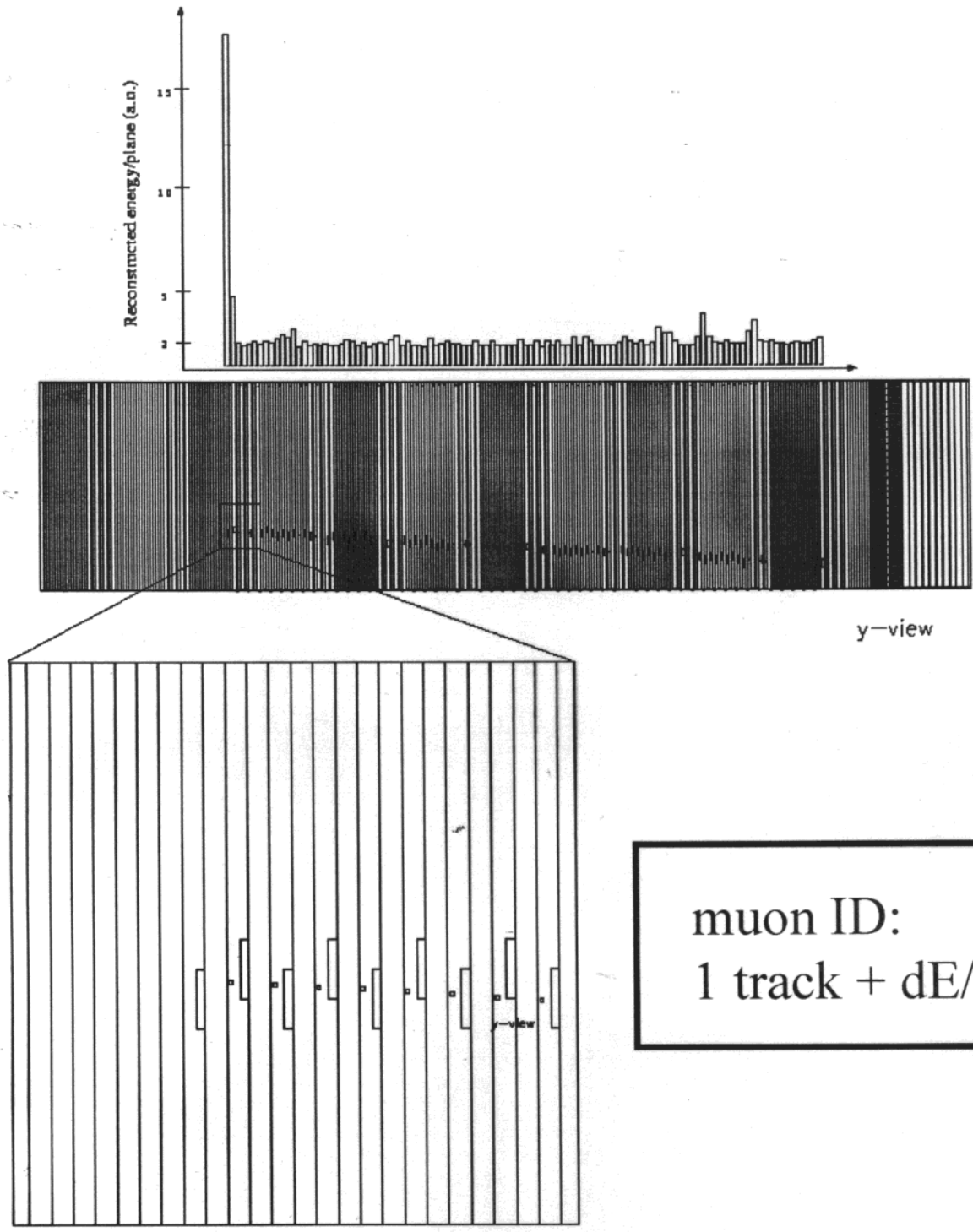


The tracking calorimeter consists of 300 streamer tube chambers, interleaved with 300 scintillator planes.

The tail catcher is a sandwich of 20 scintillator planes and 1 cm thick iron absorbers.

The muon catcher is a sandwich of 10 streamer tube planes and 10 cm thick iron absorbers.

# $\nu_\mu$ Quasi-Elastic Interaction

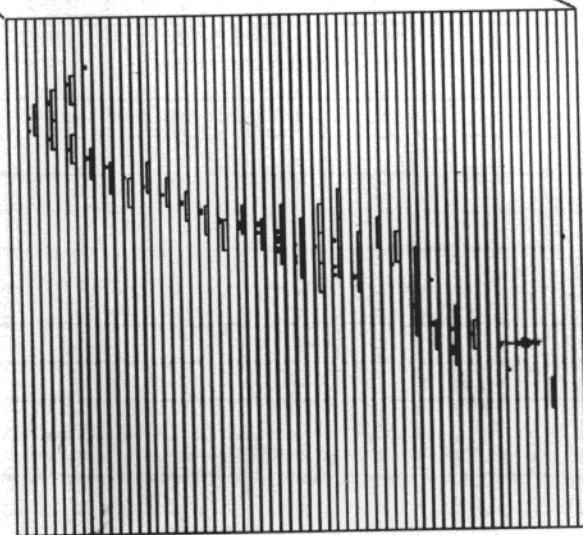
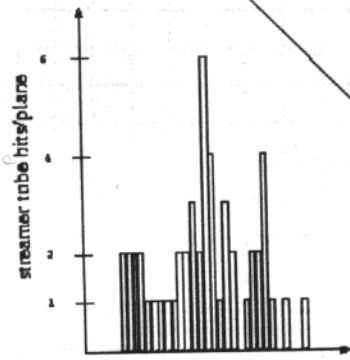
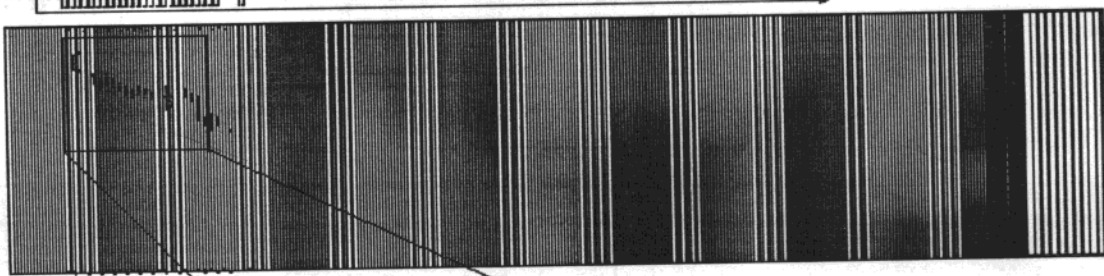
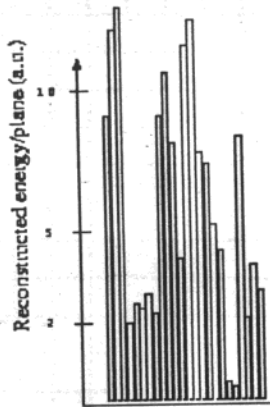


muon ID:  
1 track + dE/dx

# $^{216}\text{Me}$ Quasi-Elastic Interaction

electron ID:

close to the vertex: 1 track + dE/dx  
then showering





# Detector

128 tons - close

256 tons - far

O(10 MSF)

Construction ~ 2 years

Data taking ~ 2 years

[1999 - 2003  $\Rightarrow$  exploit time window before LBL operation?]

In the far detector

85000 $\mu$	bckg	250 beam $\nu_e$
310 "e"		
300 e	signal	

$$[\Delta m^2 = 2eV^2, \sin^2 2\theta = 0.006]$$

$$\Delta(e/\mu) = (e/\mu)_{\text{FAR}} - (e/\mu)_{\text{CLOSE}} =$$

$$= (3.10 \pm 0.29 \pm 0.10) \times 10^{-3}$$

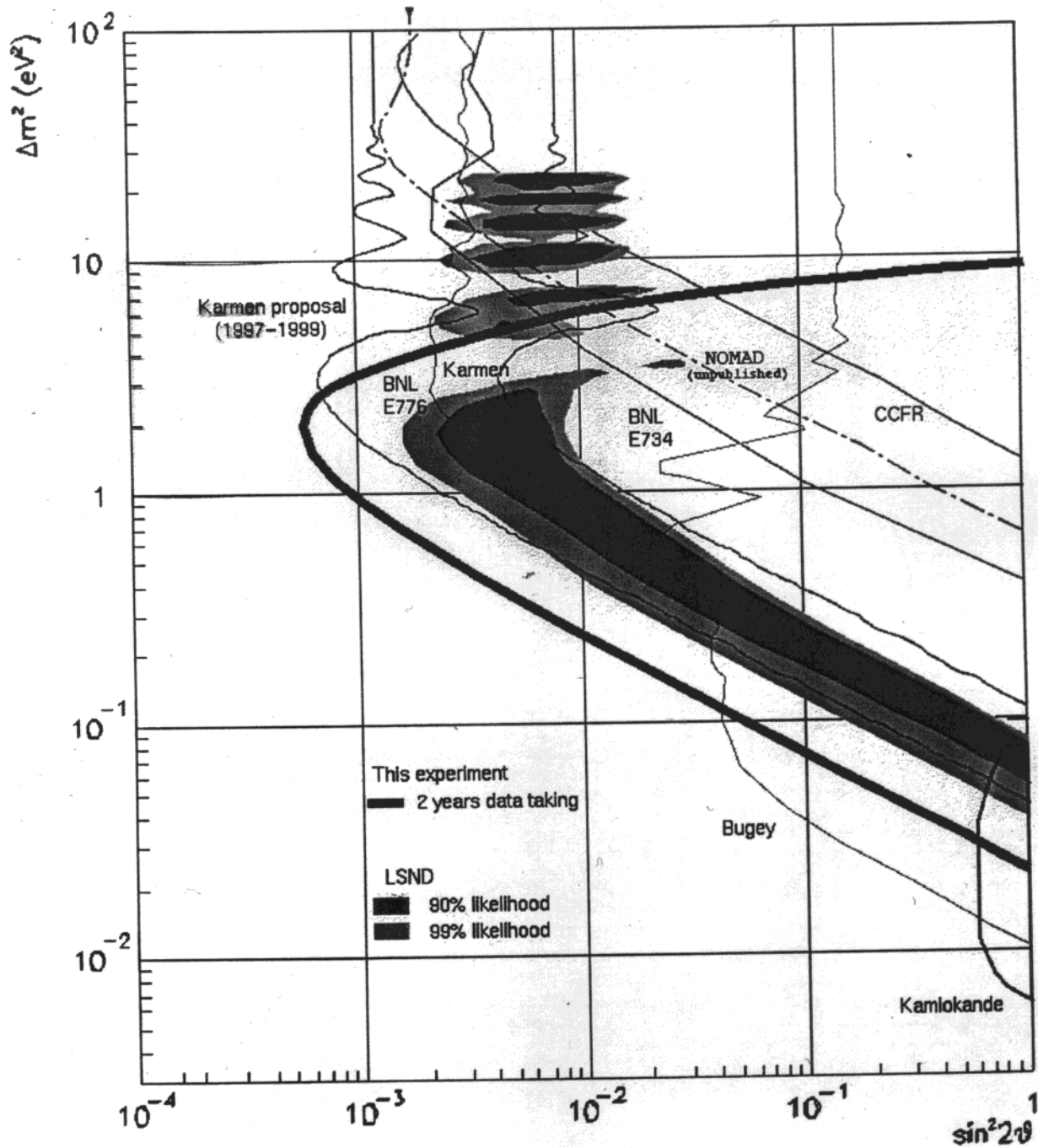
(stat. error dominates)

# I216 I216 Sensitivity I216 I216 I216

$2.5 \times 10^{20}$  PoT in two years

$N_{\text{FAR}} = 85,000 \nu_{\mu}$  quasi-elastics

$N_{\text{CLOSE}} = 1,900,000 \nu_{\mu}$  quasi-elastics



Feb. 99  $\Rightarrow$  "Encouragement" from  
SPSC + Research Board

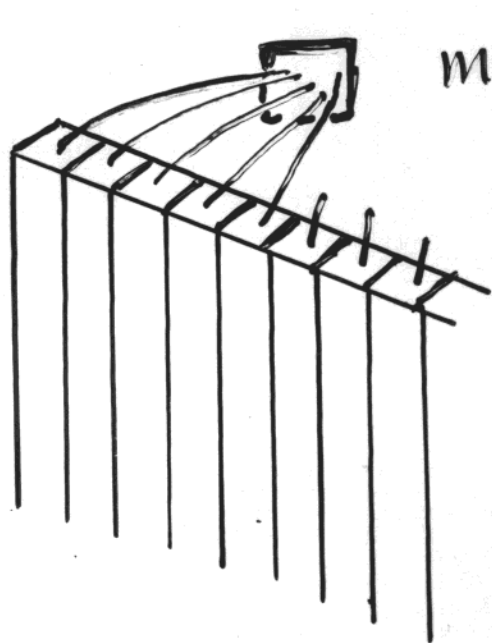


Studying improved detector design

e.g. scint. planes  $(4 \times 4 \text{ m}^2) \times 3 \text{ cm}$  ( $< 0.1 X_0$ )

single scint. element  $3 \times 3 \times 400 \text{ cm}^3$

read by WLS fiber ( $\Rightarrow$  MINOS)

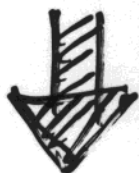


multi-pixel PM

measure in  $3 \times 3 \text{ cm}^2$

$dE/dx$  + pattern

$\Rightarrow$  streamer tubes  
not needed



Proposal  $\rightarrow$  Summer '99

Mini Boone

I216

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- statistics

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- part. id.

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- bckg control/  
normalization

LSND true

⇒ Mini Boone → Boone ( $\Delta m^2$  studies)

⇒ I216 → JURA ?

In any case

⇒ careful study of  $\nu_\mu - \nu_e$   
for small mixing ( $\Delta m^2 > 0.1 \text{ eV}^2$ )

- Mini Boone → approved → searching for funding
- I216 → Lol → searching for approval

Results in 2002 ?