

SUPERHEAVY DARK MATTER

A. RIOTTO,
CERN-THEORY GROUP

IN COLLABORATION WITH
R. KOLB & D. CHUNG

- PHYS. REV. D59 (1999) 023051
- PHYS. REV. LETT. 81 (1998) 4048
- hep-ph/9809454
- hep-ph/9810361
- SCIENCE (to appear this week)

OUTLINE:

★ WHY DM ?

★ WHO IS THE DM ?



COMMON
CORE :

THERMAL RELICS,
WEAK SCALE PHYSICS



UNBEATEN
PATH :

INDICATED BY
RECENT
DEVELOPMENTS
IN PARTICLE
COSMOLOGY



PANDORA'S
BOX :

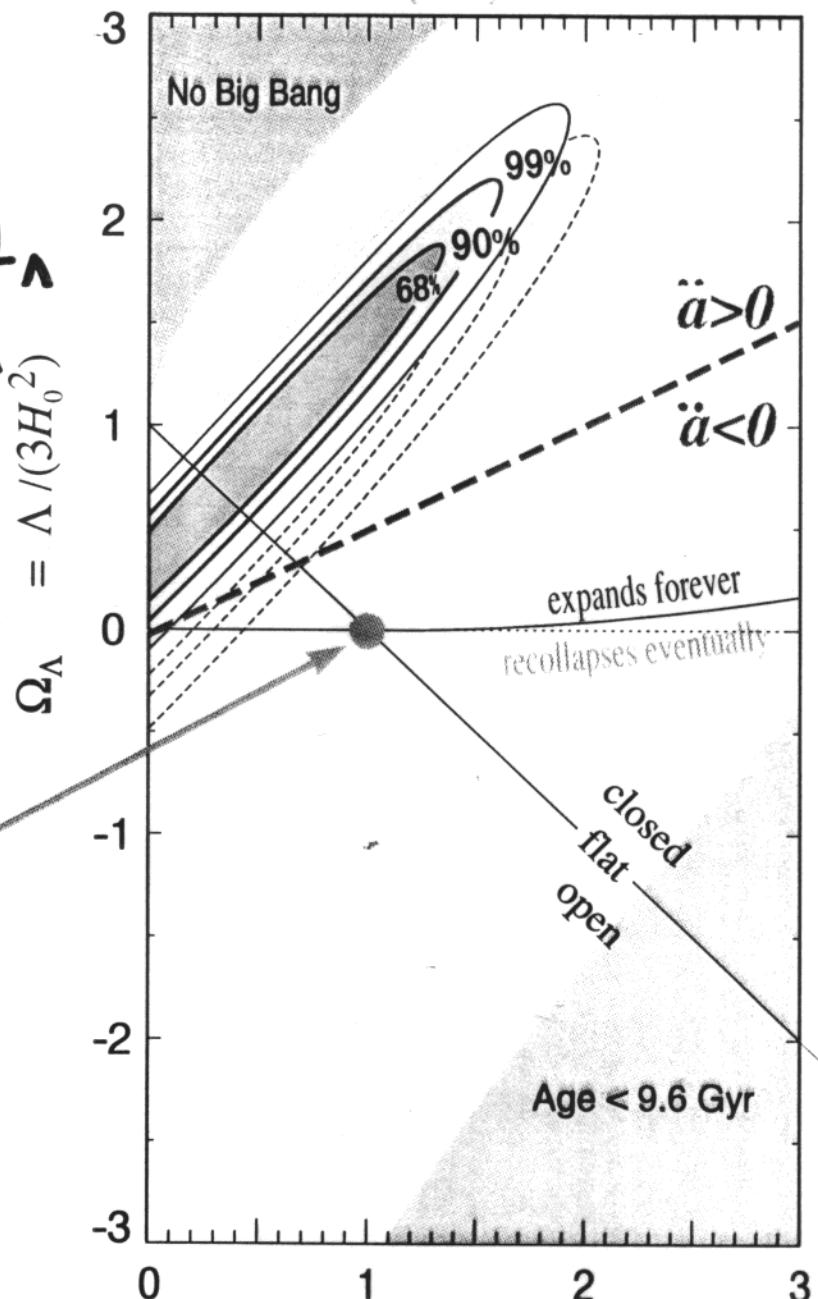
CHARGED DM, STRONGLY INTERACTING
DM, GUT SCALE DM,, UHE COSMIC
RAYS,

$$\Omega_{\Lambda} = 0.7 \quad \Omega_M = 0.3$$

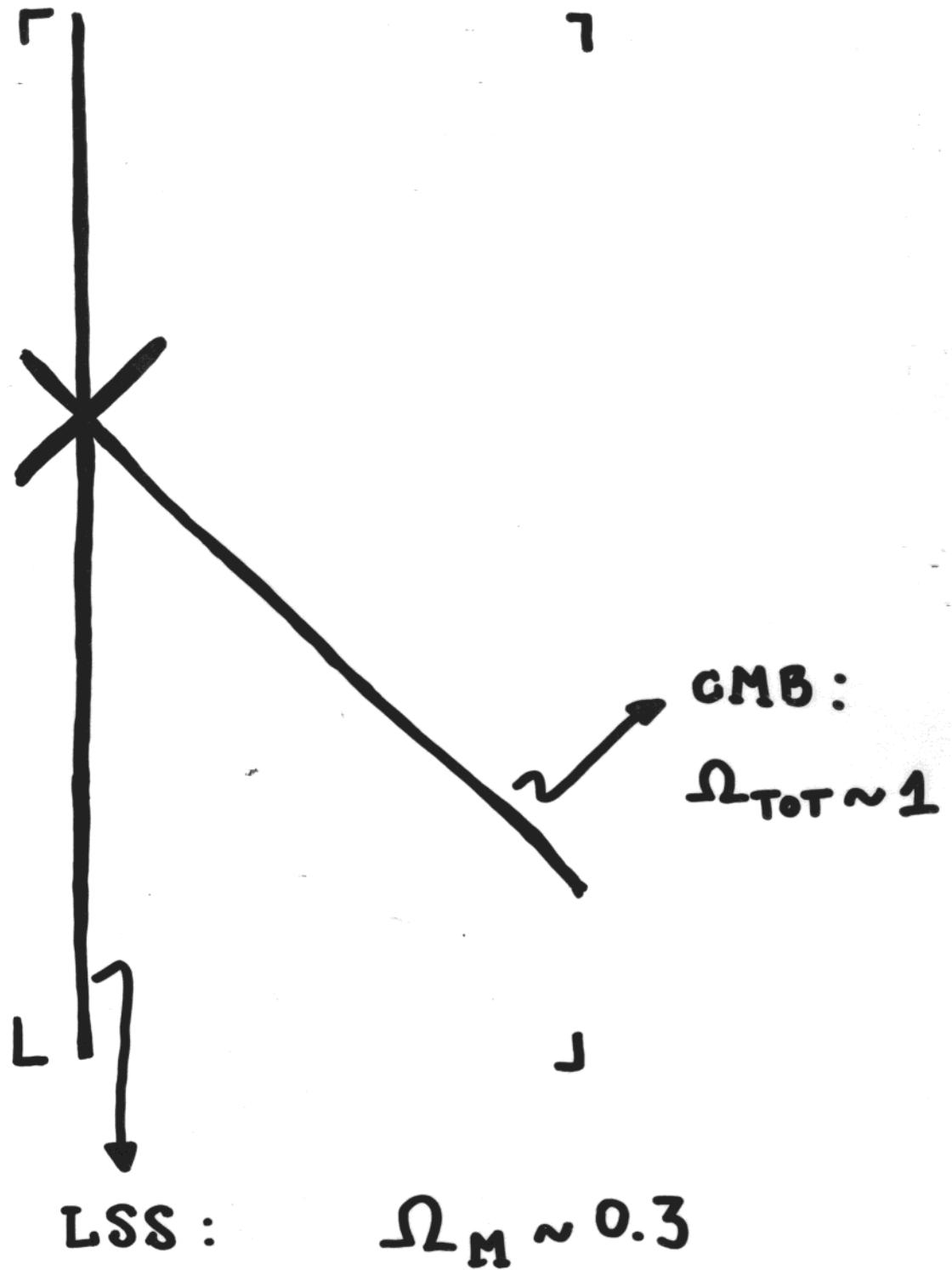
$$q_0 = \Omega_{\text{TOT}} (1 + 3\omega)/2$$

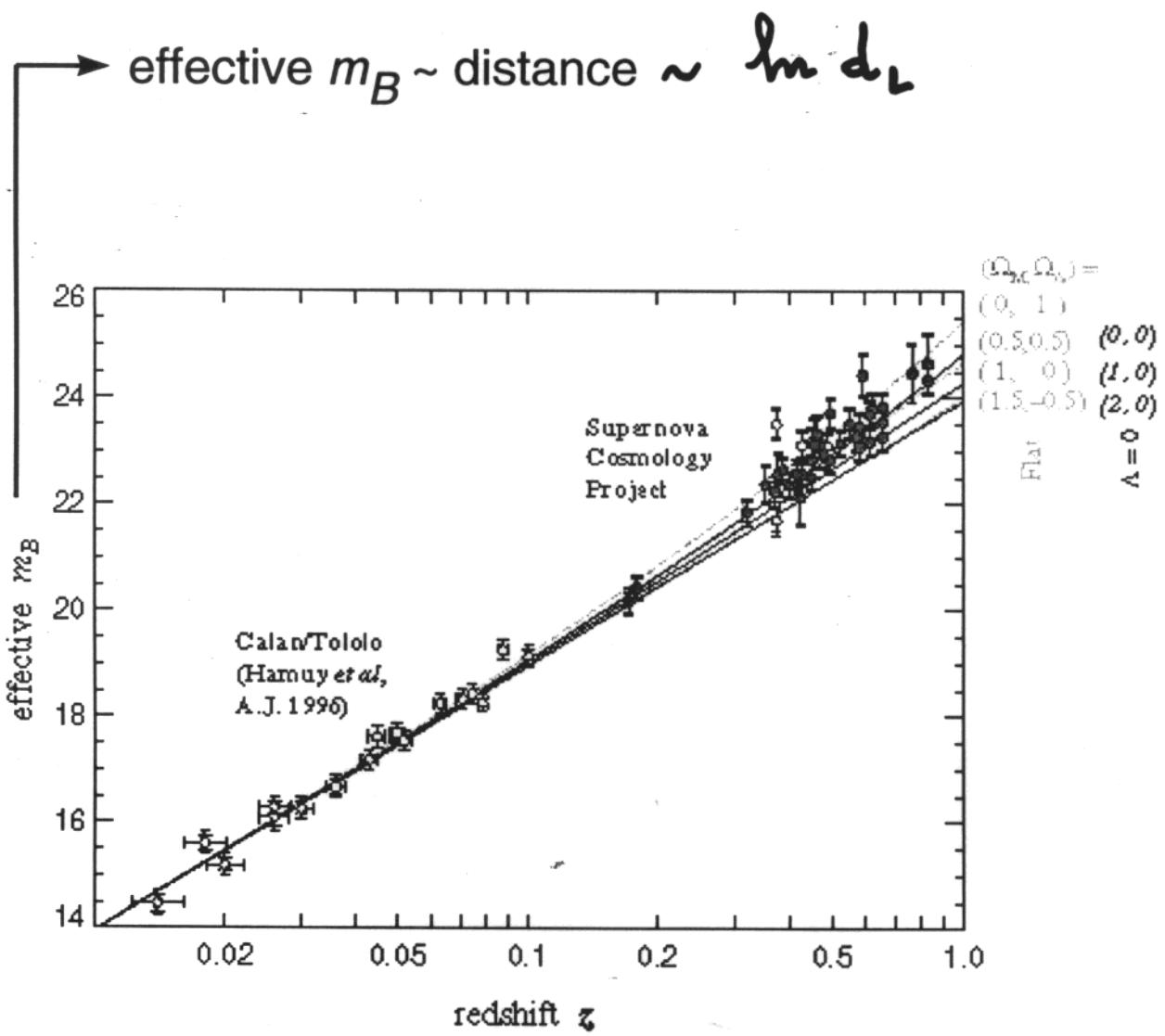
Supernova Cosmology Project
Perlmutter et al. (1998)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{SN: } & \Omega_M - \Omega_\Lambda \\ \text{CMB: } & \Omega_M + \Omega_\Lambda \end{aligned}$$



*Similar results from
High-z supernova team





Perlmutter, et al.

$$H_0 d_L = z + \frac{1}{2} (1 - q_0) z^2 + \dots$$

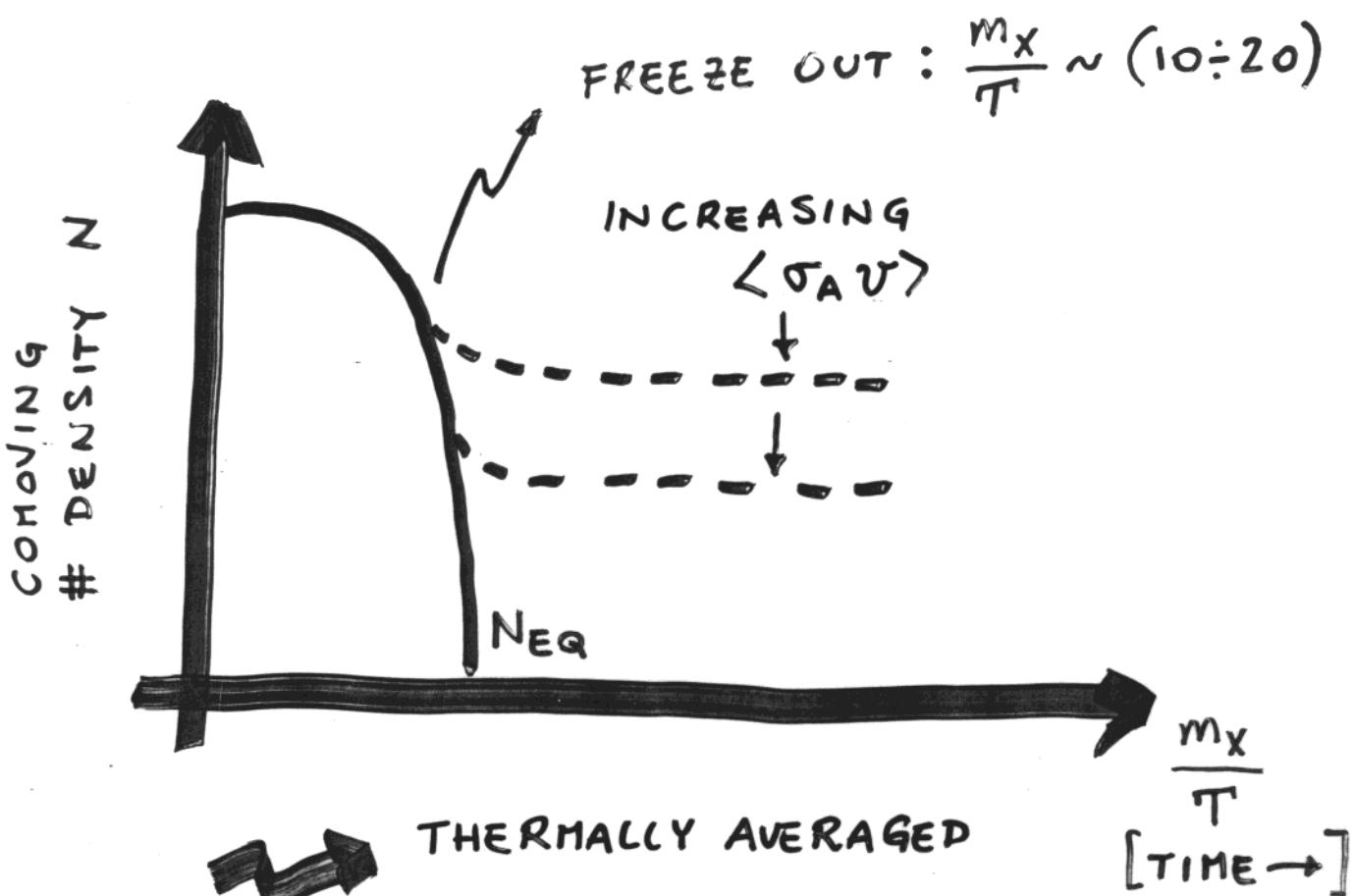
WHO IS THE DM?

- INVISIBLE AXION [AXINOS]
- LIGHT NEUTRINO
- LSP - GRAVITINO
- MAGNETIC MONOPOLES
- PYRGONS
- QUARK NUGGETS
- PRIMORDIAL BLACK HOLES
-
- WHAT IS THE STANDARD-
LORE ?

DM IS A THERMAL RELIC:

THERE EXISTS A NEW, YET UNDISCOVERED STABLE MASSIVE PARTICLE IN THERMAL EQUILIBRIUM

- $T \gg m_X$, $n_X \sim T^3$
- $T \ll m_X$, $n_X \propto e^{-m_X/T}$
- Ω_X IS DETERMINED BY ANNIHILATIONS INTO LIGHTER STATES: $X\bar{X} \rightarrow b\bar{b}$



$$\Gamma_A = \langle \sigma_A (\bar{x}\bar{x} \rightarrow \bar{l}\bar{l}) v \rangle n_x$$

$$H \sim \frac{T^2}{M_{PL}} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \Gamma_A \lesssim H$$

X'S CEASE TO
ANNIHILATE

$$\Omega_{Xh}^2 = \frac{m_x n_x}{\rho_c} \sim \frac{3 \times 10^{-27} \text{ cm}^3 \text{ s}^{-1}}{\langle \sigma_A v \rangle}$$

NICE COINCIDENCE:

$\mathcal{N}(@ \text{FREEZE OUT}) \sim \frac{\text{FRACTION OF}}{c}$

$$\Omega_X h^2 \sim 1 \quad \text{IF} \quad \sigma_A \sim 10^{-9} \text{ GeV}^{-2}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\langle \sigma_{\text{WEAK}} \rangle \simeq \frac{\alpha^2}{m_{\text{WEAK}}^2} \quad \alpha \sim 10^{-2}$$

$$m_{\text{WEAK}} \sim M_Z$$

"THIS COINCIDENCE SUGGESTS THAT IF A NEW,
 YET UNDISCOVERED, MASSIVE PARTICLE WITH
 ELECTROWEAK INTERACTIONS EXISTS, THEN IT
 SHOULD HAVE A RELIC DENSITY $\sim 1 \dots$
 THIS ARGUMENT HAS BEEN THE DRIVING
FORCE BEHIND A VAST EFFORT TO
 DETECT THESE PARTICLES IN THE HALO"

M. KAMIONKOSKI

hep-ph/9710467

MORE FORMALLY:

K. GRIEST
&

M. KAMIONKOSKI
PRL 64 (90) 615

THE ANNIHILATION CROSS SECTION
MUST SATISFY THE UNITARITY
LIMIT:

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sigma_A \leq \pi (2J+1) / p_i^2 \\ p_i^2 = E - m_X^2 \approx m_X^2 v^2 / 4 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\Omega_X h^2 \lesssim 1$$

REMEMBER $\Omega_X \propto \frac{1}{\sigma_A}$

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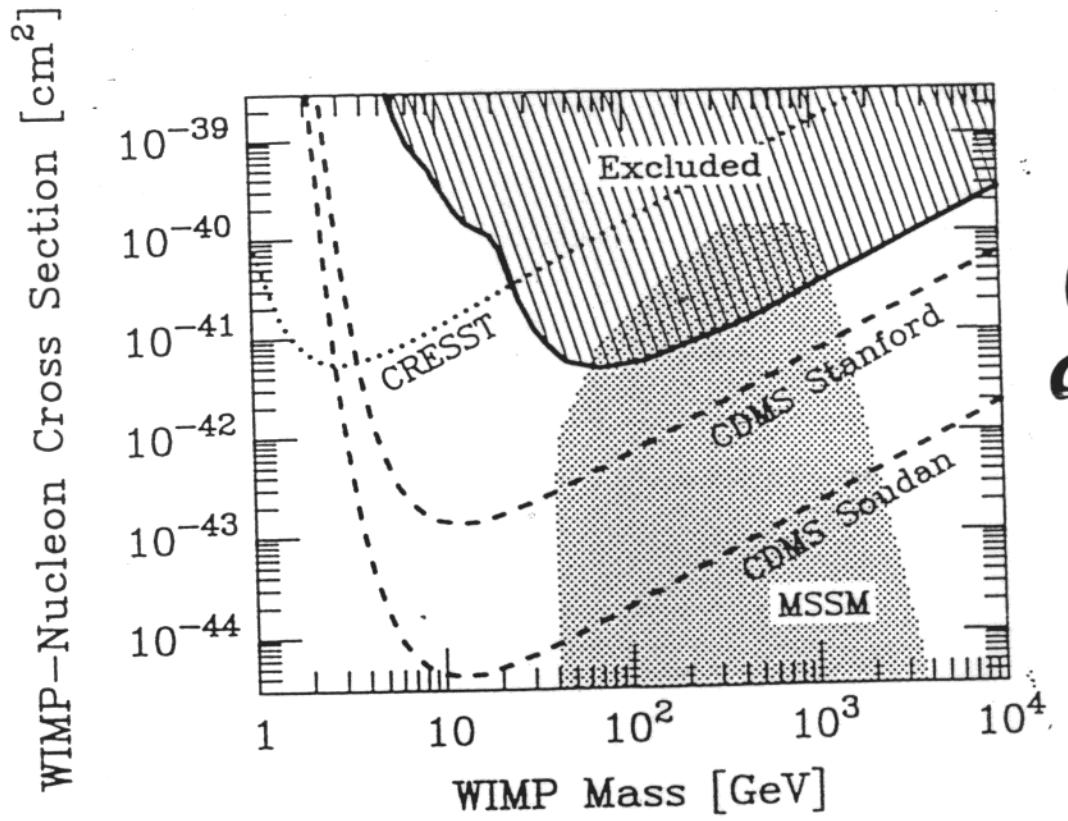
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LOCAL HALO DENSITY

$$\rho \sim 0.3 \text{ GeV cm}^{-3}$$

$$n_X \sim 3 \cdot 10^{-3} \left(\frac{100 \text{ GeV}}{m_X} \right) \text{ cm}^{-3}$$



UV
CUT OFF



IMPLICATIONS:

★ RULES OUT DM WITH
STRONG INTERACTIONS, $\sigma_{XN} \sim 10^{12} \sigma_{WEAK}$

★ RULES OUT CHARGED DM, CHAMP'S
DE RÚJULA,
GLASHOW,
SARID, '89

$$\Omega_{\text{CHAMP}} \lesssim 1$$

↓

$$m_{\text{CHAMP}} \lesssim 10^2 \text{ TeV}$$

G^+ FORM SUPERHEAVY HYDROGEN WHOSE
ABUNDANCE IN NATURAL WATER SHOULD
BE MUCH LARGER THAN THE PRESENT
BOUND

DARK MATTER

may be a



thermal relic:

$\sigma \sim$ weak scale

M_X undetermined

or may be a

A cartoon illustration featuring two large, dark, blob-like characters with faces and hats, positioned on either side of the words "WIMP ZILLA".

**WIMP
ZILLA**

nonthermal relic:

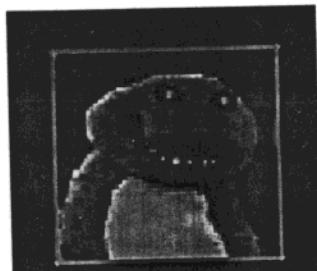
σ undetermined

$M_X \sim H_{\text{end inflation}}$

- Old Dark Matter:



– axions, $m \sim 10^{-5}$ eV.



– WIMP's, $m \sim 100$ GeV.

- New Dark Matter:

– WIMPZILLA's, $m \sim 10^{13}$ GeV.



HST picture of WIMPZILLATM

WimpzillaTM is a registered trademark of Rocky Kolb and Co.

THE KEY POINT:

THE SUPERHEAVY DARK MATTER
IS PRODUCED AT SOME EARLY
EPOCH IN A NON-THERMAL STATE

&

$$\sigma_A \sim \frac{\alpha}{M_X^2}, \quad \Gamma_A \sim n_X \sigma_A \ll H$$

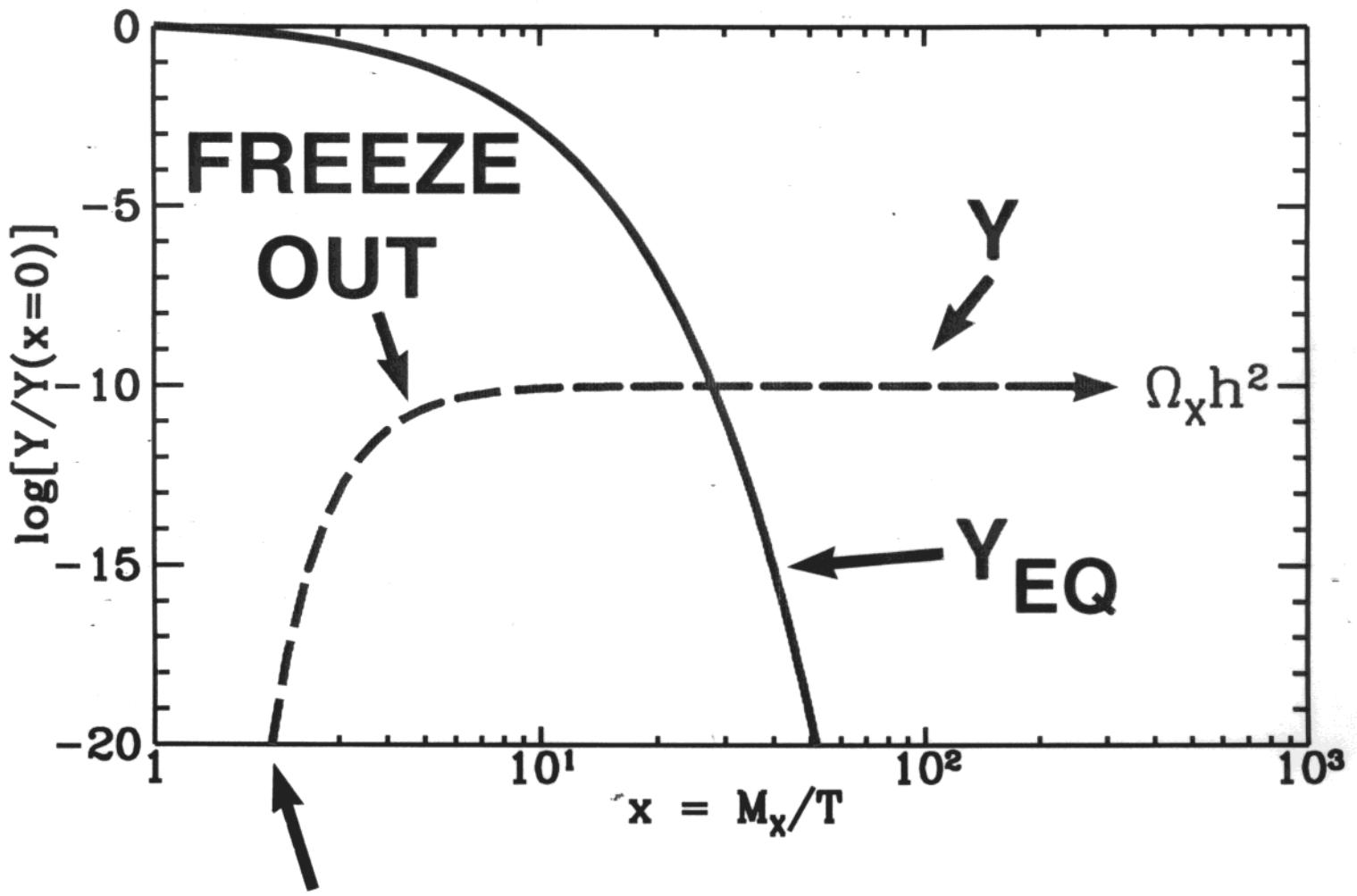


VALID THROUGHOUT ALL THE
HISTORY OF THE UNIVERSE



Ω_X DEPENDS ONLY ON
THE GENERATION
MECHANISM !

NONTHERMAL RELICS



$$Y \equiv \frac{n_X}{s} \ll Y_{EQ} \quad \text{at freeze out}$$

TWO EXAMPLES:

★ PRODUCTION OF NON-THERMAL MASSIVE STATES AT PREHEATING

AFTER INFLATION

$$■ m_X \sim 10^{15} \text{ GeV} ■$$

WITH
A. LINDE,
R. KOLB,
I. TKACHEV

★ PRODUCTION OF NON-THERMAL MASSIVE STATES DURING THE TRANSITION FROM THE DE-SITTER EPOCH (OR INFLATION) TO THE MATTER/RADIATION ERA

$$■ m_X \sim H ■$$

DOES NOT DEPEND ON THE COUPLING BETWEEN X & THE INFLATON(S)

WITH
D.J. CHUNG,
R. KOLB

The Cosmic Symphony (*Harmonee Mundi*)

tempo movement

period.

C

p + 3

prestissimo string

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presso (inflation)

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allegro oscillation

t~10⁻³⁶s

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undante radiation

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Largo

matter

t > 10,000 yr.

100

4

da capo??

PROBLEMS SOLVED BY

(14)

INFLATION

- HOMOGENEITY

- ISOTROPY

- FLATNESS [ENTROPY]

- MONOPOLE PROBLEM

- STRUCTURE FORMATION :

INFLATION PRODUCES FLUCTUATIONS

OF DENSITY WHICH LATER ON

LEAD TO GALAXY FORMATION

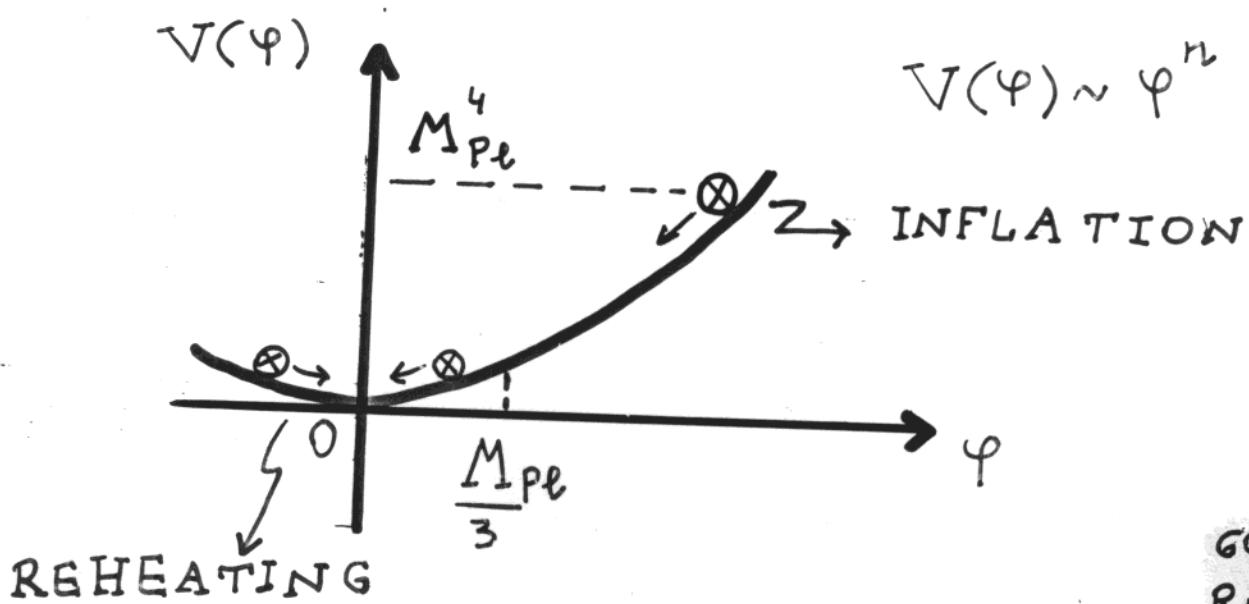
REVIEW BY
D. LYTH &
A.R.
TO BE
PUBLISHED IN PHYS. REPTS.

{ THIS IS AN UNEXPECTED
BY-PRODUCT !

hep-ph/9807454

Simplest model

CHAOTIC
INFLATION



$$V(\varphi) \sim \varphi^n$$

INFLATION

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \ddot{\varphi} + 3H\dot{\varphi} + V'(\varphi) = 0 \\ H^2 \equiv \left(\frac{\dot{a}}{a}\right)^2 = \frac{8\pi}{3M_{Pl}^2} \left[V(\varphi) + \frac{1}{2}\dot{\varphi}^2\right] - \frac{\kappa}{a^2} \end{array} \right.$$

GOES RAPIDLY TO ZERO: $\Omega = 1$

★ SOLUTION FOR $\varphi \gtrsim M_{Pl}$

$a \sim t^{Ht}$

$$H \sim \sqrt{\frac{8\pi}{3}} M_{Pl}^{-1} V^{1/2}(\varphi)$$

★ TYPICAL INFLATION:



$$\frac{a_f}{a_i} \approx 10^{10^{12}}$$

$$10^{-33} \text{ cm} \times 10^{10^{12}} \approx 10^{10^{12}} \text{ cm}$$

THE PART OF THE
UNIVERSE WE SEE
TODAY IS $\sim 10^{28} \text{ cm}$

AT THE END OF INFLATION:

- NO PARTICLES AROUND
- ZERO ENTROPY DENSITY
- NO TOPOLOGICAL DEFECTS
- ZERO TEMPERATURE
- ENERGY STORED IN THE INFLATON FIELD

REHEATING REHEATING STANDARD BIG-BANG THEORY

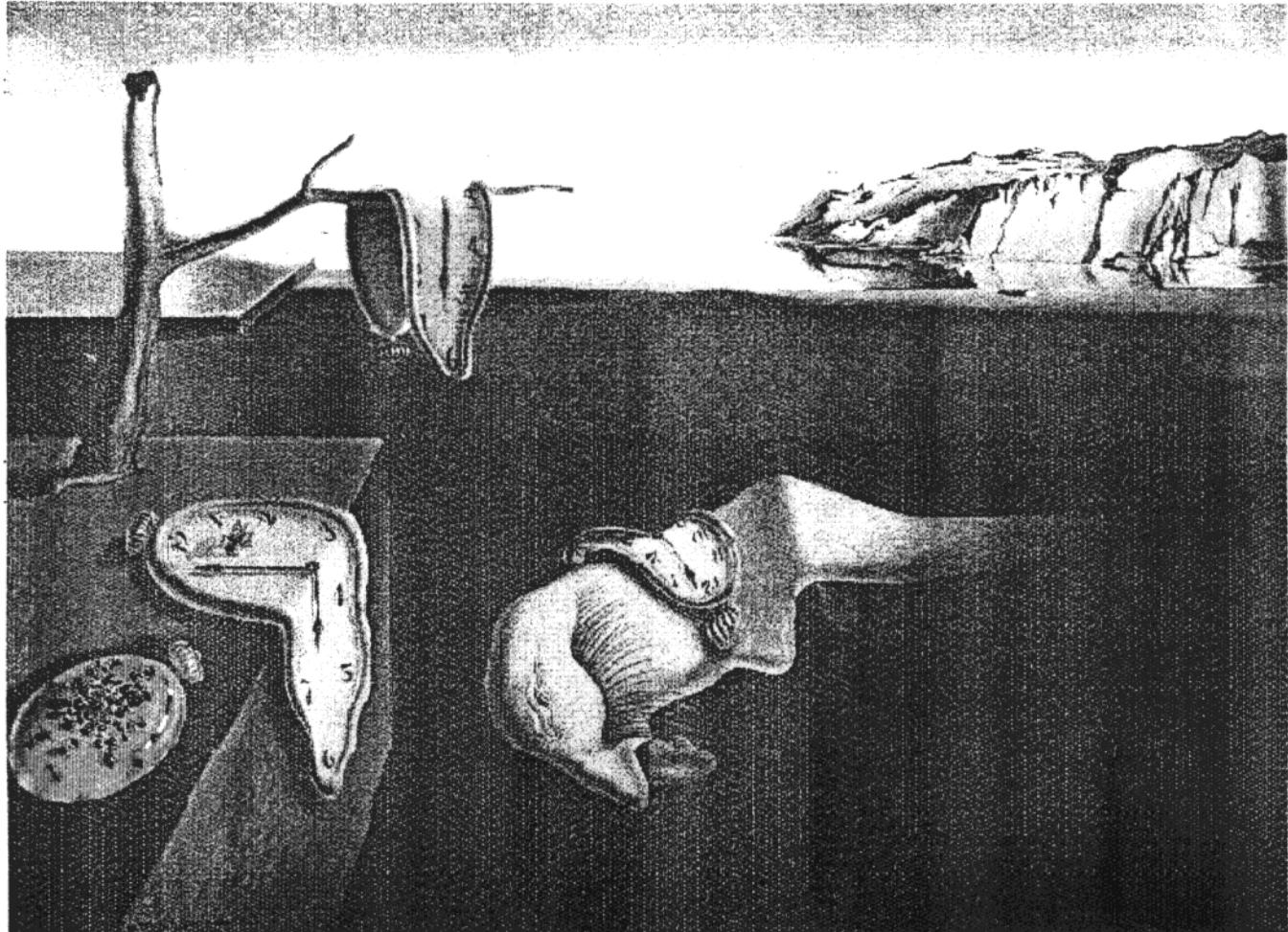
- PARTICLES AROUND
- NON-ZERO ENTROPY DENSITY
- THERMAL BATH
- ENERGY STORED IN THE THERMAL BATH

Gravitational production of dark matter at the end of inflation

Dan Chung, Rocky Kolb & Toni Riotto: hep-ph/9802238
(also Vadim Kuzmin & Igor Tkachev: hep-ph/9802304)

- **generic**
(gravity is pretty generic)
- **independent of interaction strength**
(strongly interacting to noninteracting)
- **M about 10^{12} GeV**
(could be less---perhaps much less---but not much more)

Conformal Time



$$ds^2 = a^2(\eta) [d\eta^2 - d\vec{x}^2]$$

$$a^2(\eta)d\eta^2 = dt^2$$

ANALOGY
electric field

Consider scalar field X of mass M_X

$$X(\mathbf{x}) = \int \frac{d^3k}{(2\pi)^{3/2}a(\eta)} \left[a_k h_k(\eta) e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{x}} + a_k^\dagger h_k^*(\eta) e^{-i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{x}} \right]$$

Mode equation ($\eta = \text{conformal time}$)

$$h_k''(\eta) + \left[k^2 + M_X^2 a^2 + (6\xi - 1) \frac{a''}{a} \right] h_k(\eta) = 0$$

$$h_k''(\eta) + \omega_k^2(\eta) h_k(\eta) = 0$$

Particle creation in nonadiabatic region

particle creation proportional to $\frac{\omega'_k}{\omega}$

Boundary Conditions

Inflation $\rightarrow a_i; \eta_i \rightarrow$ Matter/Rad.

Initial conditions early in inflation

$$\frac{a}{a_i} = \frac{1}{1 + H_V a_i (\eta_i - \eta)}$$

$$-\infty < \eta < \eta_i$$

Transition to matter/radiation era

$$\frac{a}{a_i} = \left(\frac{\eta}{\eta_i} \right)^2$$

matter

$$\frac{a}{a_i} = \left(\frac{\eta}{\eta_i} \right)$$

radiation

$$\eta_i < \eta < \infty$$

No-particle state in past

$$h_k^0 \longrightarrow a_k^0 \quad a_k^0 |0\rangle = 0$$

$h_k(\eta)$ evolves as $\omega_k(\eta)$ changes

Bogoliubov transformation:

$$h_k = \alpha_k h_k^0 + \beta_k h_k^{0*}$$

$$a_k = \alpha_k a_k^0 - \beta_k a_k^{0\dagger}$$

Particle creation

$$N_k = \langle 0 | a_k^\dagger a_k | 0 \rangle \propto |\beta_k|^2$$

Solve wave equation

$$h_k''(\eta) + \omega_k^2(\eta)h_k(\eta) = 0$$

$$\omega_k^2(\eta) = k^2 + M_X^2 a^2(\eta)$$

$$h_k^0 = 1/\sqrt{2\omega_k^0} \quad h_k^{0'} = -i\sqrt{\omega_k^0/2}$$

Bogoliubov coefficient

$$|\beta_k|^2 = \frac{|h_k'|^2 + \omega_k^2 |h_k|^2 - \omega_k}{2\omega_k}$$

Number density proportional to

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{dk}{2\pi^2} k^2 |\beta_k(\infty, -\infty)|^2$$

Solve wave equation

$$h_k''(\eta) + \omega_k^2(\eta)h_k(\eta) = 0$$

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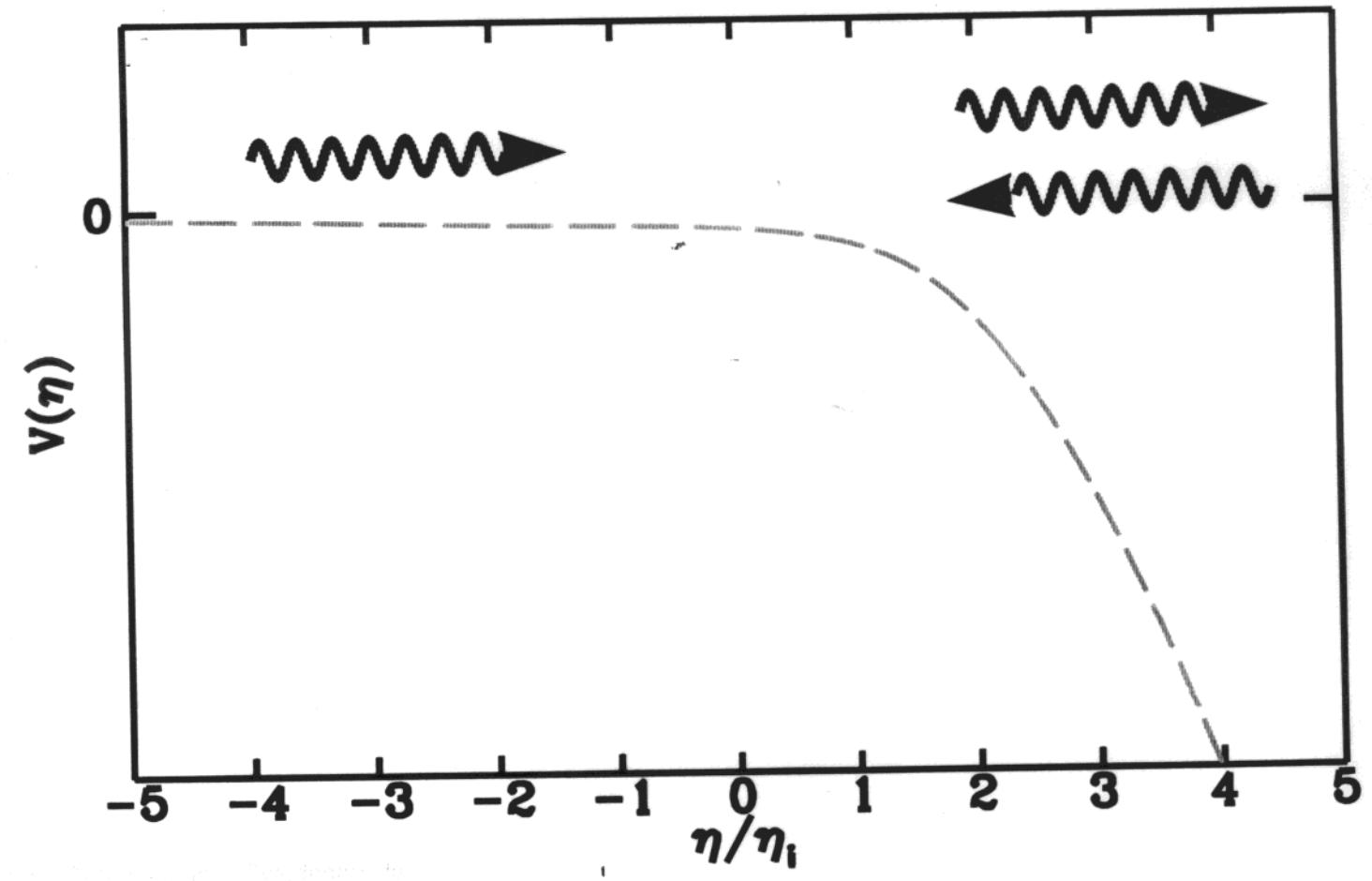
Mode Equation:

$$h_{\tilde{k}}''(\tilde{\eta}) + \left(\tilde{k}^2 + \frac{M_X^2}{H_i^2} \tilde{a}^2 \right) h_{\tilde{k}}(\tilde{\eta}) = 0$$

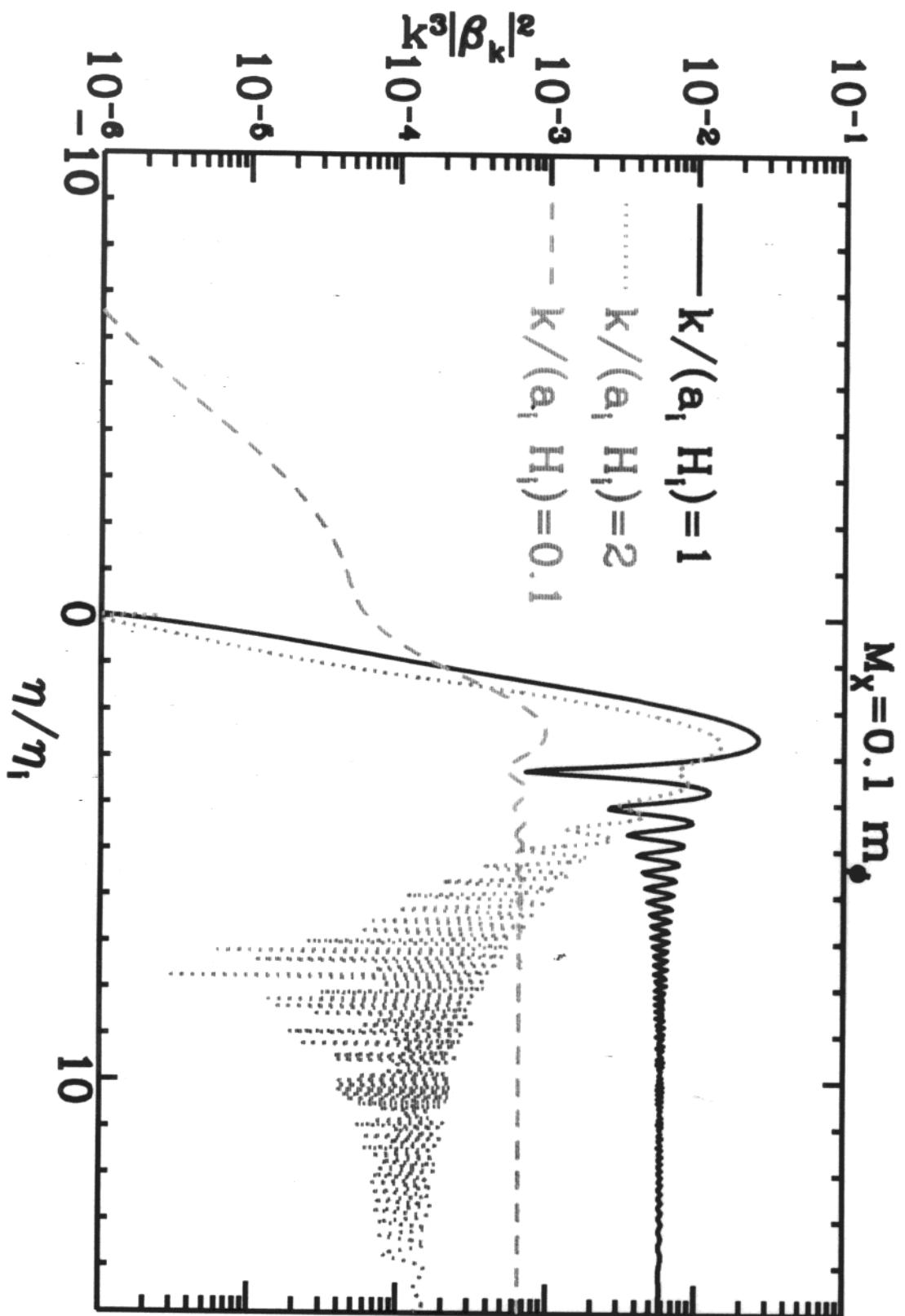
$$\rightarrow x ; \quad h_{\tilde{k}}(\tilde{\eta}) \rightarrow \psi(x) ; \quad \tilde{k}^2 \rightarrow E ; \quad \frac{M_X^2}{H_i^2} \tilde{a}^2 \rightarrow -V(x)$$

Wave Equation:

$$-\frac{\partial^2 \psi(x)}{\partial x^2} + V(x)\psi(x) = E\psi(x)$$

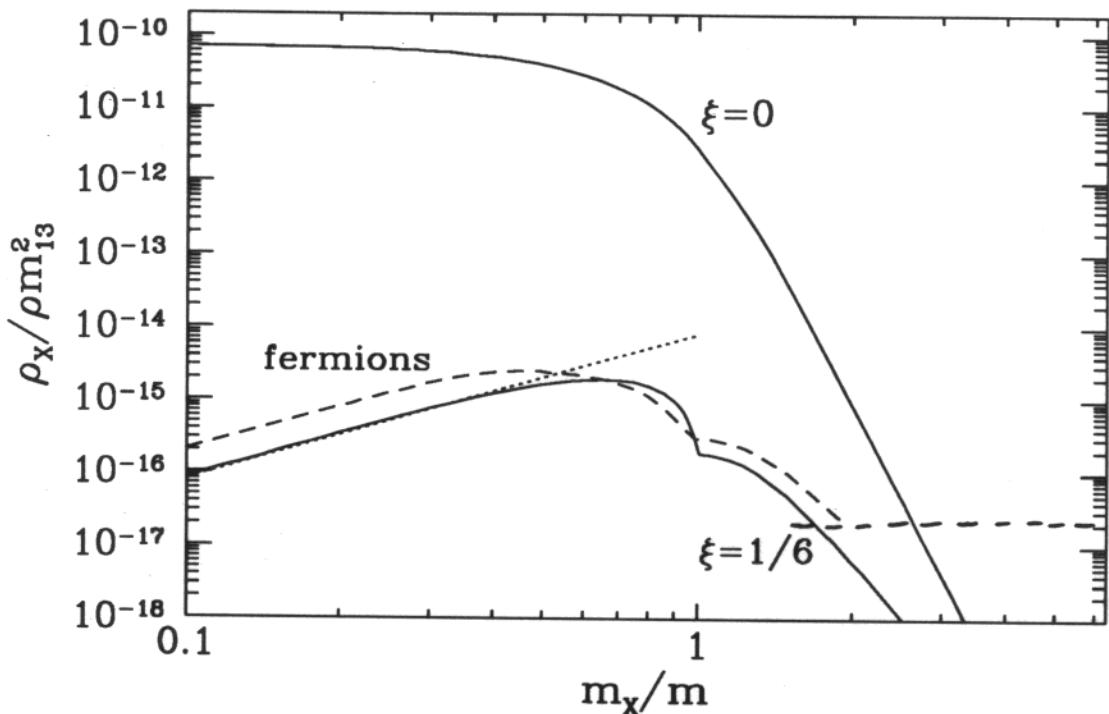


Action at transition out of inflation ($\eta/\eta_i \sim 1$) Particles produced with momentum $k \sim aH$



INFLATIONARY COSMOLOGY

There is no singularity and Hubble constant is limited, $H < m_\phi$, in inflationary cosmology. Production of particles with $m_X > H \sim 10^{13}$ GeV has to be suppressed.



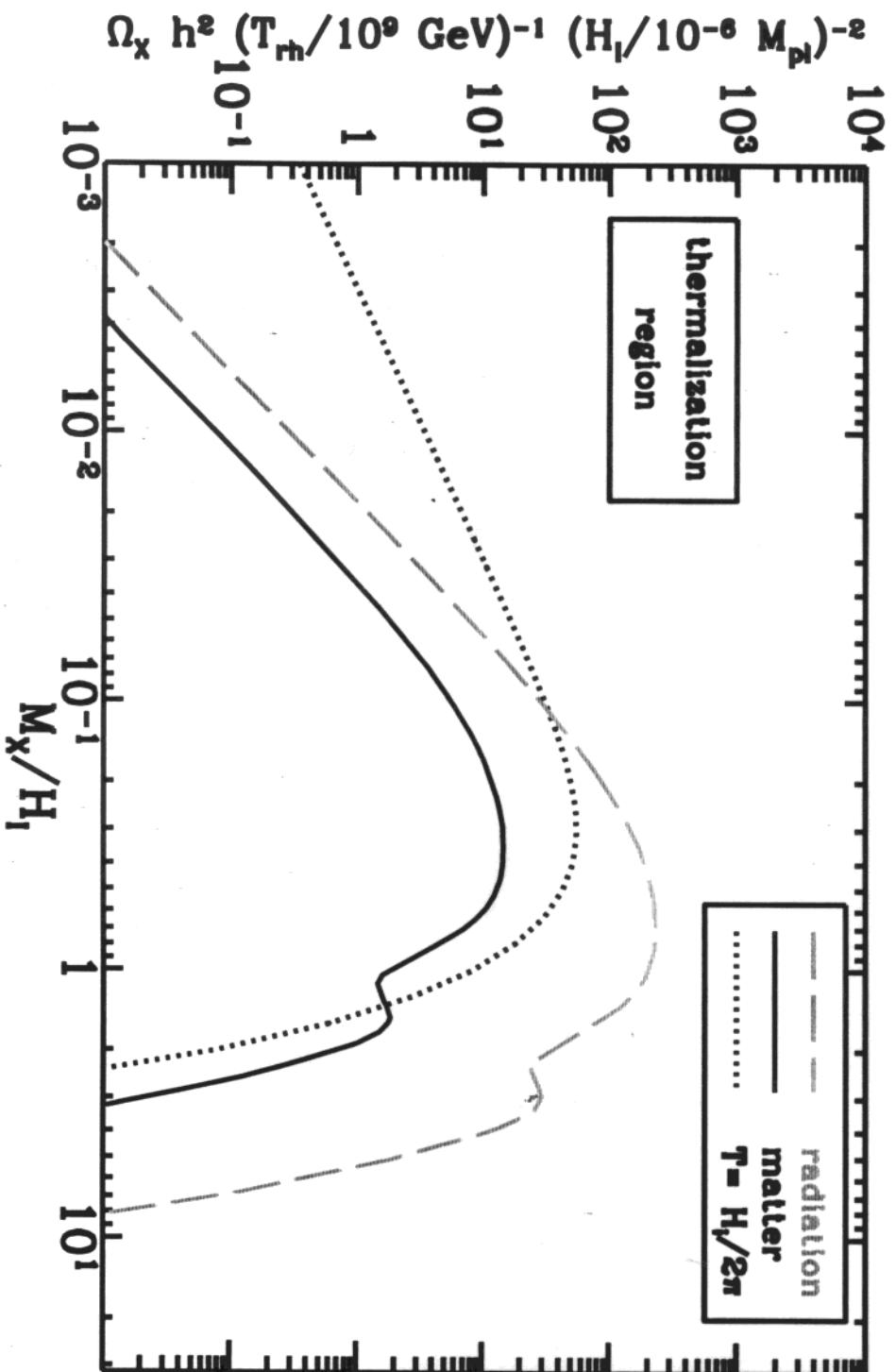
Ratio of the energy density in X -particles to the total energy density at late times in a model with the massive inflaton, $V(\phi) = m^2\phi^2/2$. We defined $m_{13} \equiv m/10^{13}$ GeV. The dotted line is the Friedmann cosmology asymptotic.

To find the present day $\Omega_X h^2$ multiply this Fig. by

$$1.8 \times 10^{17} (T_*/\gamma 10^9 \text{ GeV}) m_{13}^2$$

ISSUES:

behavior of $a(\eta)$ (smooth or not)?
transition to matter-dominated or radiation-dominated?
thermalization?



Conclusions

Gravitational production of dark matter at the end of inflation

- **generic**
(gravity is pretty generic)
- **independent of interaction strength**
(strongly interacting to noninteracting)
- **M about 10^{12} GeV**
(could be less---perhaps much less---but not much more)

Implications and search strategy

Alvaro deRujula, Gian Giudice, Rocky Kolb & Toni Riotto:
work in progress

Wimpzilla Footprint:



*Interaction strength: charged,
hadronic, noninteracting?*

UNDERGROUND
DETECTORS $M_X \gtrsim 10^{10}$ GeV

Stability: stable, or decay (cryptons)
→ *UHE cosmic rays?*

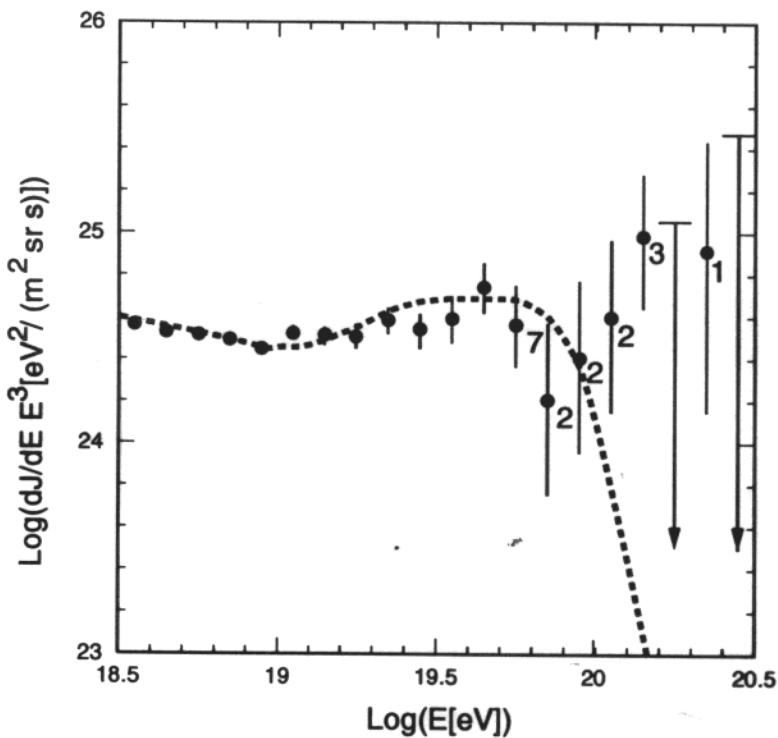
Indirect detection?

GREISEN-ZATSEPIN-KUZ'MIN CUTOFF

UHECR protons or neutrons propagating in microwave background loose energy in photopion production, e.g., $p\gamma \rightarrow p\pi^0$. The mean free path is ≈ 5 Mpc. Detection of 3×10^{20} eV proton would require source within ~ 50 Mpc.

However, events above the cutoff were observed (!) by Yakutsk, Haverah Park, Fly's Eye and AGASA collaborations.

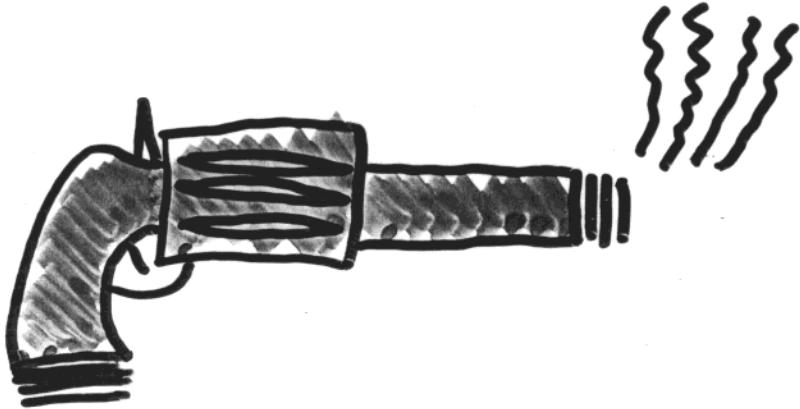
AGASA data set, February 1990 – October 1997,
adapted from M. Takeda et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. **81**, 1163-1166 (1998):



The dashed curve represents the spectrum expected for extragalactic sources distributed uniformly in the Universe.

No candidate sources are found in the directions of six 10^{20} eV events.

SMOKING GUN ?



★ SUPPOSE THAT SUPERHEAVY DARK MATTER IS IN OUR GALAXY

★ THE EARTH IS ~ 8.5 Kpc FROM THE CENTRE OF OUR GALAXY



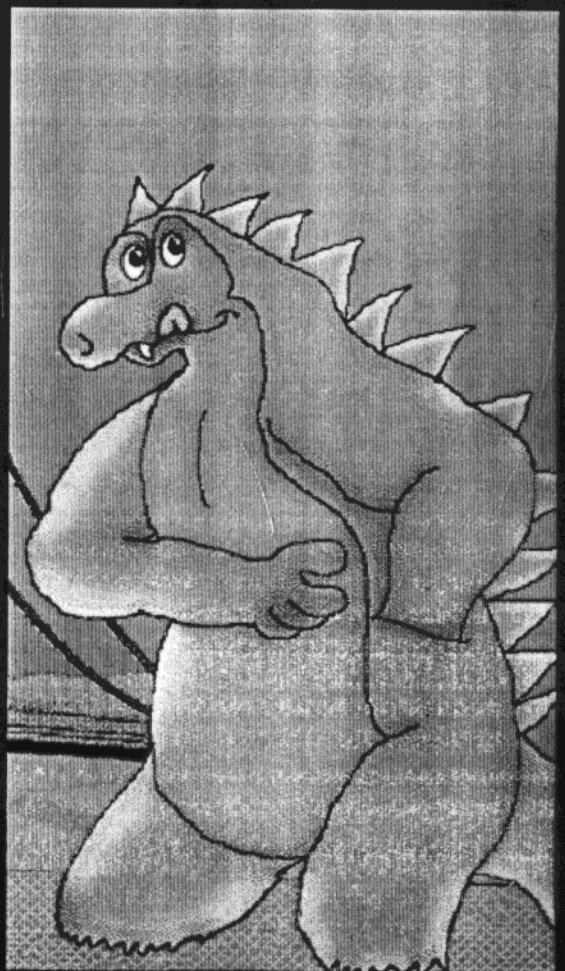
THE FLUX OF UHE COSMIC RAYS HAS
~ 20% EXCESS TOWARDS THE CENTRE
OF OUR GALAXY !

THE PIERRE AUGER
PROJECT WILL DO
THE JOB

DARK MATTER MAY BE A **WIMPZILLA**

**SIZE
DOES
MATTER**

**$M_x =$
 10^{12} GeV?**



DEFINE

$$\rho_c \equiv 3 H_0^2 / 8\pi G_N$$
$$\approx h^2 10^{-29} \text{ g cm}^{-3}$$

$$H_0 \equiv h 100 \text{ km s}^{-1} \text{ Mpc}^{-1}$$
$$0.4 \leq h \leq 0.8$$

$$\Omega_i \equiv \frac{\rho_i}{\rho_c}$$

EX:

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \Omega_B : \text{IN BARYONS} \\ \Omega_M : \text{IN MATTER} \\ \Omega_V : \text{IN VACUUM} \end{array} \right\}$$

WHY DM?

■ DYNAMICAL EVIDENCE

■ ROTATION CURVES OF SPIRAL GALAXIES:

$\Omega_{\text{LUM}} \lesssim 0.01$, BUT $\Omega_{\text{HALO}} \gtrsim 0.1$

■ CLUSTERS OF

GALAXIES: $\Omega_M \sim 0.3$

$$\gg \Omega_{\text{LUM}}$$

■ BIG-BANG NUCLEOSYNTHESIS

THE PREDICTED LIGHT-ELEMENT ABUNDANCES DEPEND ON

$$\eta \equiv n_B/n_g \text{ or } \Omega_B h^2 \approx 3.7 \cdot 10^{-3} \left(\frac{\eta}{10^{-10}} \right)$$

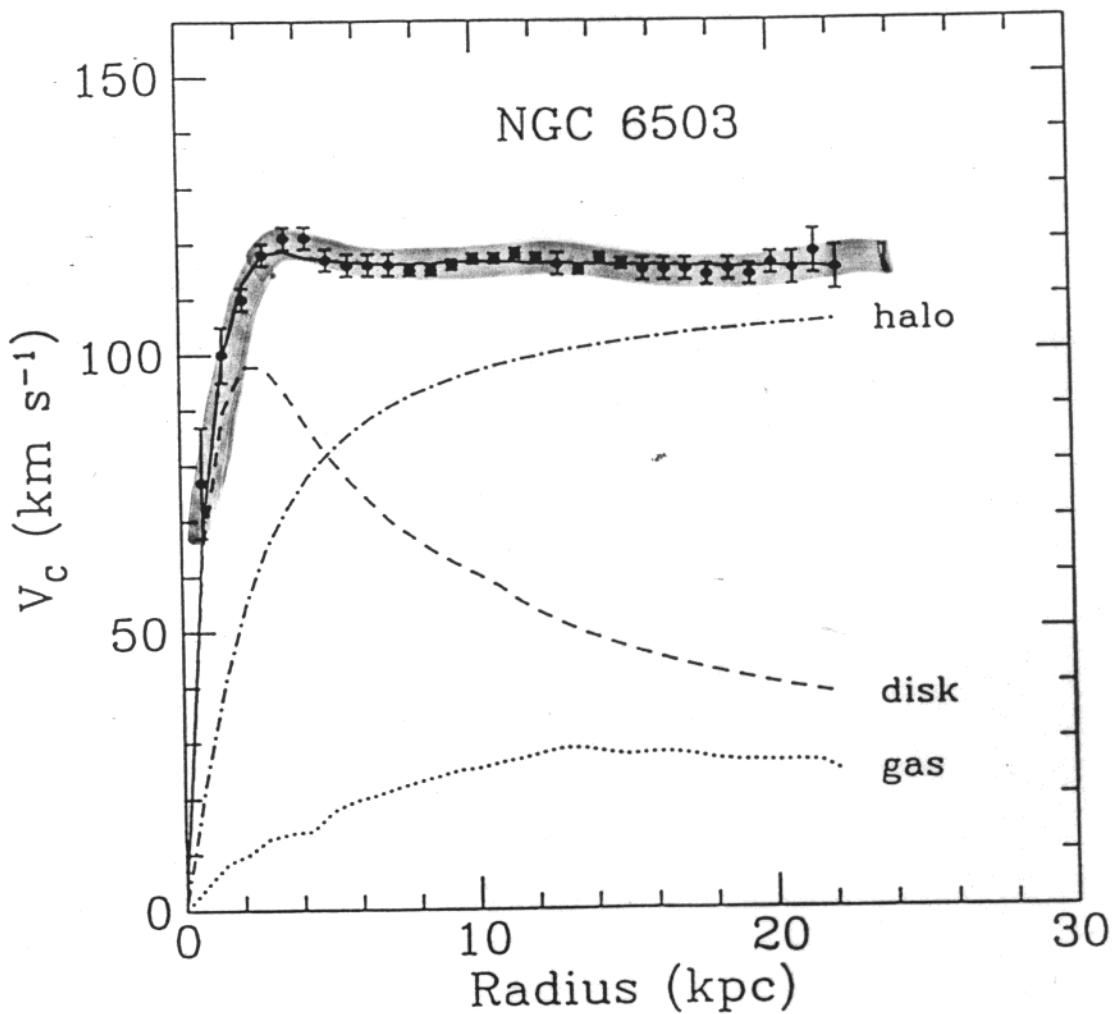
$$\langle 0.005 \leq \Omega_B h^2 \leq 0.024 \rangle$$

SURFACE LUMINOSITY OF THE DISK

$$I(r) = I_0 e^{-r/r_D} \Rightarrow V_{\text{rot}} \propto r^{-1/2}$$

BUT $V_{\text{rot}}(r)$ IS FLAT!

RADIO OBSERVATIONS:

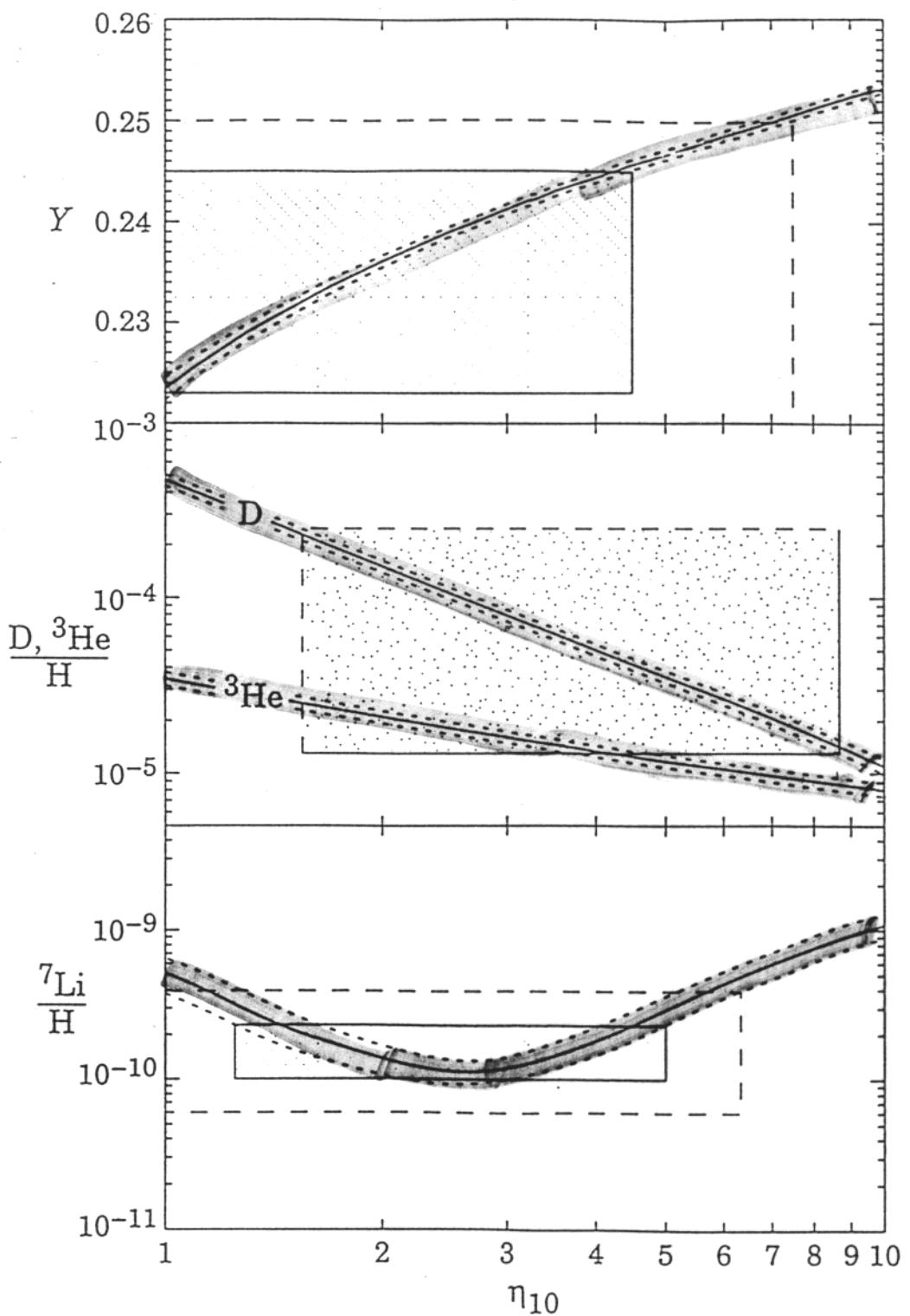


$$r_D = 1.73 \text{ kpc}$$

NGC 6503

LIGHT-ELEMENT ABUNDANCES FROM BBN

$1.5 \lesssim \eta_{10} \lesssim 6.3$



THE SUPERHEAVY DARK MATTER MUST BE STABLE:

- ★ N=1 SUSY $SU(4) \otimes SU(2)_L \otimes SU(2)_R$ FROM
WEAKLY COUPLED HETEROtic SUPERSTRING,
LEONTARIS & RIZOS, hep-ph/9901098
- ★ DISCRETE GAUGE SYMMETRIES, YANAGIBA et al.
hep-ph/9809426
- ★ GAUGE MEDIATION & SUSY, T.HAN et al.
hep-ph/9804228
- ★ "CRYPTONS" FROM STRING and M-THEORY,
J.ELLIS et al./ hep-ph/9803333;
hep-ph/980546
- ★....
**OR NEARLY
STABLE ...**

NONLTE:

radiation-dominated at freezeout: T_F

$$H^2 = \rho_\gamma(T_F)/M_{Pl}^2 = T_F^4/M_{Pl}^2$$

$$\frac{\Omega_X}{\Omega_\gamma} = \frac{M_X n_X(T_F)}{\rho_\gamma(T_F)} \frac{T_F}{T_0}$$

interaction rate << expansion rate

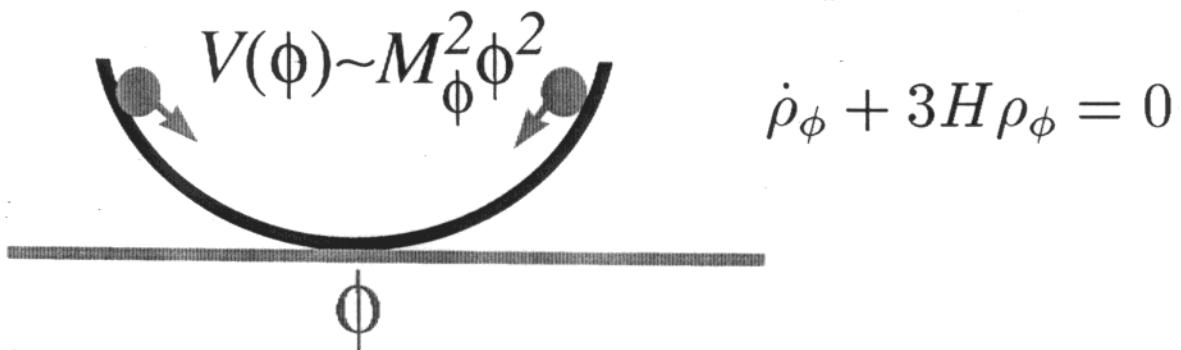
$$\frac{n_X(T_F) \langle \sigma_A |v| \rangle}{H(T_F)} = \frac{\Omega_X}{\Omega_\gamma} \frac{T_0 M_{Pl} T_F}{M_X} \langle \sigma_A |v| \rangle \ll 1$$

safe limits: $\langle \sigma_A |v| \rangle < M_X^{-2}$ $\Omega_X < 1$

$$\left(\frac{200 \text{ TeV}}{M_X} \right)^2 \left(\frac{T_F}{M_X} \right) \ll 1$$

The End of Inflation

- After inflation universe frozen



- Reheating (ca. early 1980s)

*incoherent, nonresonant, linear
decay of inflaton field*

$$\dot{\rho}_\phi + 3H\rho_\phi + \Gamma_\phi \rho_\phi = 0$$

$$\dot{\rho}_R + 4H\rho_\phi - \Gamma_\phi \rho_\phi = 0$$

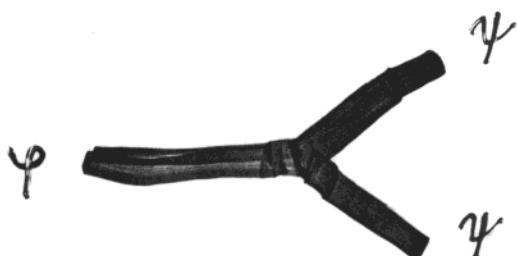
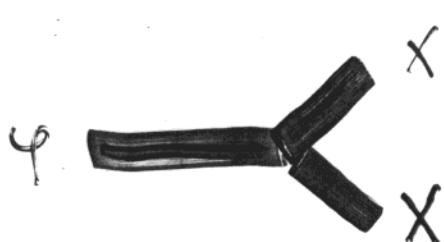
- Preheating (ca. mid 1990s)

*coherent, resonant, nonlinear
particle production*

OLD PICTURE: $m_\varphi \sim 10^{13} \text{ GeV}$

$$V(\varphi) = \frac{1}{2} m_\varphi^2 \varphi^2 + h \varphi \bar{\psi} \psi + \frac{1}{2} g^2 \varphi^2 X^2$$

WHEN $\varphi \lesssim M_{\text{PL}}$, ENERGY IS TRANSFERRED
TO THE PARTICLES ψ & X



INFLATION

$$m_X, m_\varphi < 10^{13} \text{ GeV}$$

CLASSICAL SCALAR FIELD,
COLLECTION OF SEPARATE
PARTICLES DECAYING
INDEPENDENTLY

ONCE PRODUCED, PARTICLES START
THERMALIZING &

$$T_R \sim 0.1 \sqrt{\Gamma_\varphi} M_{\text{PL}}$$

Γ_φ ≡ INFLATION DECAY
RATE

Production of massive particles in reheating

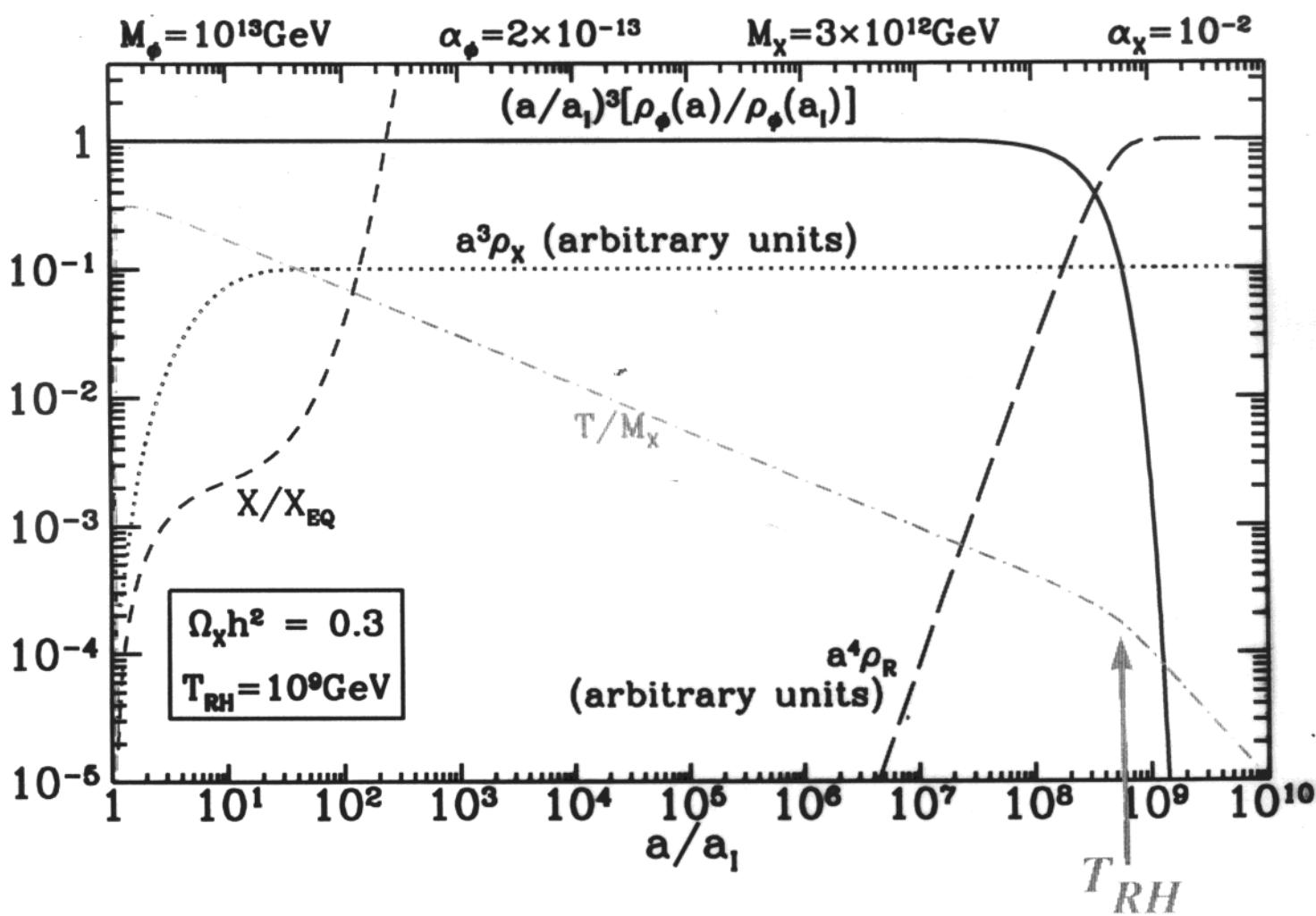
Chung, Kolb & Riotto '98

ϕ = inflaton $\Gamma_\phi = \alpha_\phi M_\phi$

X = wimpzilla $\langle \sigma |v| \rangle = \frac{\alpha_X}{M_X^2}$

$$\Omega_X h^2 = \alpha_X \left(\frac{2000 T_{RH}}{M_X} \right)^7$$

not
 $\exp(-M_X/T_{RH})!$



NEW WISDOM: $g^2 X^2 \varphi^2$

LINDE,
HOFMAN,
STAROBINSKY,
'92

THE EQUATION OF MOTION FOR
THE BOSON X LEADS TO PARAMETRIC
RESONANCE:

$$\ddot{X}_K + 3H\dot{X}_K + \left[\frac{\vec{K}^2}{a^2} + g^2 \varphi_0^2 \sin^2(m_\varphi t) \right] X_K = 0$$

↓

■ MATHIEU EQUATION ■

$$\ddot{X}_K + [A(q) - 2q \cos 2z] X_K = 0$$

$$A(q) \equiv \frac{\vec{K}^2}{a^2 m_\varphi^2} + 2q$$

$$q \equiv g^2 \varphi_0^2 / 4m_\varphi^2 \gg 1$$

$$z \equiv m_\varphi t$$

STIMULATED
DECAY

■ EXPONENTIAL INSTABILITY: $X_K \sim e^{\mu_K^{(n)} z}$

■ EXPLOSIVE STAGE: $n_{X_K} \sim e^{2\mu_K^{(n)} z}$

GAS OF NON-INTERACTING & NON-THERMAL
BOSONS, $n_X/E_X^3 \ggg 1$, PREHEATING
ERA



PREHEATING OR DEFROSTING?

"I AM SURE ROCKY WILL USE IT IN ONE OF HIS BRILLIANT TALKS, BUT I ASSOCIATE IT WITH FROZEN CHICKEN BREASTS, WHICH I CANNOT STAND...."

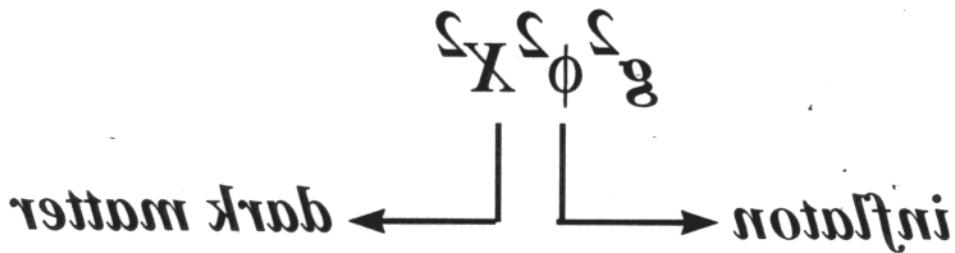
A. LINDE ABOUT "DEFROSTING"

"TONI,
HOW DO YOU SAY IN ITALIAN
I BREAK YOUR LEGS?"

R. KOLB

Preheating Relics

- deflating may include a period of "preheating"



- can massive ($M_\phi < M_X$) bosons be made? YES!

Kolp, Linde, Riotto (PRD 96)

Kolp, Riotto, Trujillo (PRD 97)

But

BARYOGENESIS!

- coherent process: $\bar{X} X \rightarrow \phi \bar{\phi}$

$\sim g M_p M_\phi \sim 10^{16} \text{ GeV}$

$10^{16} \text{ GeV} \leftarrow \rightarrow 10^{13} \text{ GeV}$

SUSY
BREAKING!
ANDREAS
TERRAF.
A.G.

- GUT scale is the geometric mean of

inflation mass and Planck mass

- g can't be too small

- g can't be too large (unless SUSY)

- details in Dan Chung's thesis (wimzillas $\sim 10^3 M_\phi$)

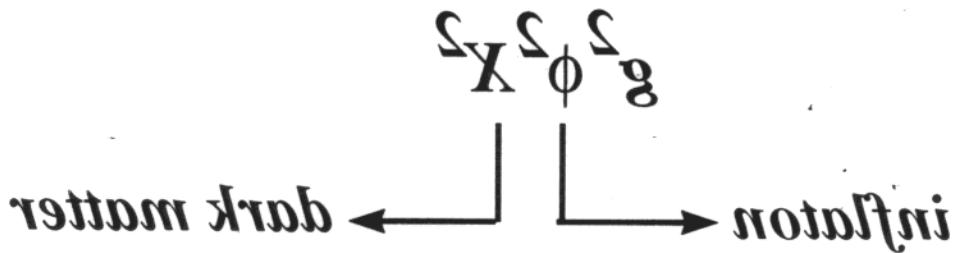
"RECENT PROGRESS IN BARYOGENESIS"

H.T. RODDEN & A.G., hep-ph/0010135, to be

published in Ann. Rev. Nucl. Part. Sci. 2001

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ONCE PRODUCED, X's DO NOT
ANNIHILATE SINCE

$$\Gamma_A \sim n_X \sigma_A \sim \frac{\rho_X}{m_X^{\text{EFF}}} \frac{\alpha}{(m_X^{\text{EFF}})^2} \ll H \sim m_\varphi$$

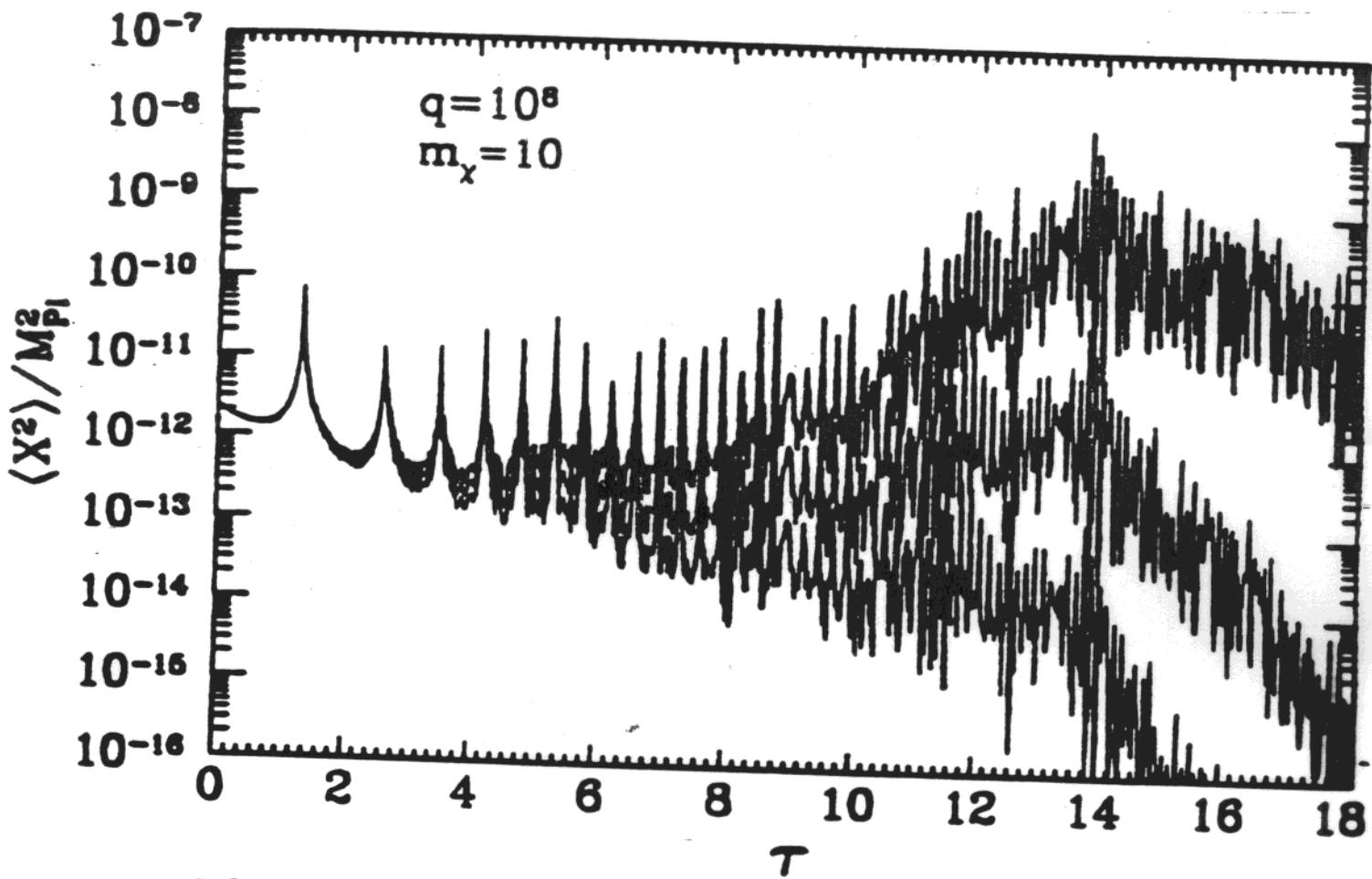
THE ENERGY DENSITY OF THE UNIVERSE
IS DOMINATED BY QUANTA OF THE INFLATON
 φ CREATED DURING RESCATTERING, UNTIL
THEY DECAY AND REHEAT THE UNIVERSE
AT TEMPERATURE T_R

$$\Omega_X h^2 \underset{\text{TODAY}}{\sim} 10^{+10} \left[\frac{T_R}{10^2 \text{ GeV}} \right] \frac{\rho_X(t_e)}{\rho_\varphi(t_e)}$$

$t_e \equiv$ TIME OF PRODUCTION

$$\Omega_X h^2 \underset{\text{TODAY}}{\sim} 1 \quad \text{FOR} \quad \frac{\langle X^2 \rangle_{t_e}}{M_{\text{PL}}^2} \sim 10^{-12}$$

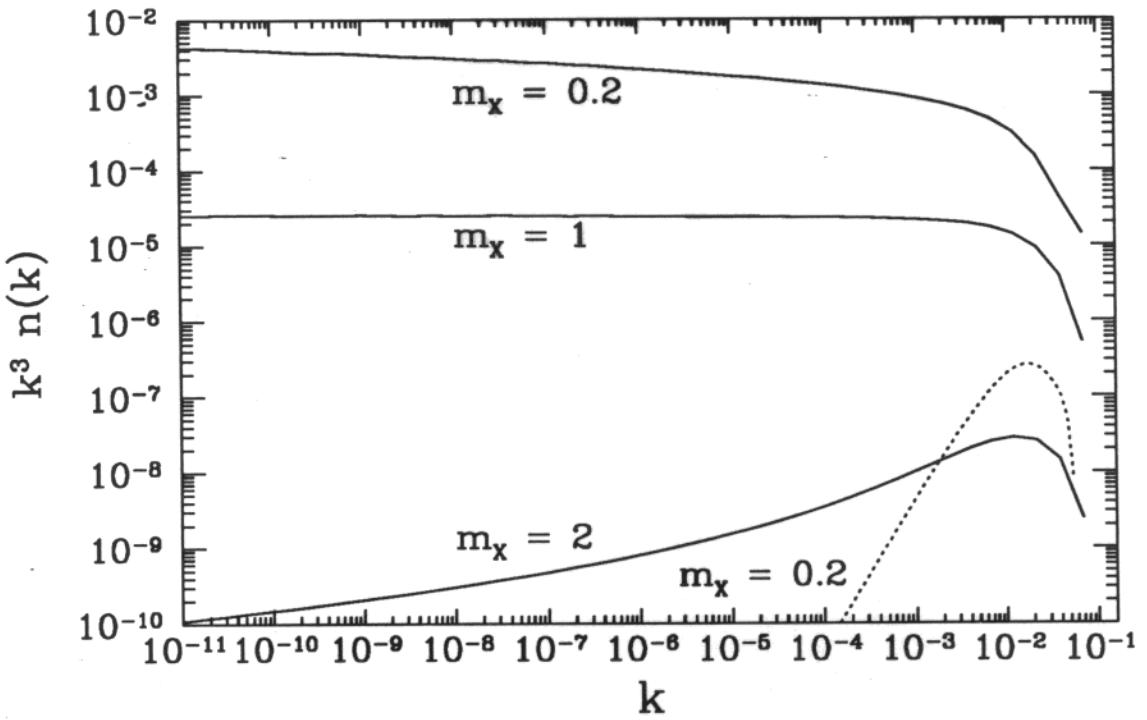
$$M_X \sim 10^{14} \text{ GeV}$$



RESCATTERING
&
BACK REACTION
INCLUDED

R.KOLB, I.TKACHEV
& A.R., PHYS. LETT. B423
(1998) 349

SPECTRUM



Spectrum of created particles in a model with massive inflaton for several choices of the mass of scalar X-particle with the minimal coupling (solid lines) and the conformal coupling (dotted line). Masses and momenta are given in units of the inflaton mass.

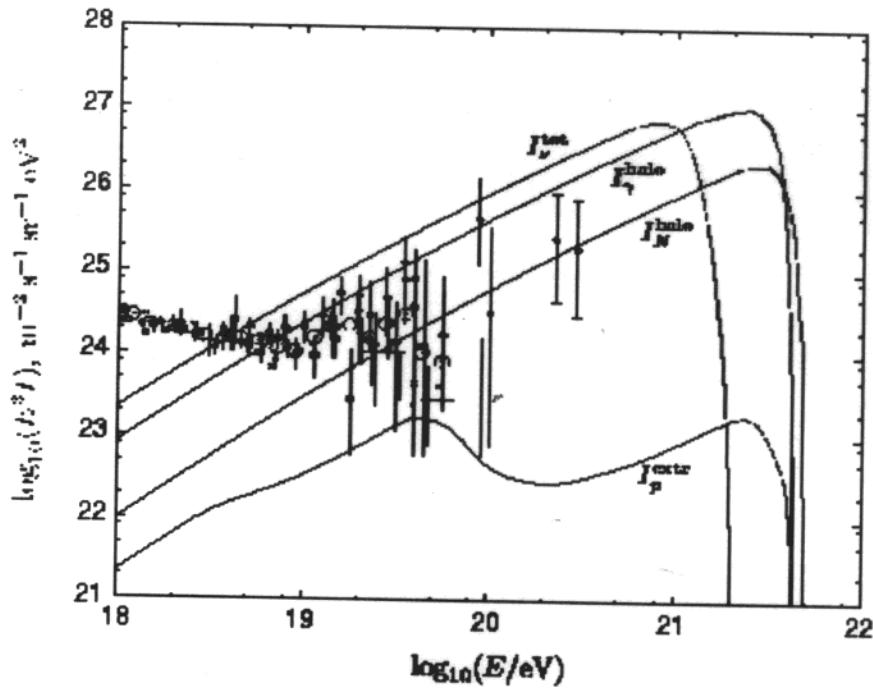
Magnitude of the density fluctuations induced in the process of X particle creation can correspond to the observable on the horizon scale, and be responsible for fluctuations in CMBR if $m_X/m \approx 2$ and $\Omega_X \approx 1$.

NEW PHYSICS ?!

Solutions to the puzzle were considered with the aid of:

- Particle which is immune to CMBR but produces normal air shower.
- Topological Defects:
 - Strings.
 - Superconducting strings.
 - Networks of monopoles connected by strings.
 - Magnetic monopoles.
- Heavy quasistable relic particles.

Particle has to be HEAVY, $m_X > 10^{12}$ GeV.



The fluxes shown were obtained for $m_X = 10^{13}$ GeV and $(\Omega_X/\Omega_{\text{CDM}})(t_0/\tau_X) = 5 \times 10^{-11}$, V. Berezinsky, astro-ph/9801046.