

AMANDA

Status, Results, Future

CHRISTIAN SPIERING

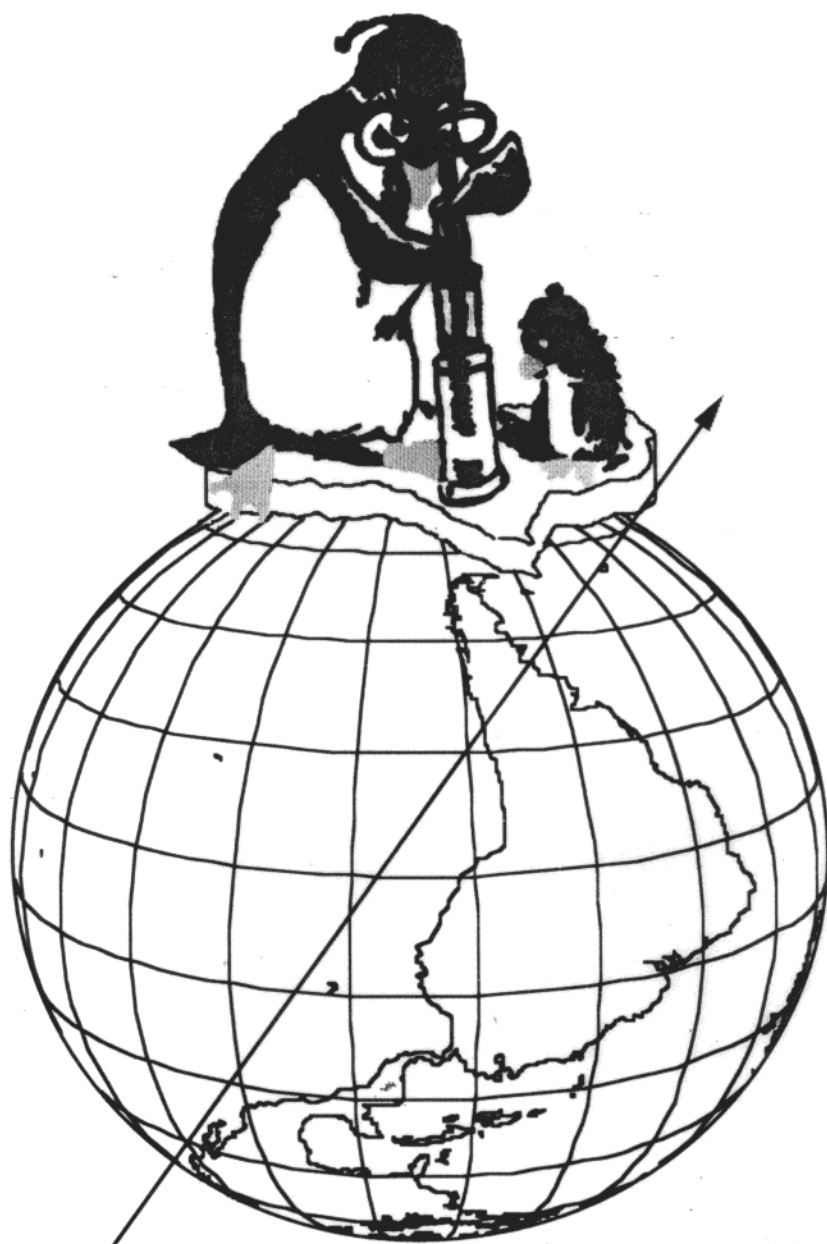
DESY Zeuthen

Venice, Feb.25, 1999

AMANDA

Antarctic Muon And Neutrino Detector Array

- Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, Berkeley (USA)
- University of California, Berkeley (USA)
- University of Brussels, Brussels (Belgium)
- University Kansas, Lawrence (USA)
- Bartol Research Institute, Newark (USA)
- University of California, Irvine (USA)
- University of Kalmar, Kalmar (Sweden)
- University of Wisconsin, Madison (USA)
- University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia (USA)
- University of Stockholm, Stockholm (Sweden)
- University of Uppsala, Uppsala (Sweden)
- DESY-Zeuthen, Zeuthen (Germany)

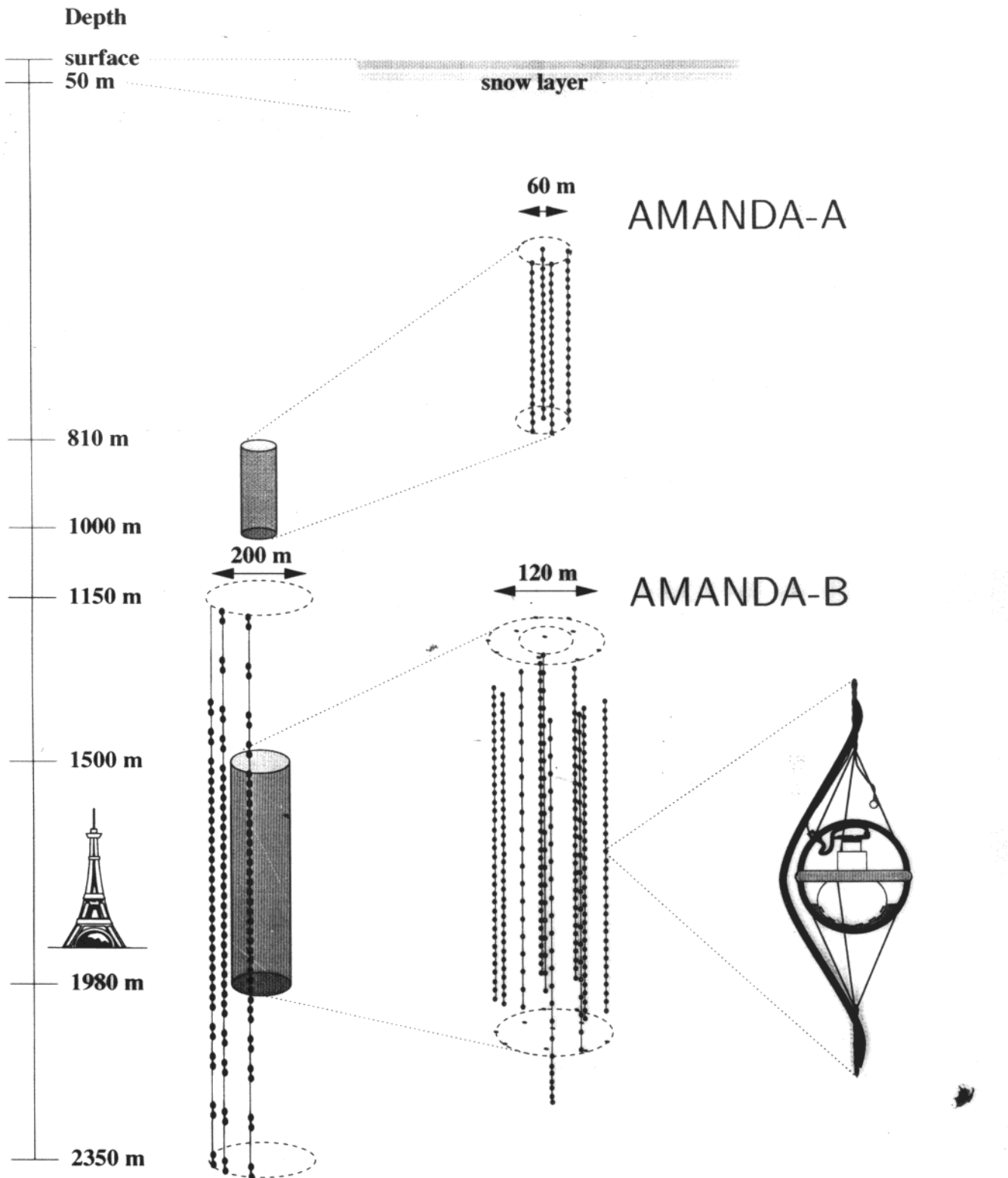


AMANDA





The AMANDA Experiment



AMANDA as of 1998
Eiffel Tower as comparison
(true scaling)

zoomed in on
AMANDA-A (top)
AMANDA-B10 (bottom)

zoomed in on one
optical module (OM)

- o Configuration
- o Drilling, Geometry
- o Ice
- o Calibration with Surface Arrays

- o B4
 - Depth-Intensity
 - Neutrino Separation

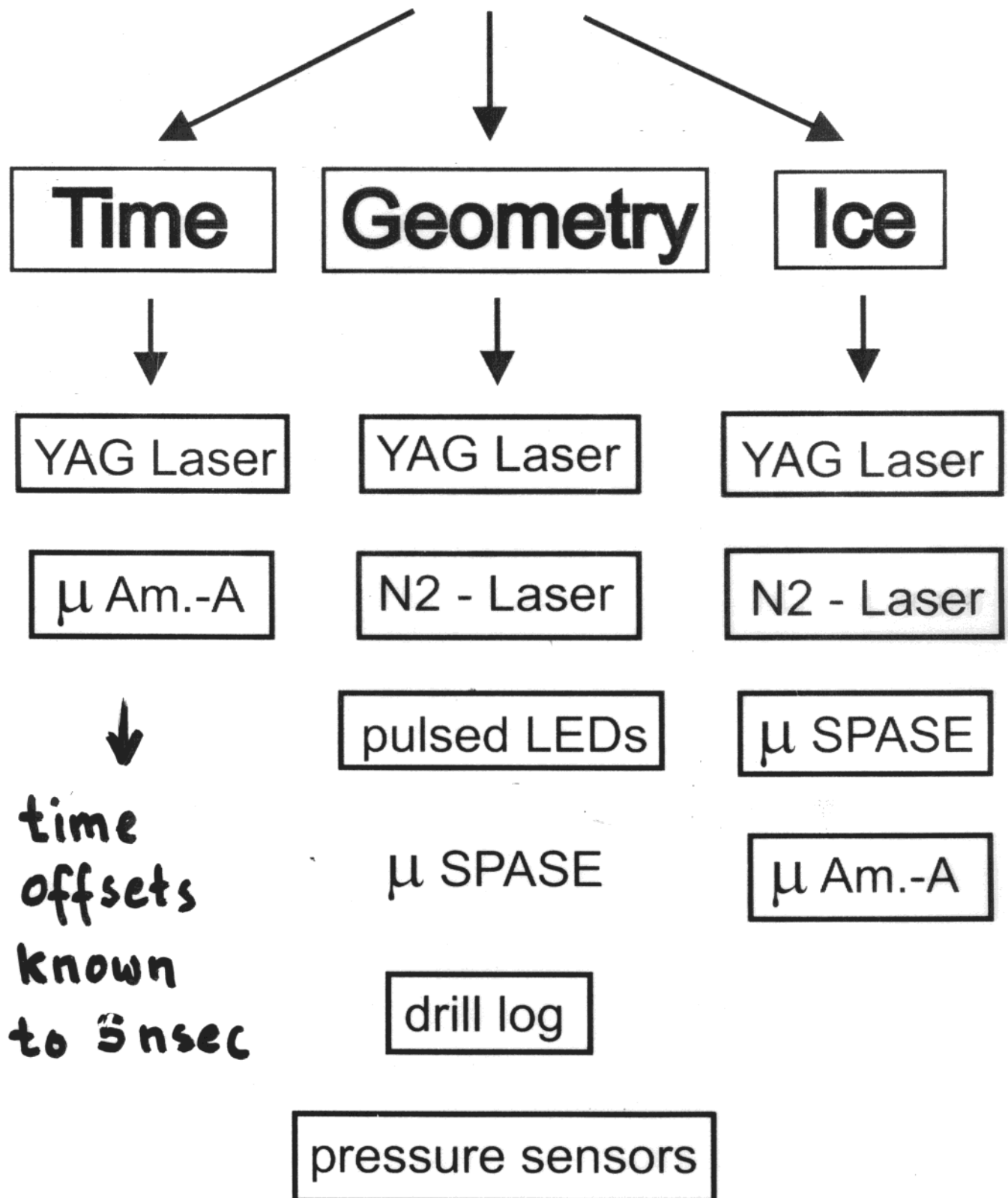
- o B10
 - Neutrinos
 - Search for GRB Coincidences
 - Search for Magnetic Monopoles

- o Amanda-II

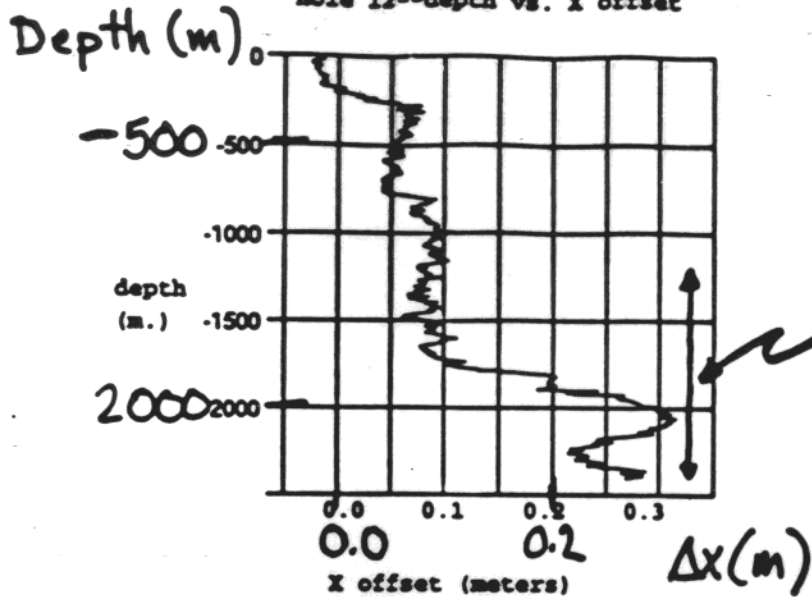
- o DeepIce

- o IceCube

Calibration Procedures



Mole 12--depth vs. X offset



Hole 12 (1998)

Instrumented length

Figure 9

Mole 12--depth vs. Y offset

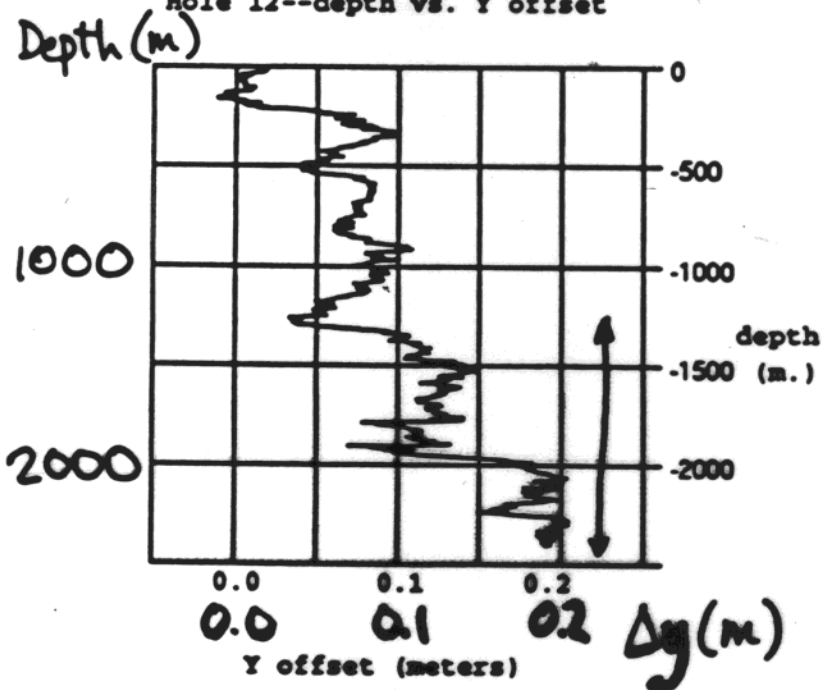
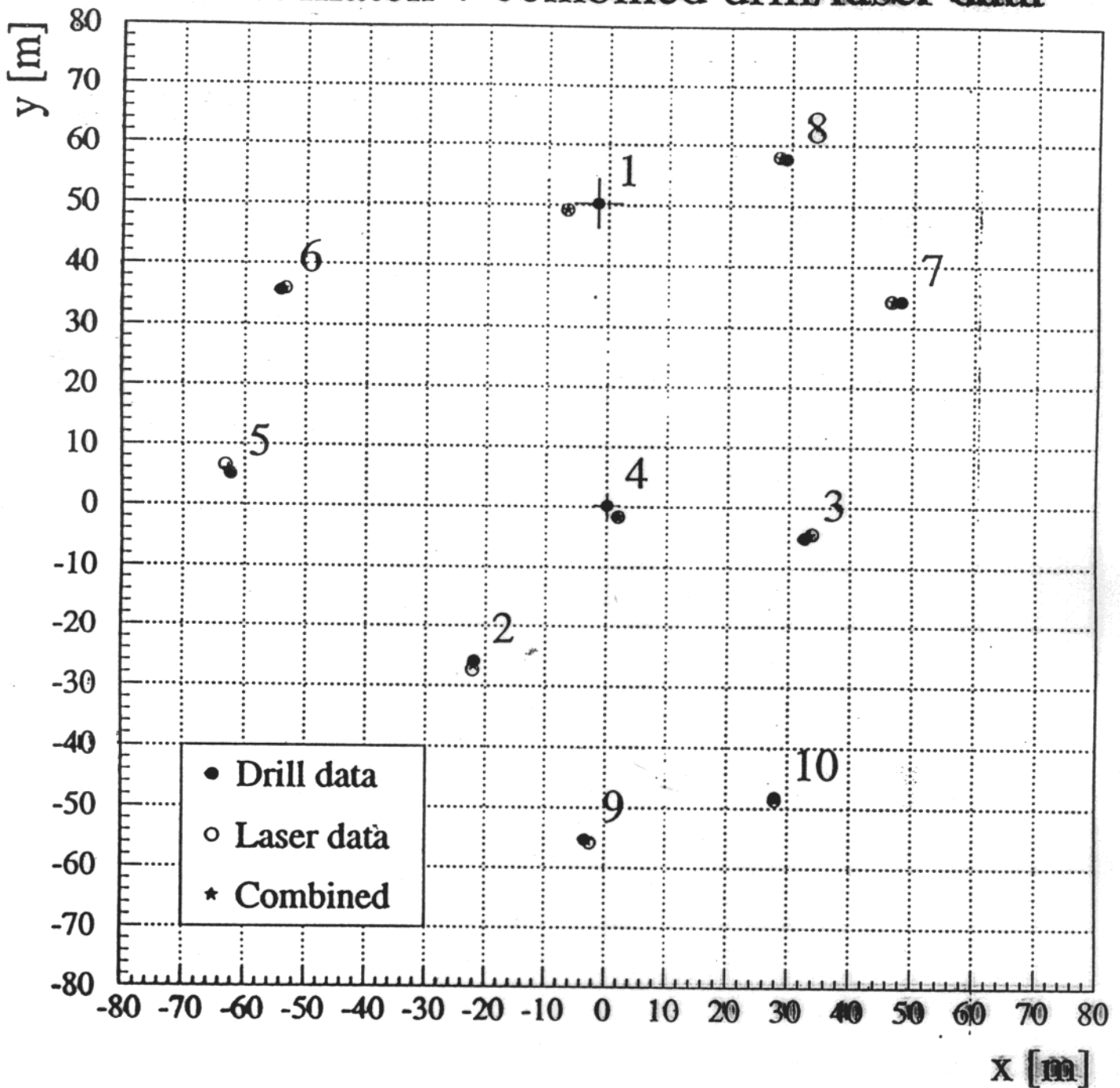


Figure 10

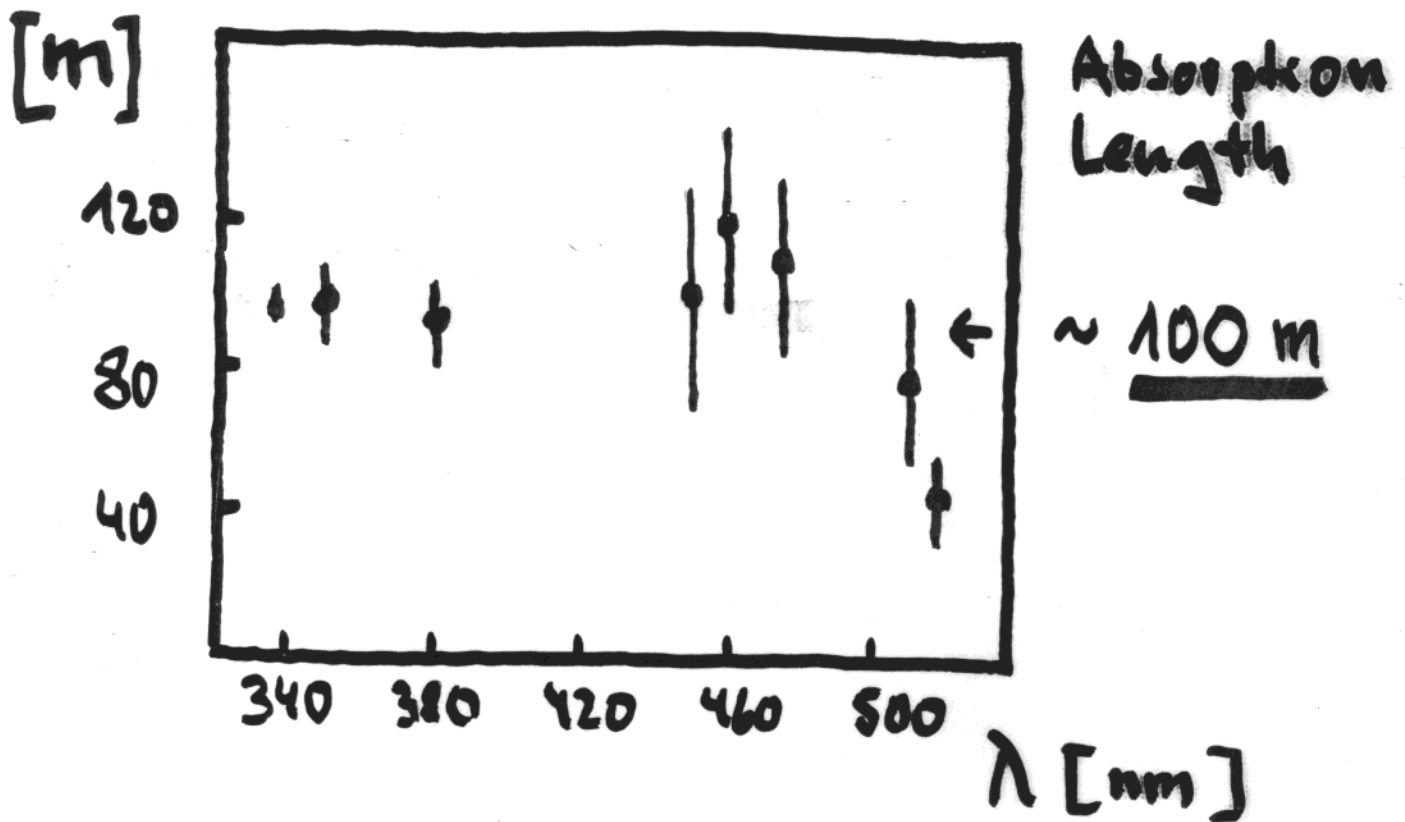
Geometry

Best match + combined drill/laser data



Combined accuracy: X ,Y, relative Z \approx 0.5 m
absolute Z 1-2 m

Ice properties from B4

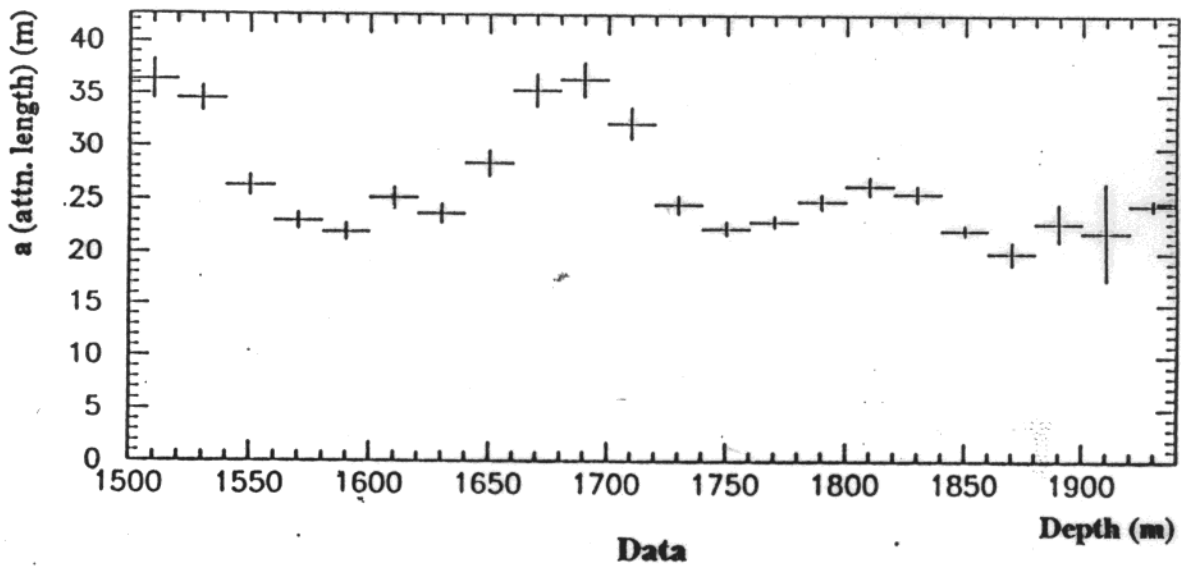
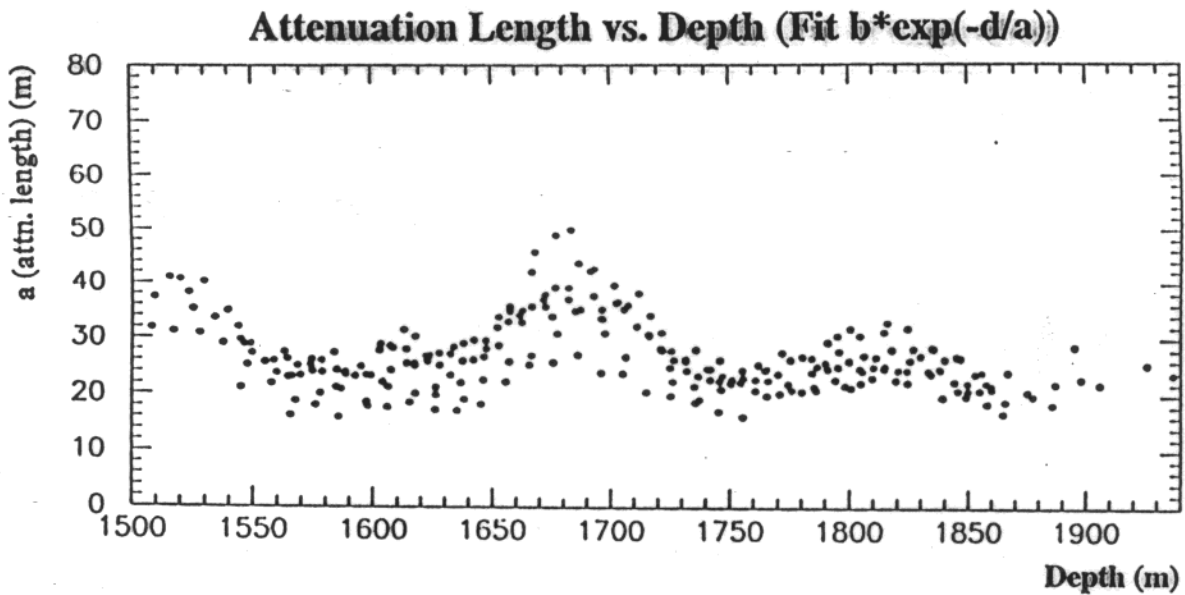


effective scattering length

$$\lambda_{\text{eff}} = \frac{\lambda_{\text{sc}}}{1 - \langle \cos \theta \rangle} \approx \underline{24 \text{ m}}$$

→ attenuation length ~ 27 m

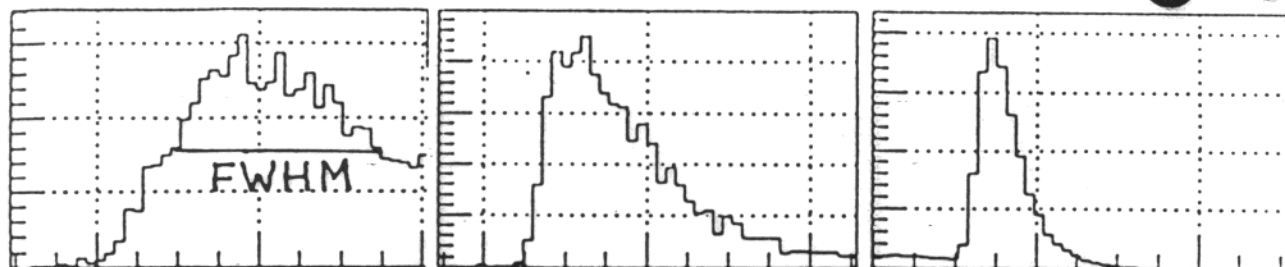
λ_{att} versus depth:



→ $\langle \text{Attenuation length} \rangle = 27 \text{ m}$
 variations $\pm 25 \%$

consistent with $\langle \text{absorption length} \rangle = 24 \text{ m}$
 $\langle \text{eff. scattering length} \rangle = 96 \text{ m}$

Arrival time distributions for 532 nm pulses between strings 12 & 13 (30 m)



600 800

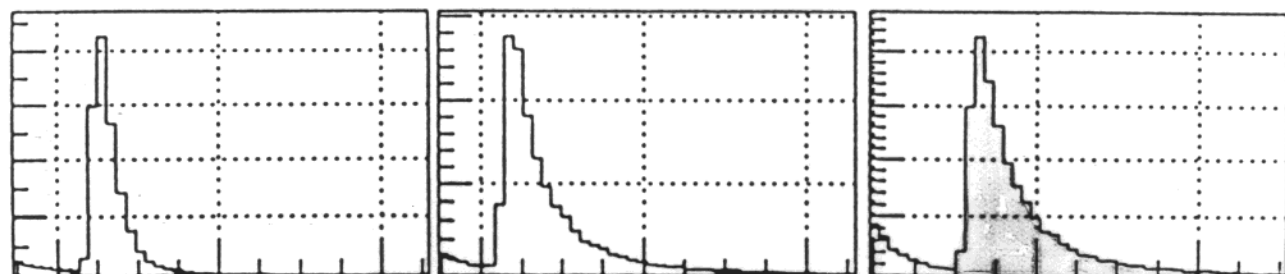
200 400 600

800 1000

$d = 1145 \text{ m}$

1245 m

1305 m



1400 1600 1800

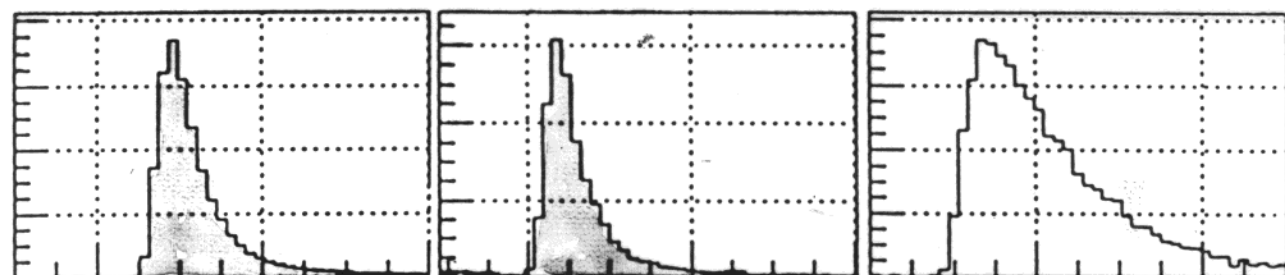
1400 1600

4000 4200

1385 m

1465 m

1605 m



4000 4200

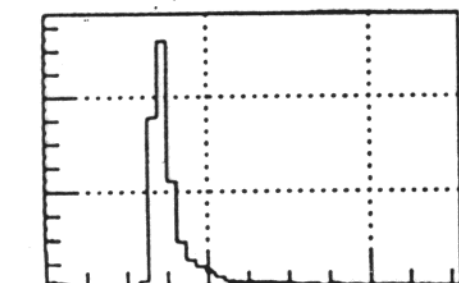
5200 5400

600 800

1765 m

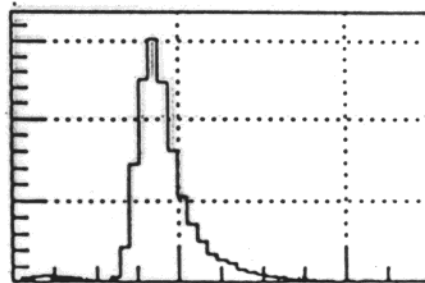
1905 m

2025 m



600 800 1000

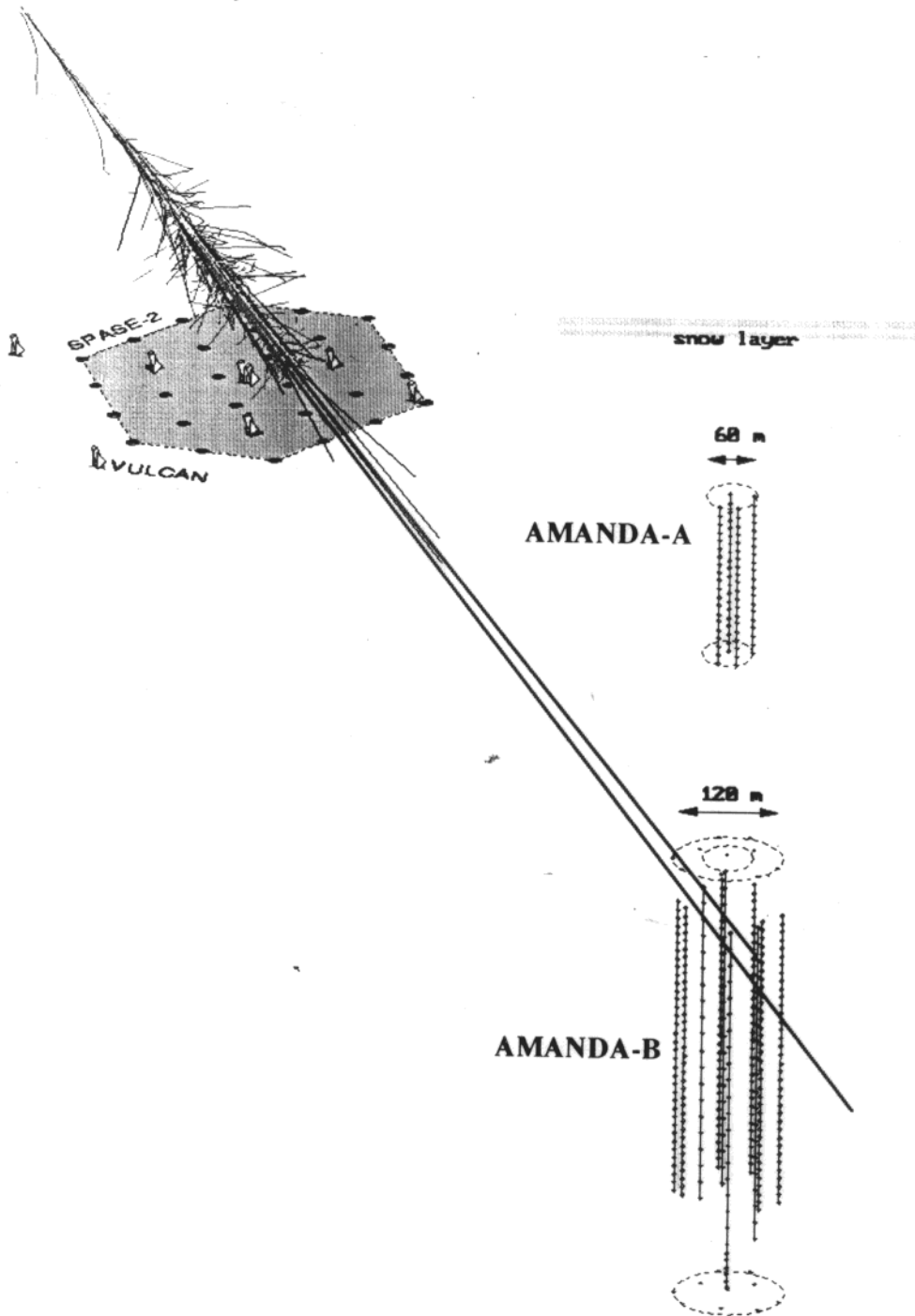
2125 m



600 800

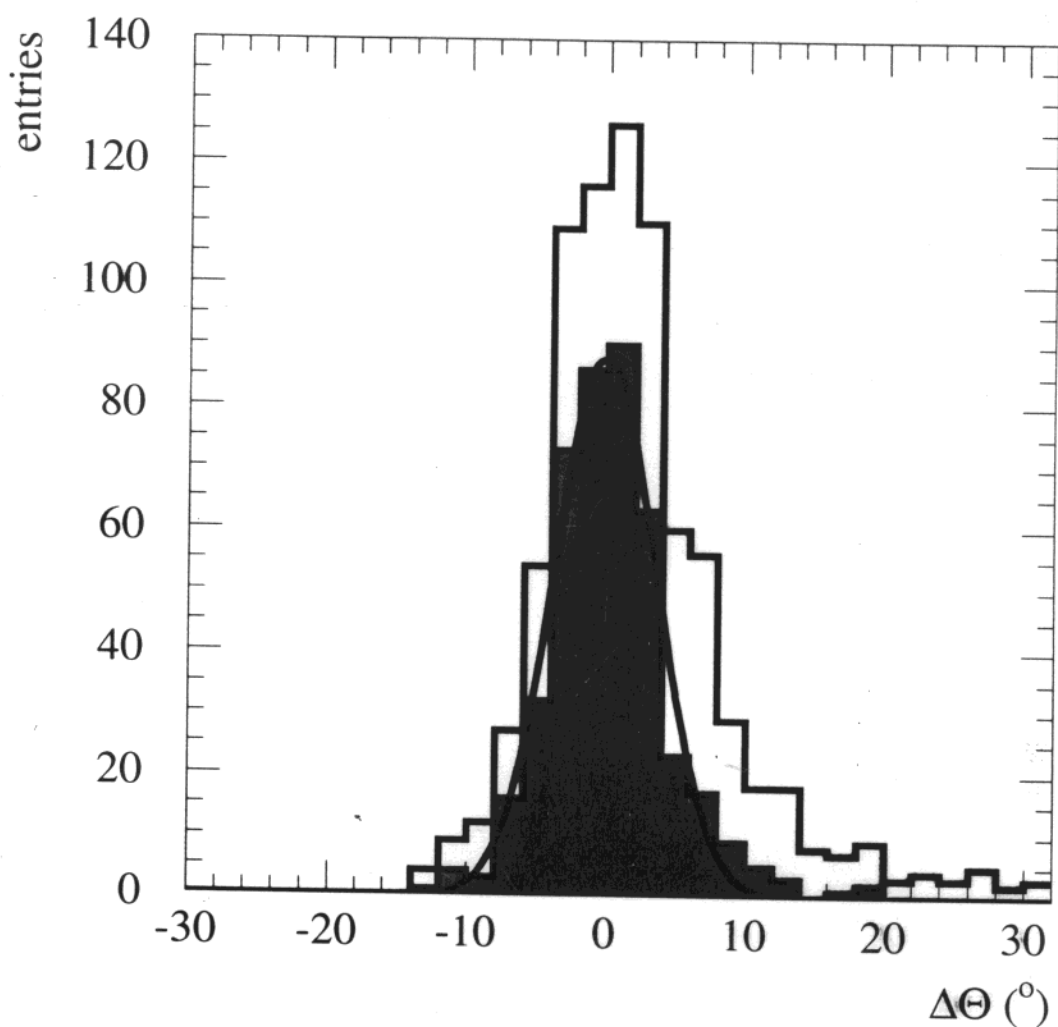
2285 m

SPASE-II AMANDA Coincidences



SPASE-II AMANDA-B 4 coincidences

Reconstructed zenith difference



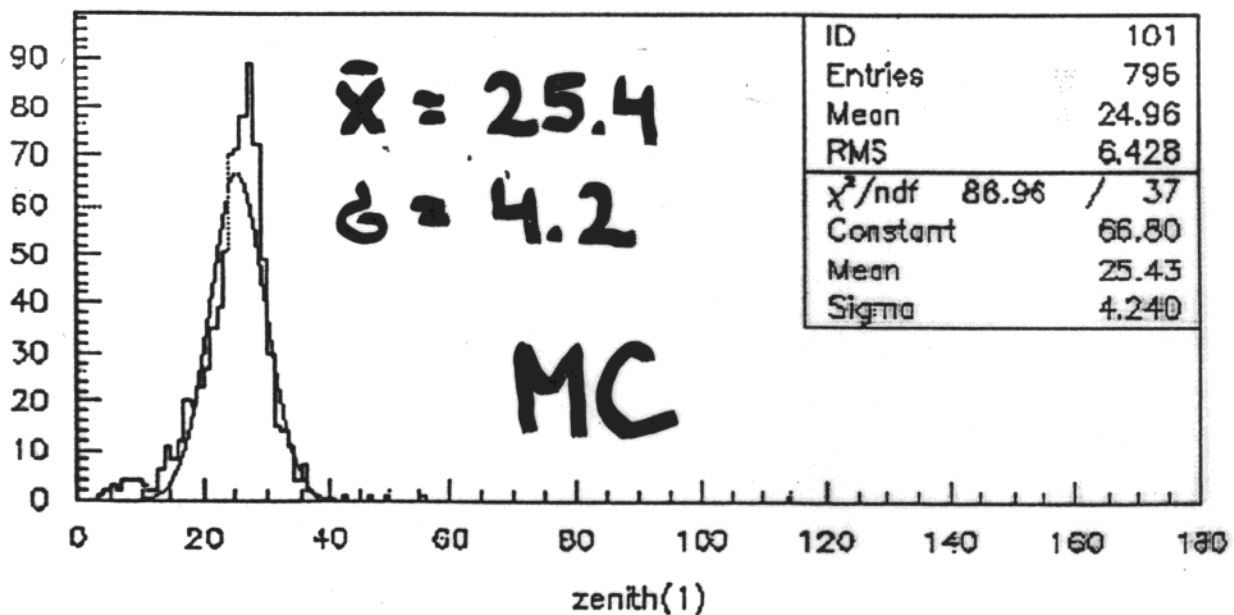
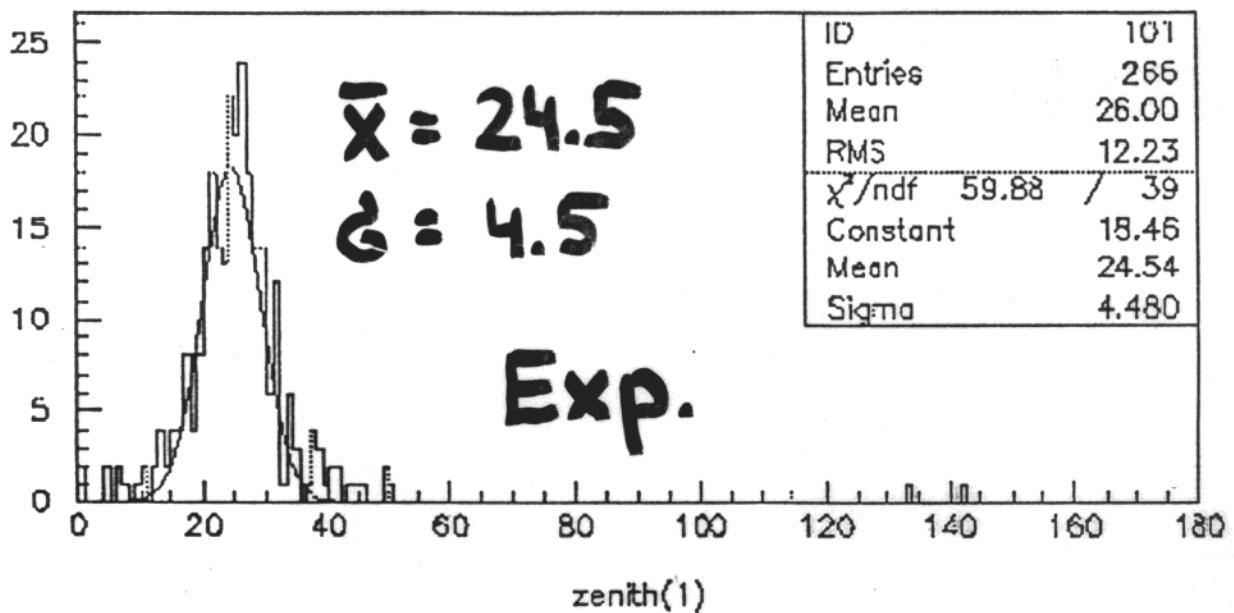
After Cuts

Gaussfit: Mean = -0.15° Sigma = 3.6°

Coincidences GASP – AMANDA B10

Zenith GASP -- Am - B $\approx 27^\circ$, GASP resolution 1°

Reconstructed zenith of coincident events:



Amanda-B4

- o Depth Intensity Relation
- o Neutrino Separation



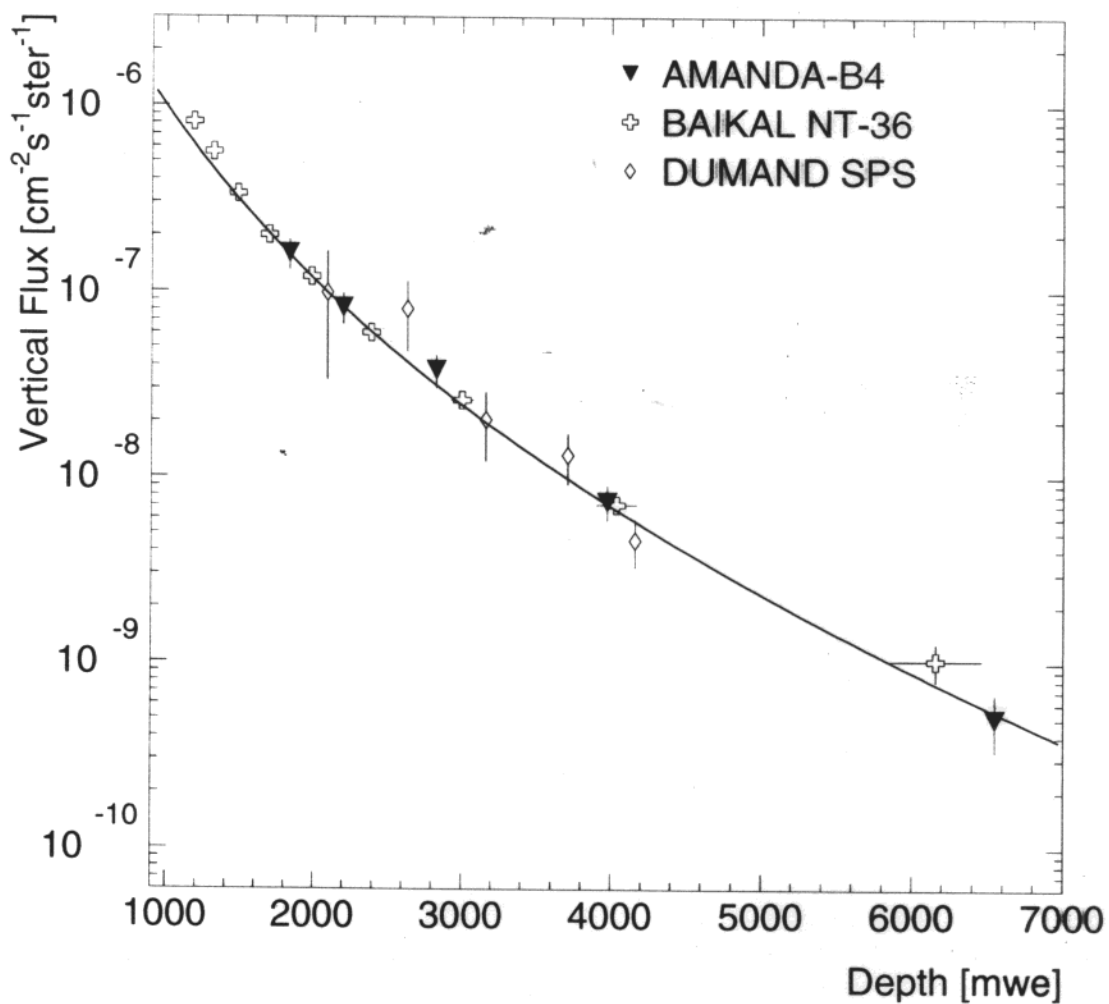
**NOTE: B4 is not claimed
to be a ν detector !**

Muon Flux in AMANDA-B4 (2)

Vertical intensity:

$$I(\theta = 0, h) = I(\theta) \cdot \cos(\theta) \cdot C_{corr}$$

Vertical intensity of muons (DUMAND, Baikal, AMANDA), compared to Bugaev et al.



Reconstruction Procedure

- Hit Cleaning
- Line Fit
- Likelihood-Time Fit
- Likelihood-Energy Fit
- Quality Cuts

Quality Criteria

• Velocity of line fit $0.1 < v_{LF} < 1 \text{ m/nsec}$

• Time likelihood

$$L_t > 10$$

• Energy likelihood

$$L_E > 8$$

• Number of "direct hits"

$$N_{dir}(15 \text{ ns}) \geq 3$$

$$N_{dir}(25 \text{ ns}) \geq 5$$

$$N_{dir}(75 \text{ ns}) \geq 9$$

• Projected length of direct hits

$$L_{dir}(25 \text{ ns}) > 200 \text{ m}$$

• Z-coord. of COG

$$|Z_{COG}| < 90 \text{ m}$$

$$\theta > 120^\circ$$

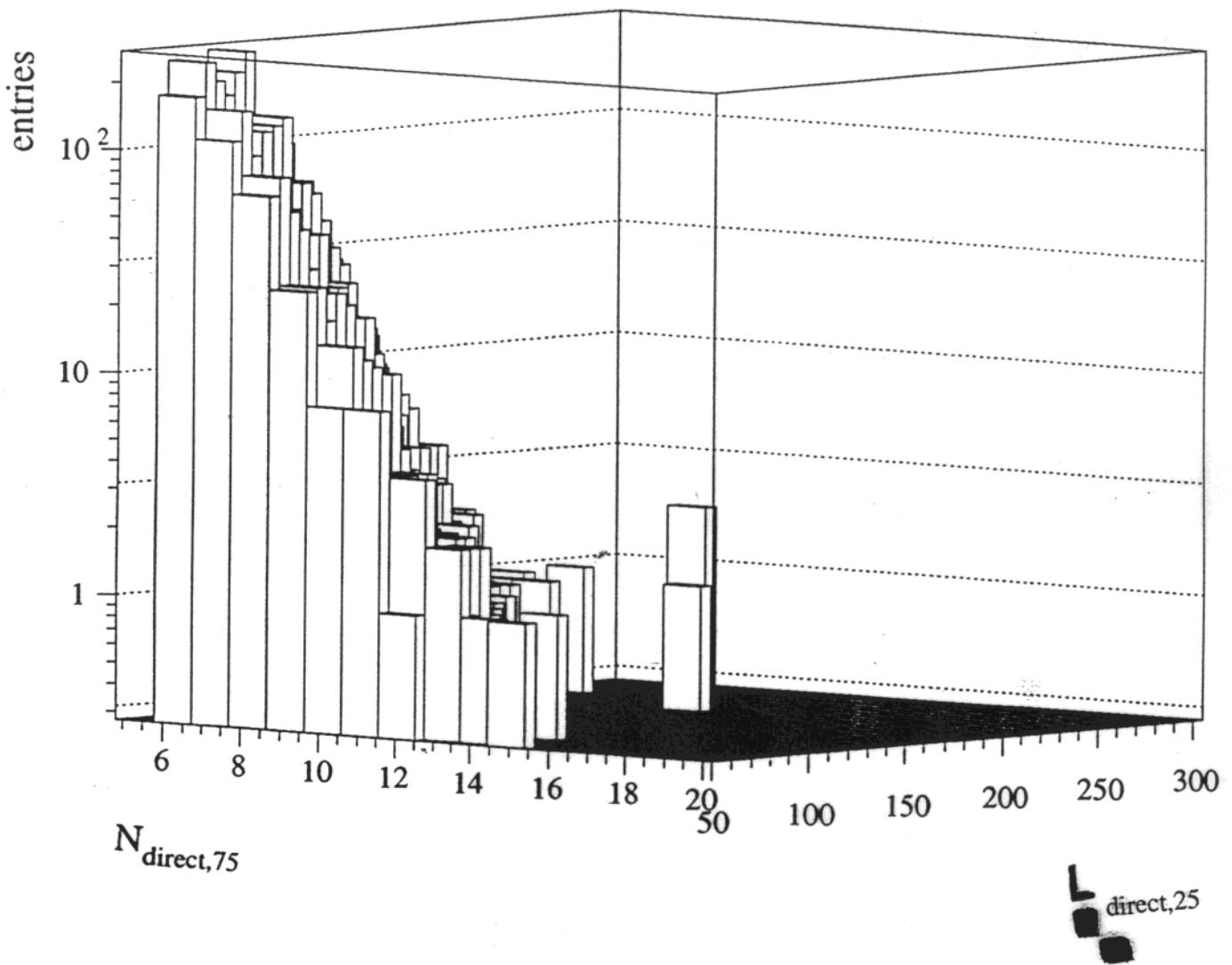


3 γ candidates

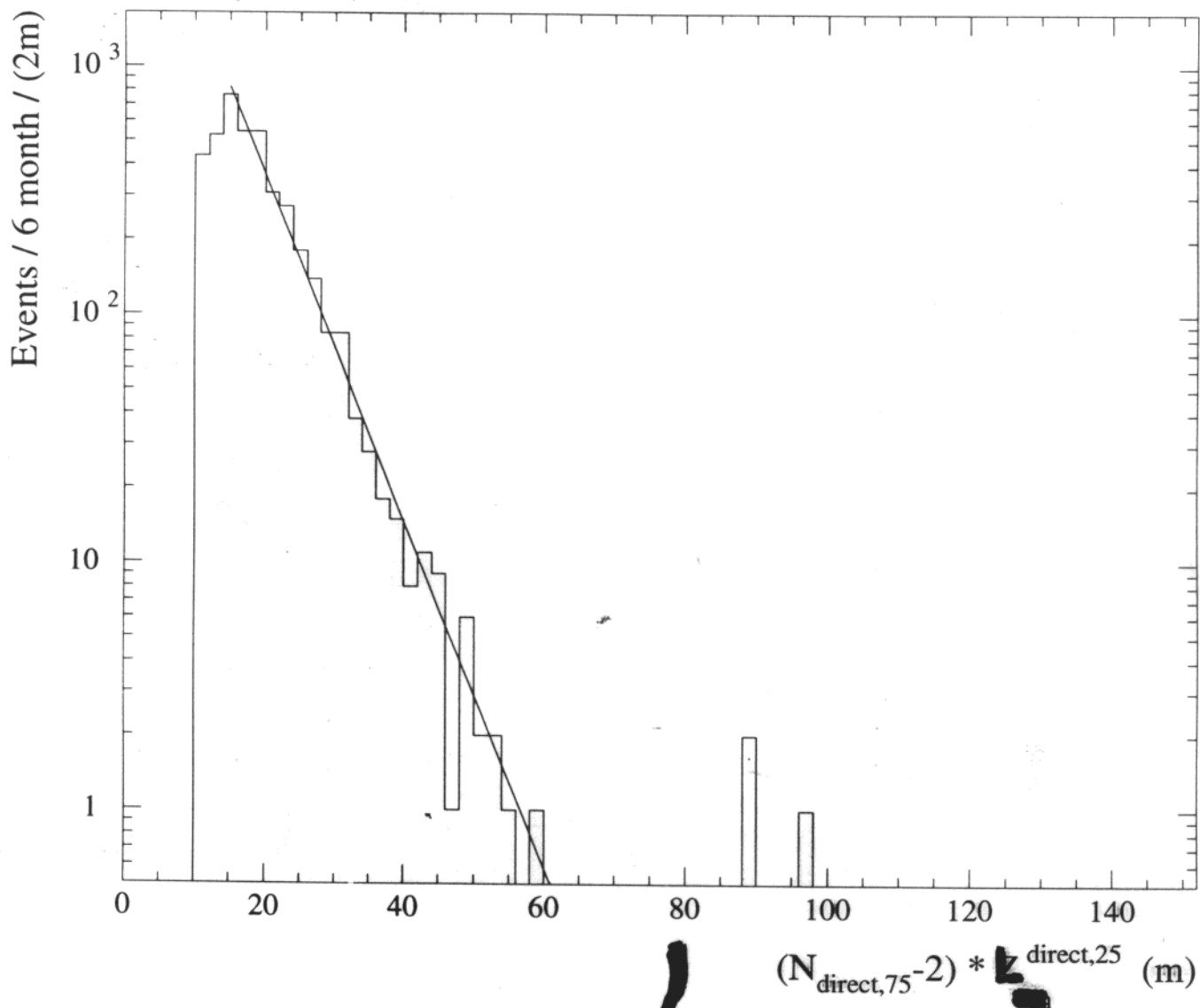
156 days Am.-B4

$3.5 \cdot 10^8$
events

No cut in $N_{dir}(75)$, L_{dir}

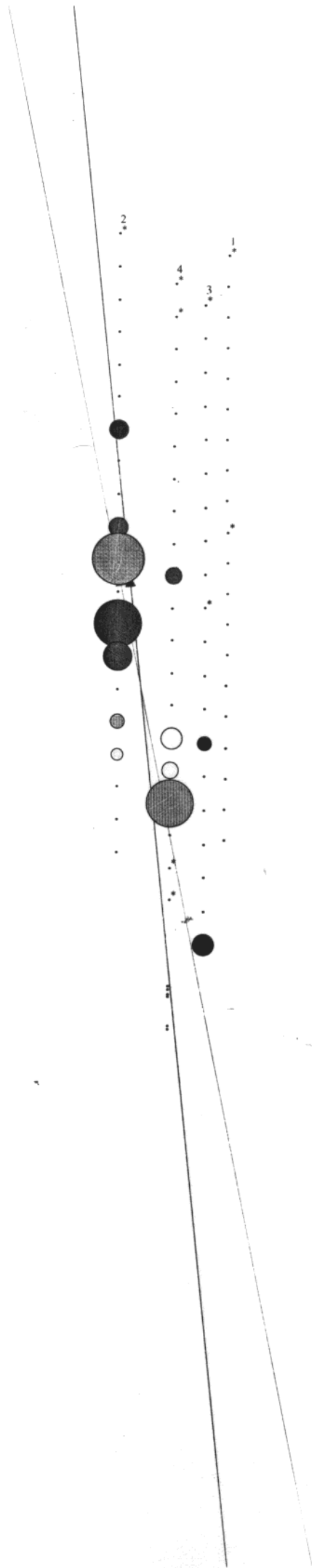


Expected nb. of events
from atm. ν $\sim 2-8$



$P(N_{\text{Fake}} \geq 1) = 2.6\%$

$P(N_{\text{Fake}} \geq 3) = 3 \cdot 10^{-6}$



Event nr: 147742 Mode: L1E Scale: Lin

Electrical Channels

Before Cuts: 13 hit OMs, 13 hits

After Cuts: 13 hit OMs, 13 hits

1570	1
1653	1
1737	1
1821	1
1905	1
1989	1
2073	1
2152	2
2238	1
2401	1
2484	1
2567	1
2650	1
2733	1
2816	1

OM size is ADC.

75< 93< 111< 128< 146< 164< 181< 199<

217< 234< 252< 270< 287< 305< 323< 341<

No external geometry file open.

Using data file cv_ab238_139-96-1_147742.novert.f2k.

Run nr: 0

Year/day: 1996/139

Time since midnight: 42503.3815885 s

The data file contains 1 events.

The array consists of 4 strings and 86 OMs.

Tracks available:

- Fitted Antimuon 1 (mu+)
- Fitted Antimuon 2 (mu+)
- Fitted Antimuon 4 (mu+)

Currently displaying information for:

Fitted Antimuon 1 (mu+)

x	y	z	
Vertex pos. :	-17.4	-27.5	-6.4 m
Direction :	0.13711	-0.14085	0.98049

Length : Inf m

Energy : 2582.159912 GeV

Time : 2235.350298 ns

Theta : 158.7

Phi : 45.8

AMANDA B10

- o General Characteristics
- o Neutrino Separation
- o Search for GRB Coincidences
- o Search for Magnetic Monopoles

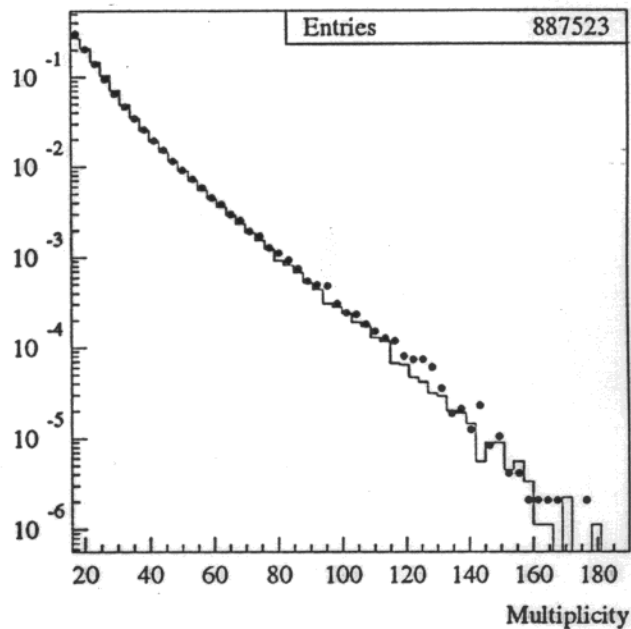
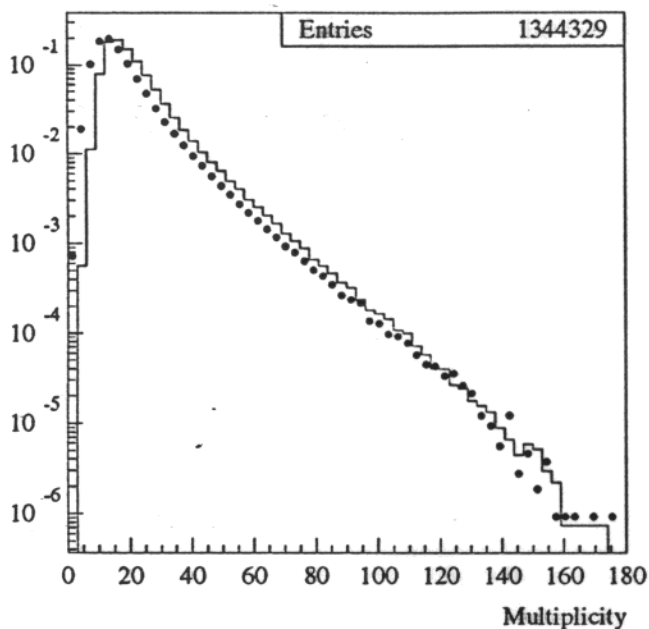
PRELIMINARY !!

• Only odd days , 1997

Basic Characteristics (1)

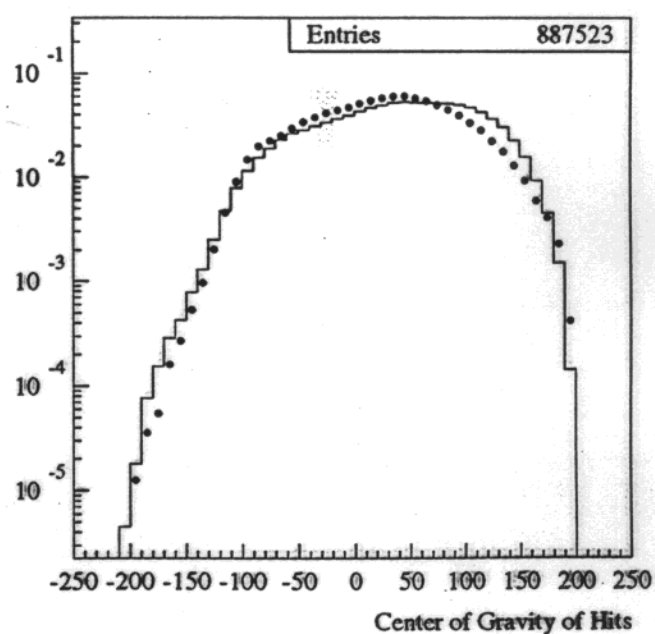
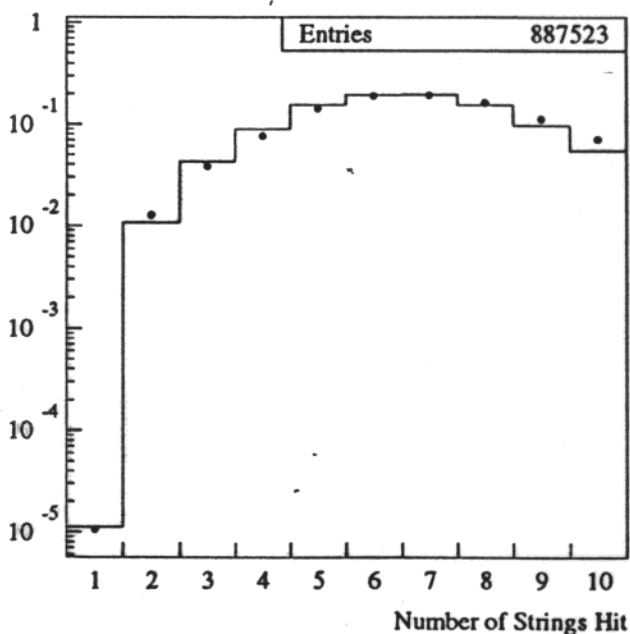
Numbers of hit OMs

before (left) and after (right) cleaning. Exp: dots, MC: Hist.



Numbers of hit strings (left), COGZ (right)

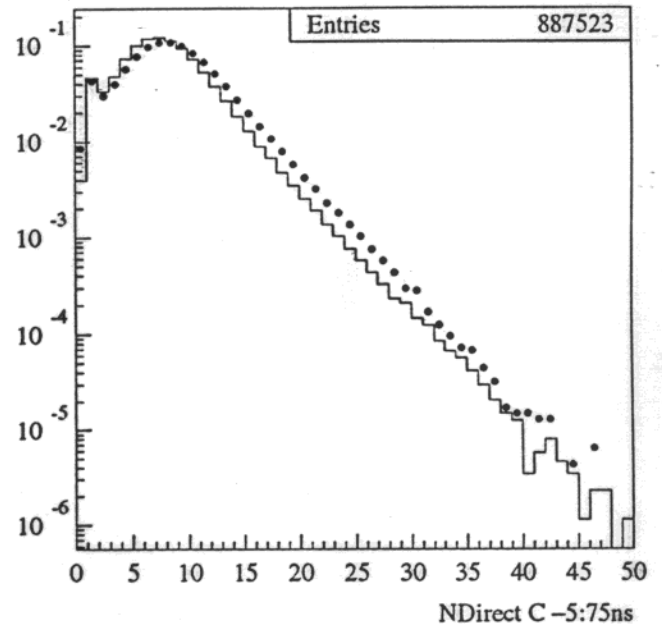
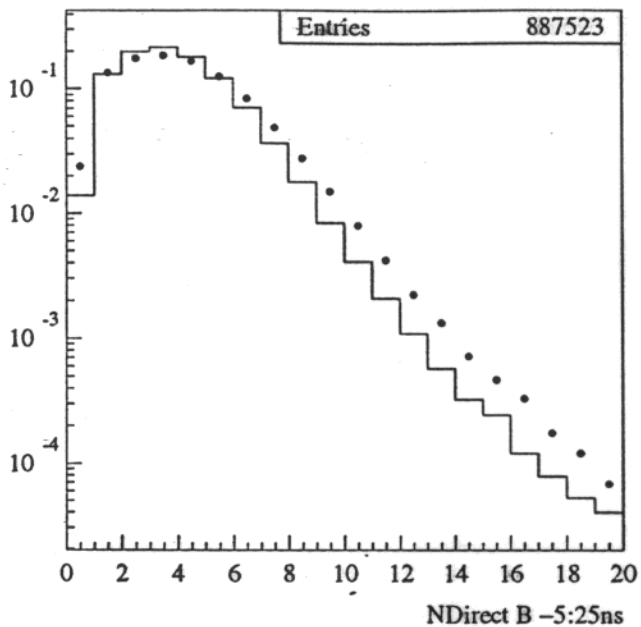
Exp: dots, MC: Hist.



Basic Characteristics (2)

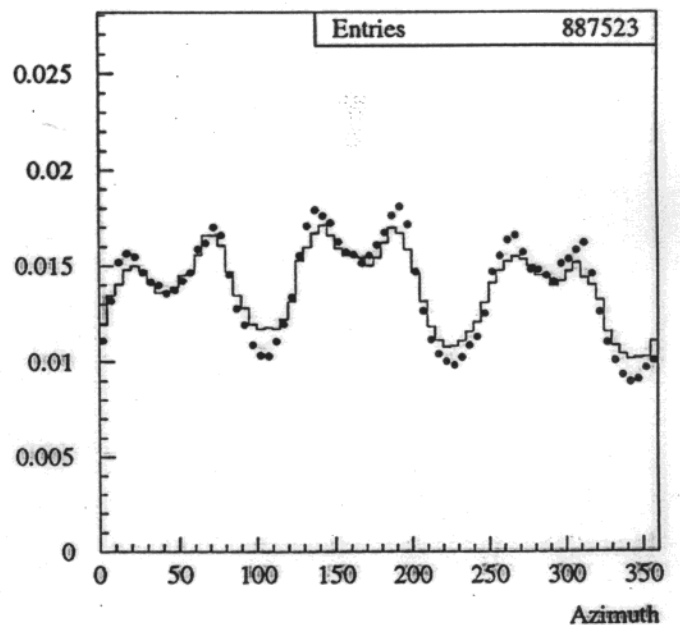
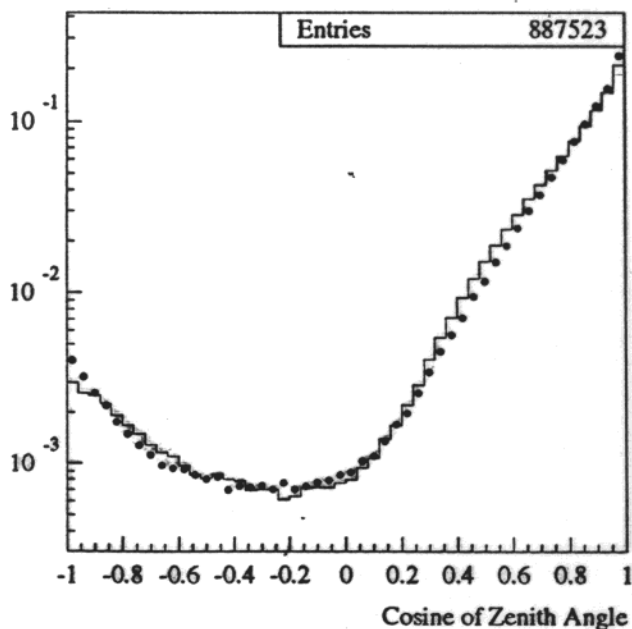
Numbers of direct hits

[-5,+25 nsec] left, [-5, +75 nsec] right. Exp: dots, MC: Hist.



Reconstructed θ (left) and ϕ (right)

Exp: dots, MC: Hist.



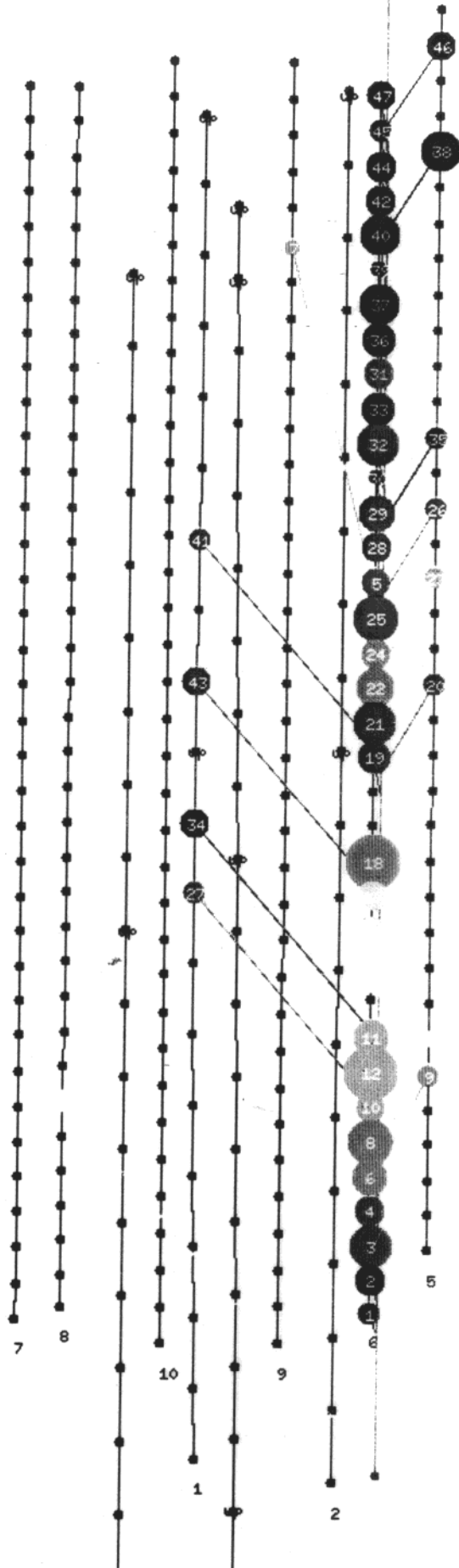
Search for nearly vertical upward muons in B10

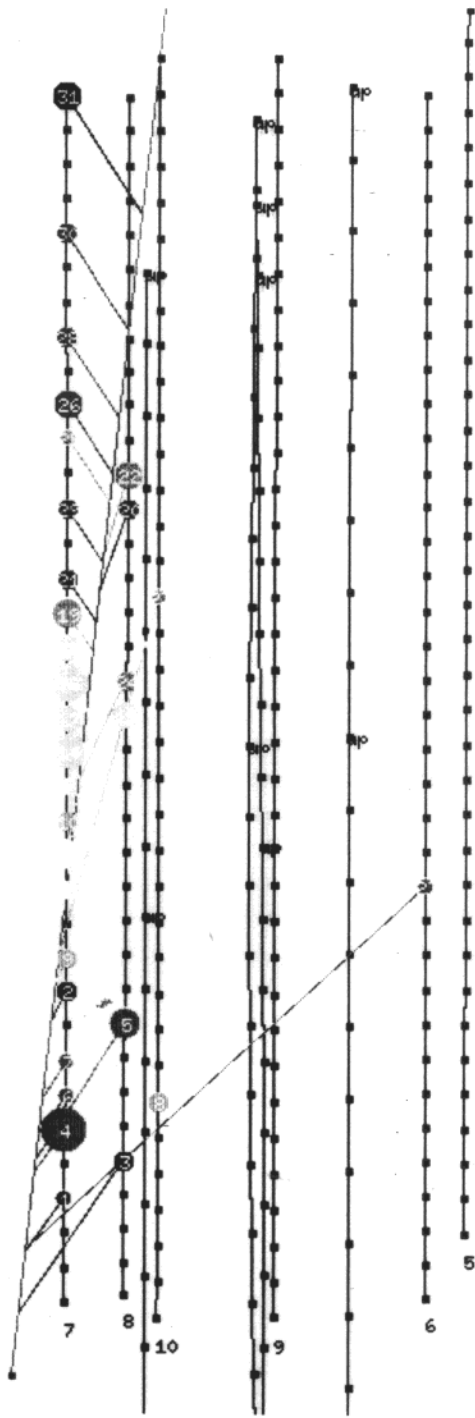
- Cuts: 1. Zenith of line fit $> 172^\circ$
 2. ≥ 15 hits in one string (after cleaning)

Odd days in 1997: - 113 days effective data taking
 - 64 262 746 events after
 basic upward filter

- after cuts 1&2: 26 722 events

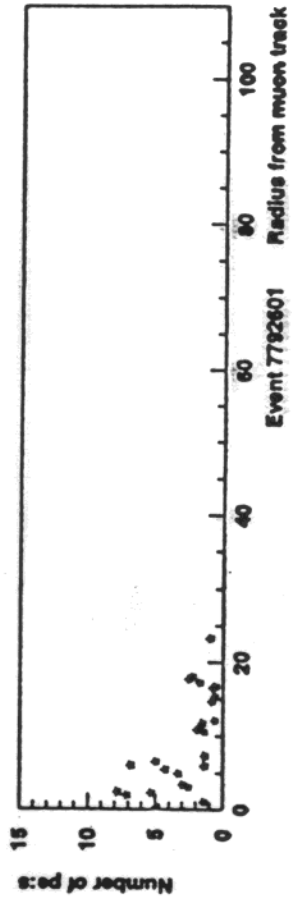
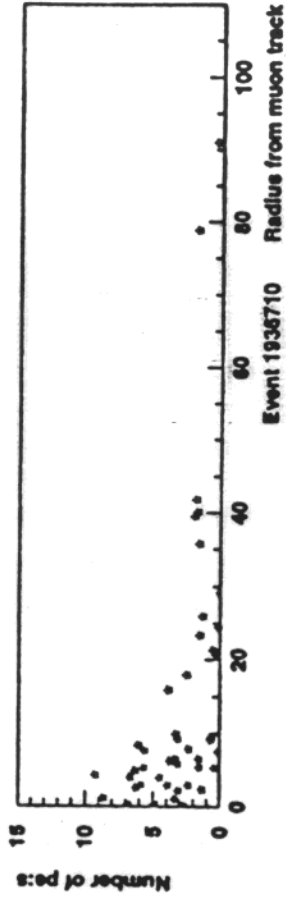
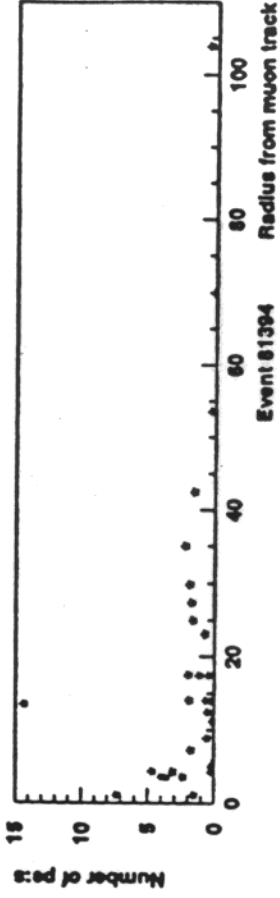
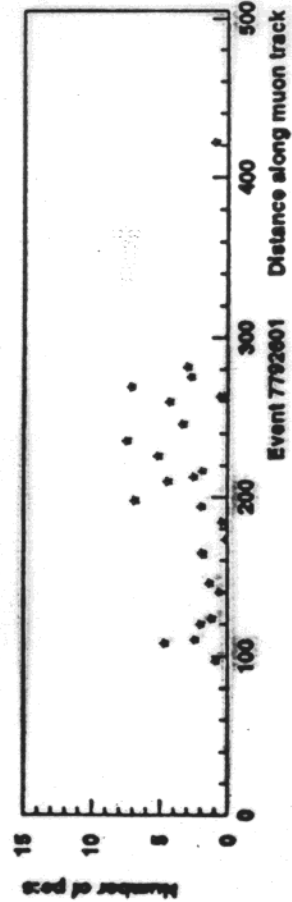
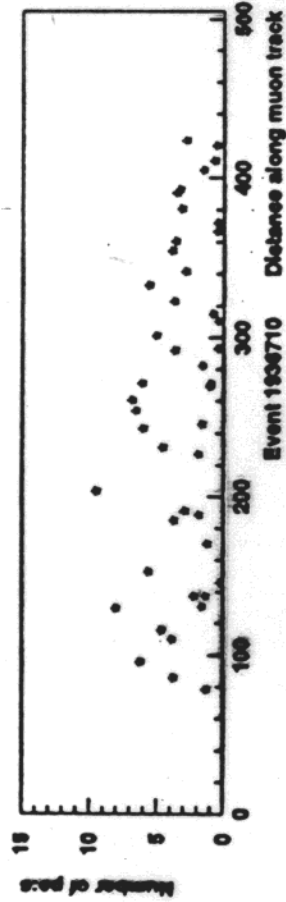
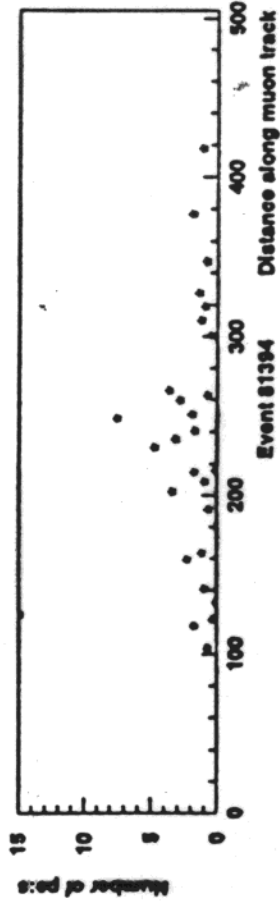
N_{direct} cut	Total No. of events	Upgoing	Downgoing
0	26722	23416	3306
5	384	8	376
6	268	3	265
7	164	3	161
8	97	3	97
9	53	3	50
10	26	2	24
11	13	2	11
12	6	2	4
13	4	2	2
14	2	2	0





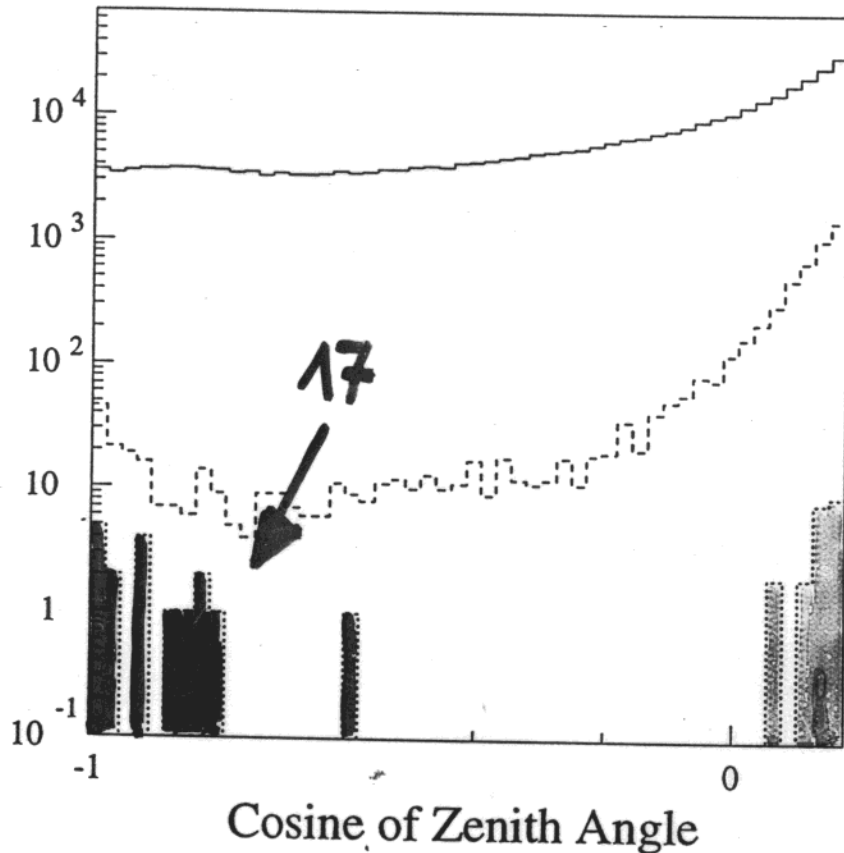
Nice events - details

- Number of pe's vs distance along / from the track



AMANDA-B10

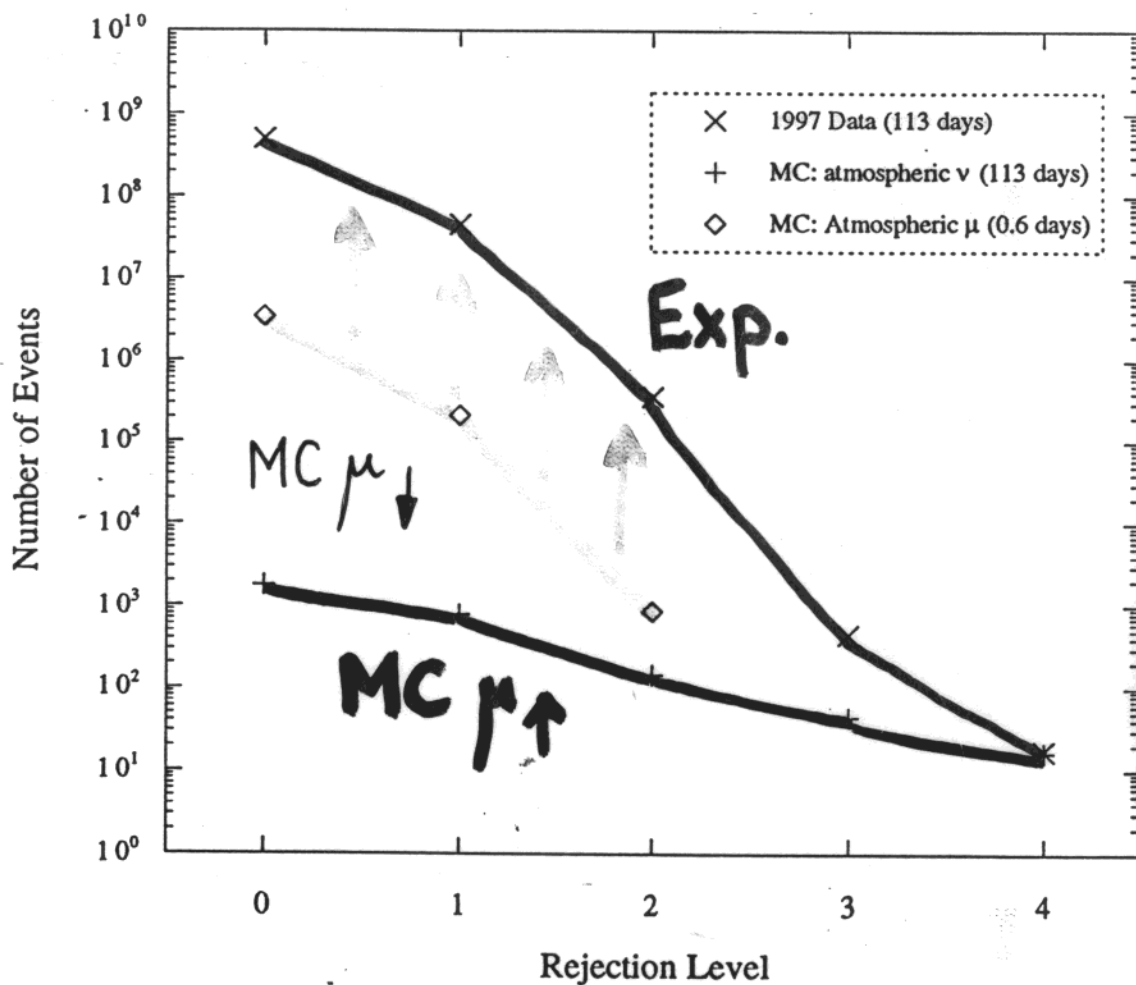
Reconstructed zenith angles of 113 odd days 1997

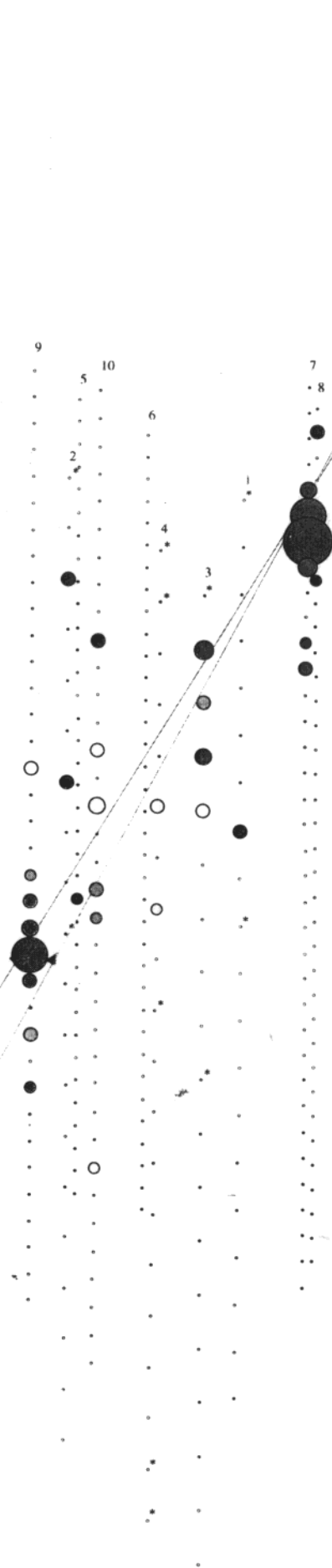


		Exp. 113 days	MC- μ 0.6 days	MC- ν 113 days
Not shown:	no cuts	$4.9 \cdot 10^8$	$3.4 \cdot 10^6$	1789
Not shown:	cut level 1	$4.5 \cdot 10^7$	$2.1 \cdot 10^5$	789
Solid line:	cut level 2	$3.5 \cdot 10^5$	853	144
Dashed line:	cut level 3	452	0	44.4
Dotted line:	cut level 4	17	0	16.3

• Will improve considerably with new \mathcal{L} parametr. & better cuts

The number of experimental events (113 days), expected atmospheric neutrinos (113 days) and expected atmospheric muons (0.6 days) versus the applied cut level





Event nr: 10604848 Mode: L1 Scale: Lin

Electrical Channels
 Before Cuts: 32 hit OMs, 32 hits
 After Cuts: 32 hit OMs, 32 hits

2914	4
2981	1
3115	1

4387	2
4572	2
4591	1
4658	1
4725	2
4793	2
4860	1
4928	1

OM size is ADC.
 1< 2< 3< 4< 5< 6< 7< 8<
 9< 10< 11<

No external geometry file open.
 Using data file all97.lev4.cln.rc.f2k.
 Run nr: 0
 Year/day: 1997/131
 Time since midnight: 73508.8749368 s
 The data file contains 17 events.
 The array consists of 10 strings
 and 302 OMs.

Tracks available:
 Fitted Antineutrino 1 (muon)
 Fitted Antineutrino 2 (muon)

Currently displaying information for:
 Fitted Antineutrino 1 (muon)

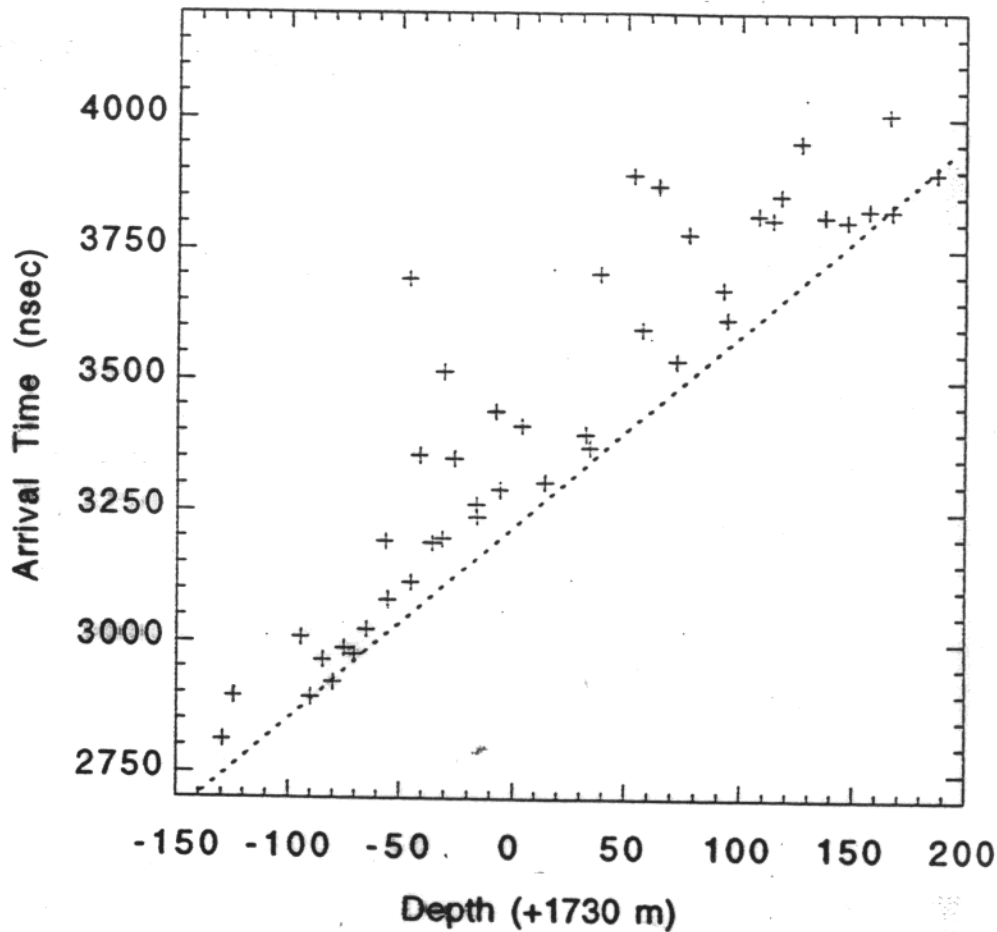
Vertex pos: 70 -47.0 -26.0 m
 Direction: 0.18579 0.49612 0.84811

Length: 1.91 m
 Energy: 0.000000 GeV
 Time: 0.024000000 ns
 Theta: 148.0
 Phi: 249.5

Figure 31: Event 10604848

Event 1197960:

Arrival time of photons versus depth



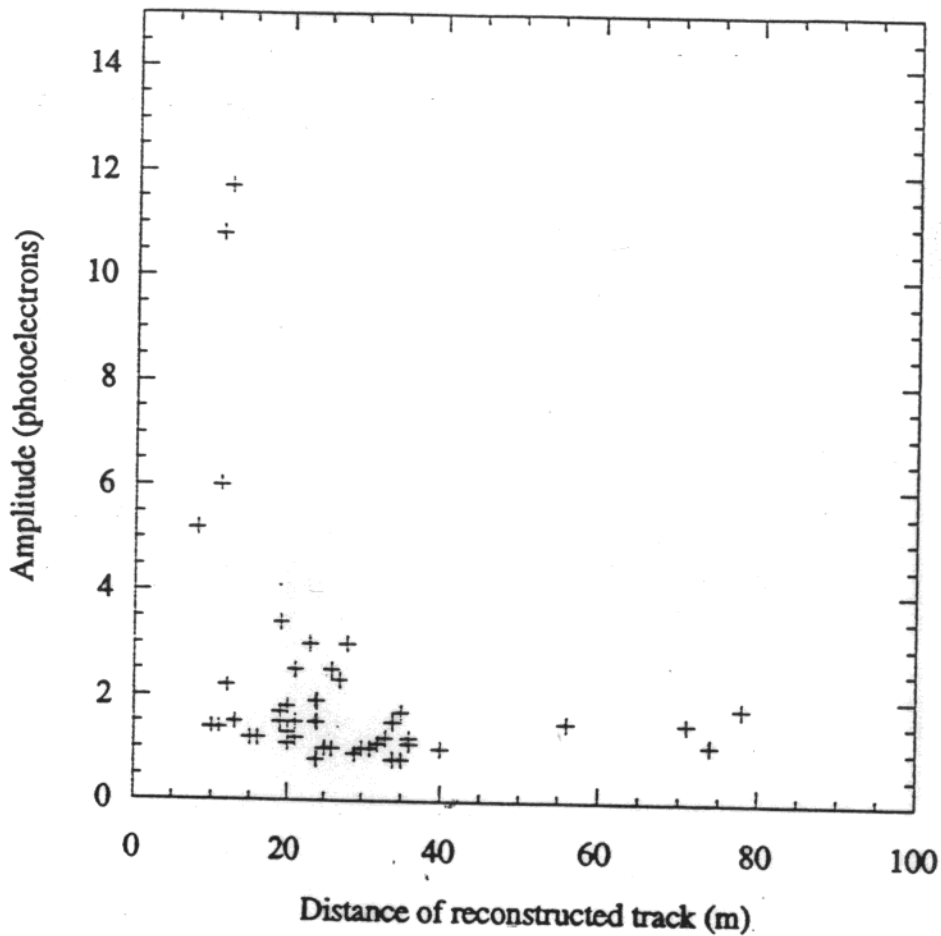
In this graph the absolute arrival time of photons is plotted versus the depth of the observing sensors.

The dashed line illustrates the vertical component of the velocity of the particle, when taking the reconstructed zenith angle of 155 degrees (0.272 m/nsec).

The arrival times of the photons follow the particle speed over a vertical distance of 350 m!

Event 1197960:

Amplitude versus distance to track

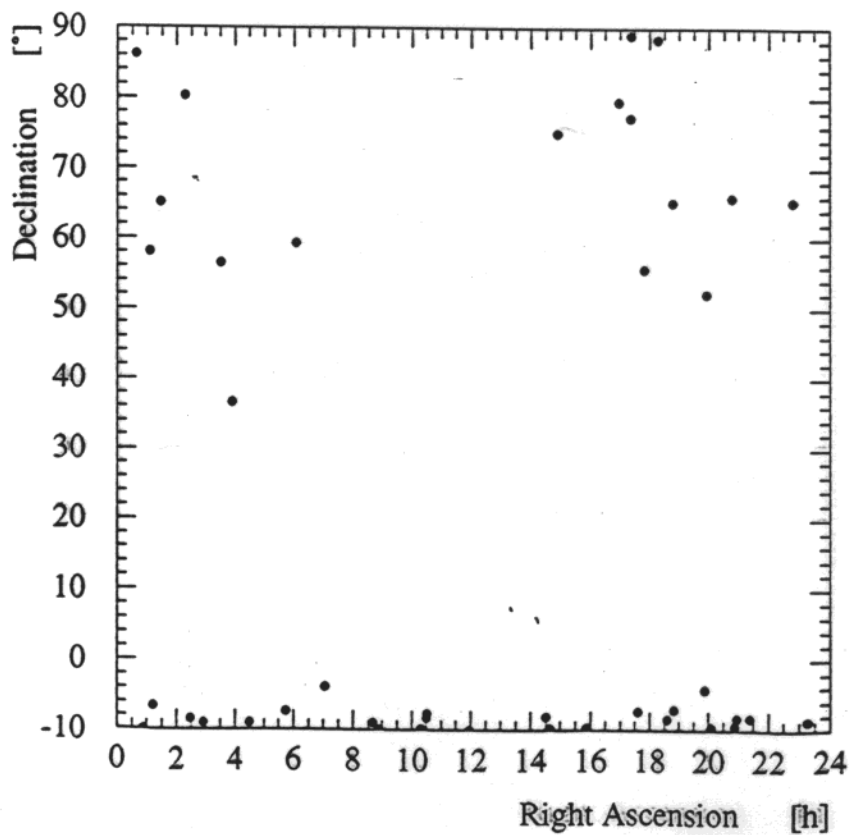
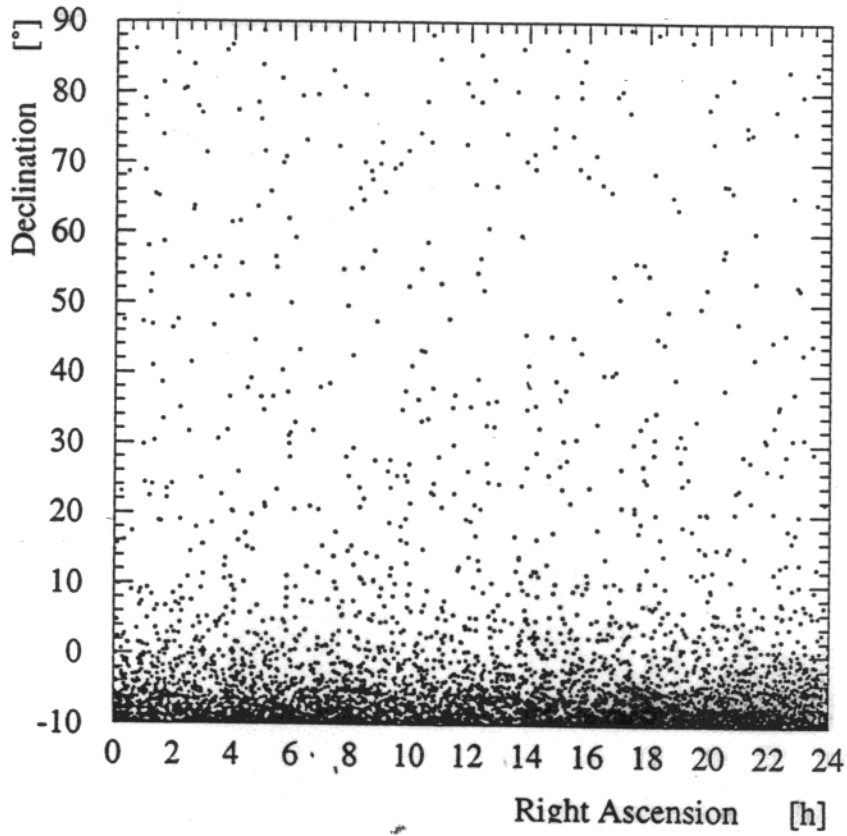


The number of measured photo electrons in each photomultiplier is plotted versus the distance of the track.

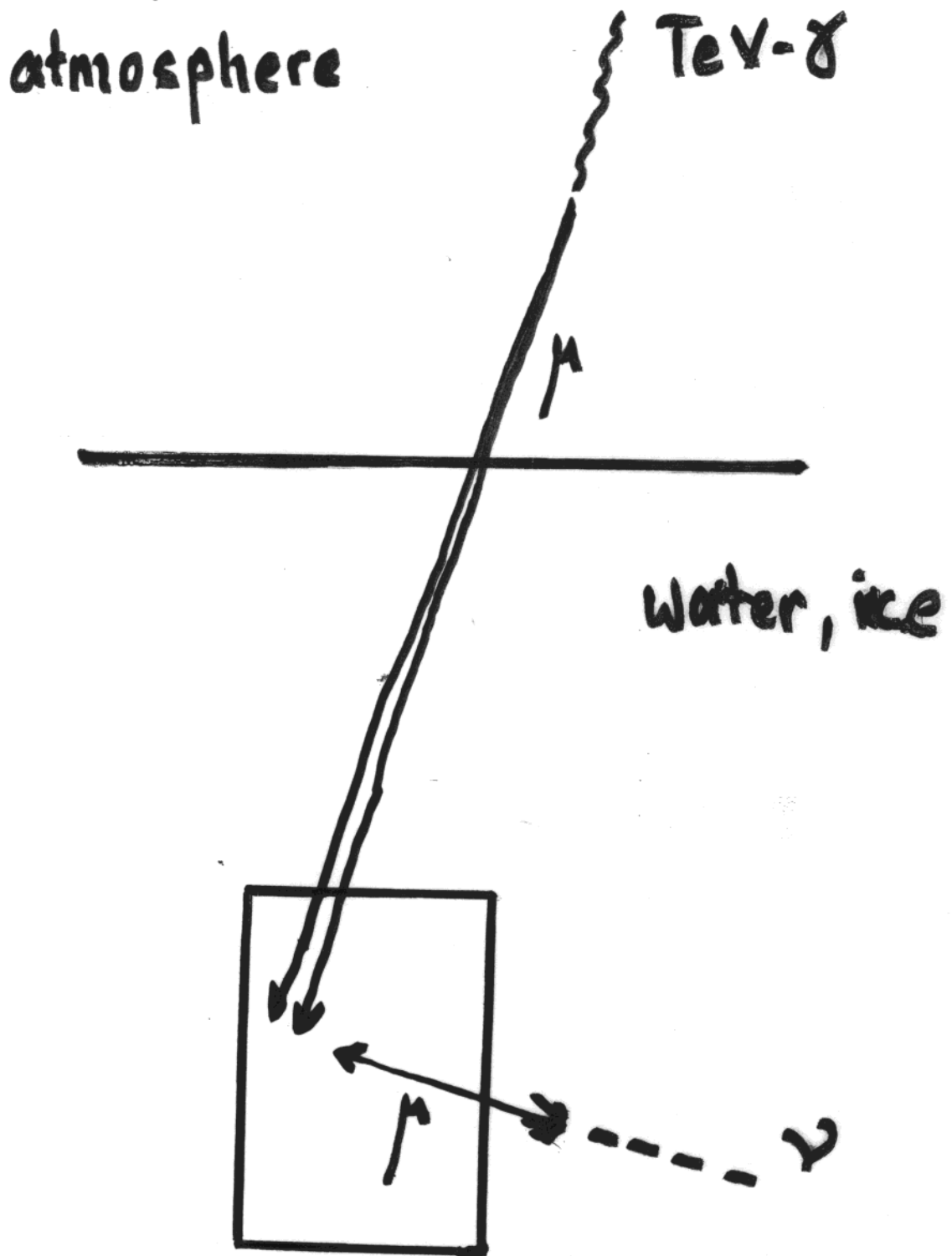
This plot provides additional evidence, that this event is indeed a neutrino induced muon. The amplitude information has not been used neither for reconstruction nor for the event selection.

Sky Plot

top - after cut level 3, *bottom* - after cut level 4



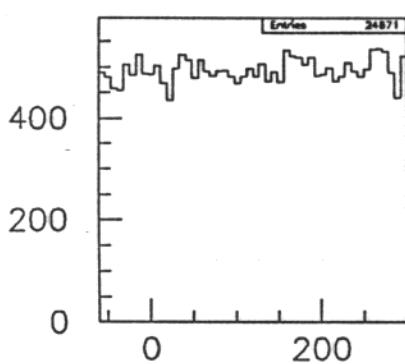
Signals in Coincidence with GRBs



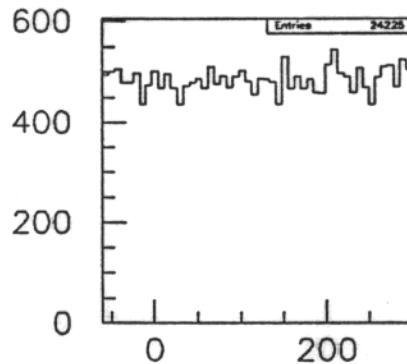
GRB/B10 Muon Coincidence Analysis

304 BATSE bursts in 1997, GRB sample (-1,+5 min)
Amanda on at 70%, use only odd days

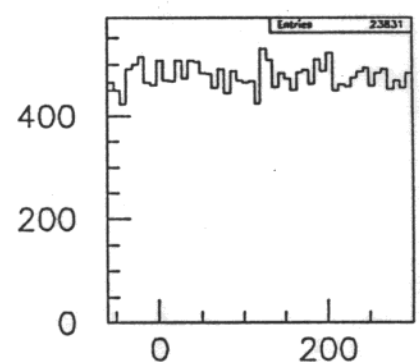
Event rate vs. time (-1,+5 min) for 9 GRBs



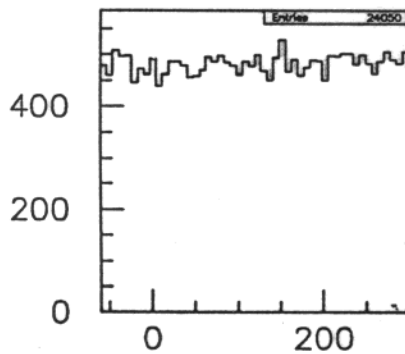
GRB 6117



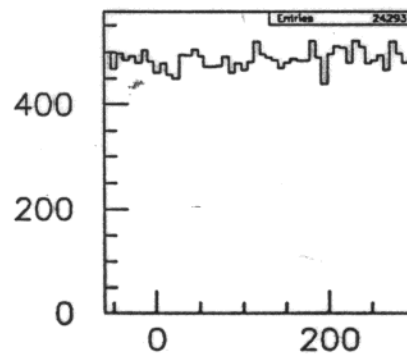
GRB 6119



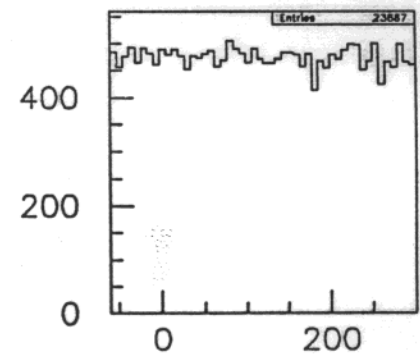
GRB 6129



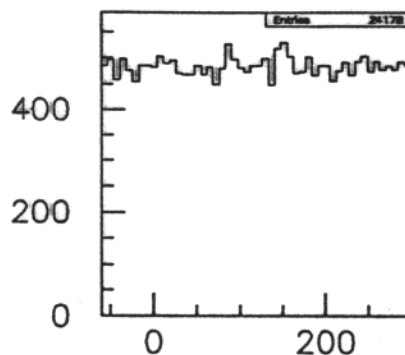
GRB 6135



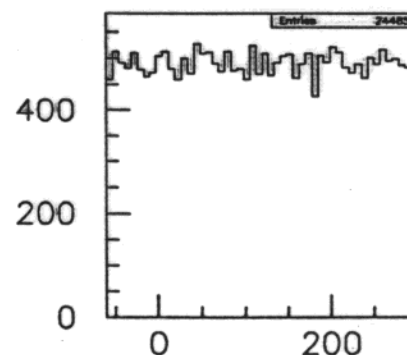
GRB 6136



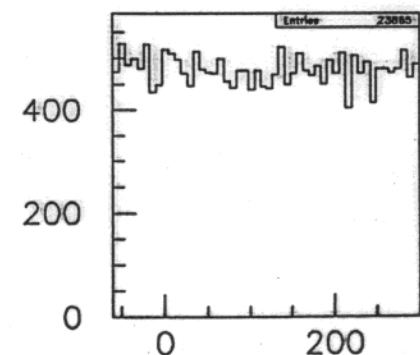
GRB 6137



GRB 6141



GRB 6142



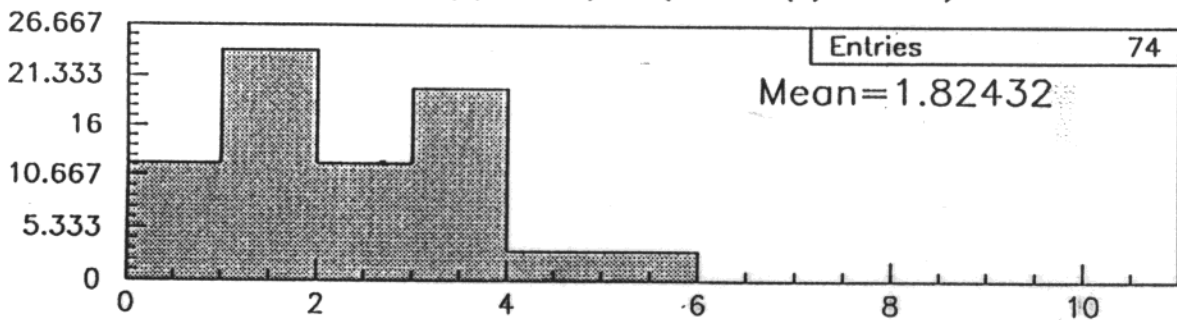
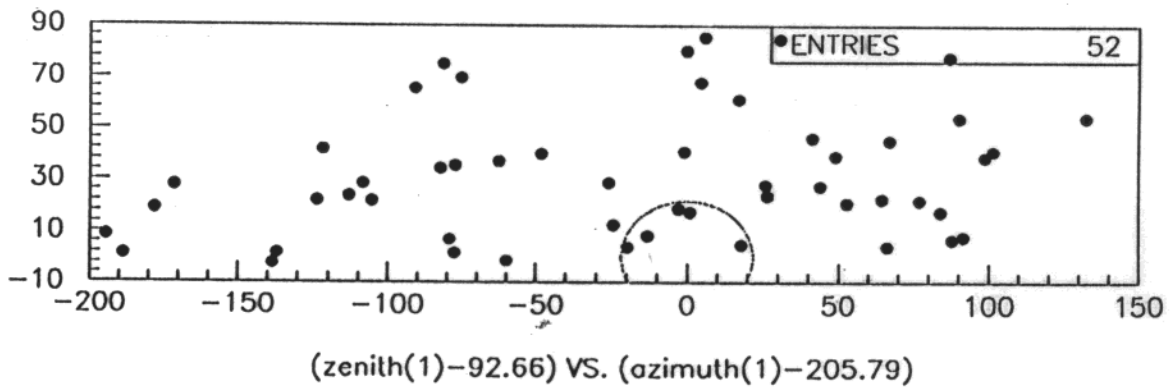
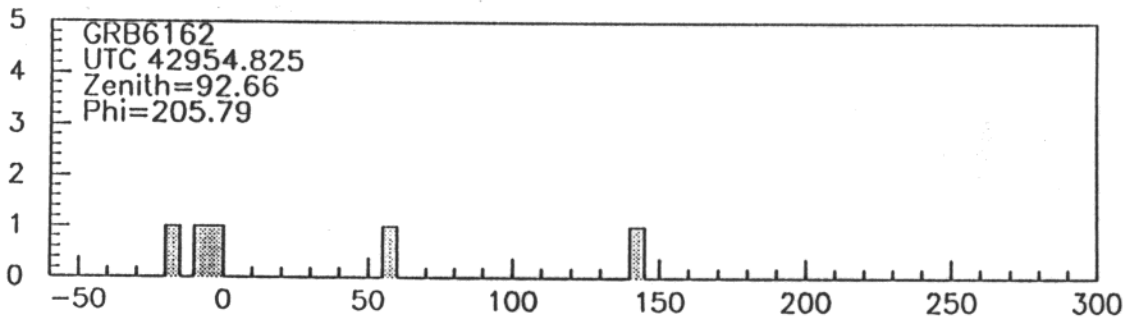
GRB 6147

GRB/B10 Muon Coincidence Analysis

Example: **GRB 6162**

zenith = 92.66° , azimuth = 205.79°

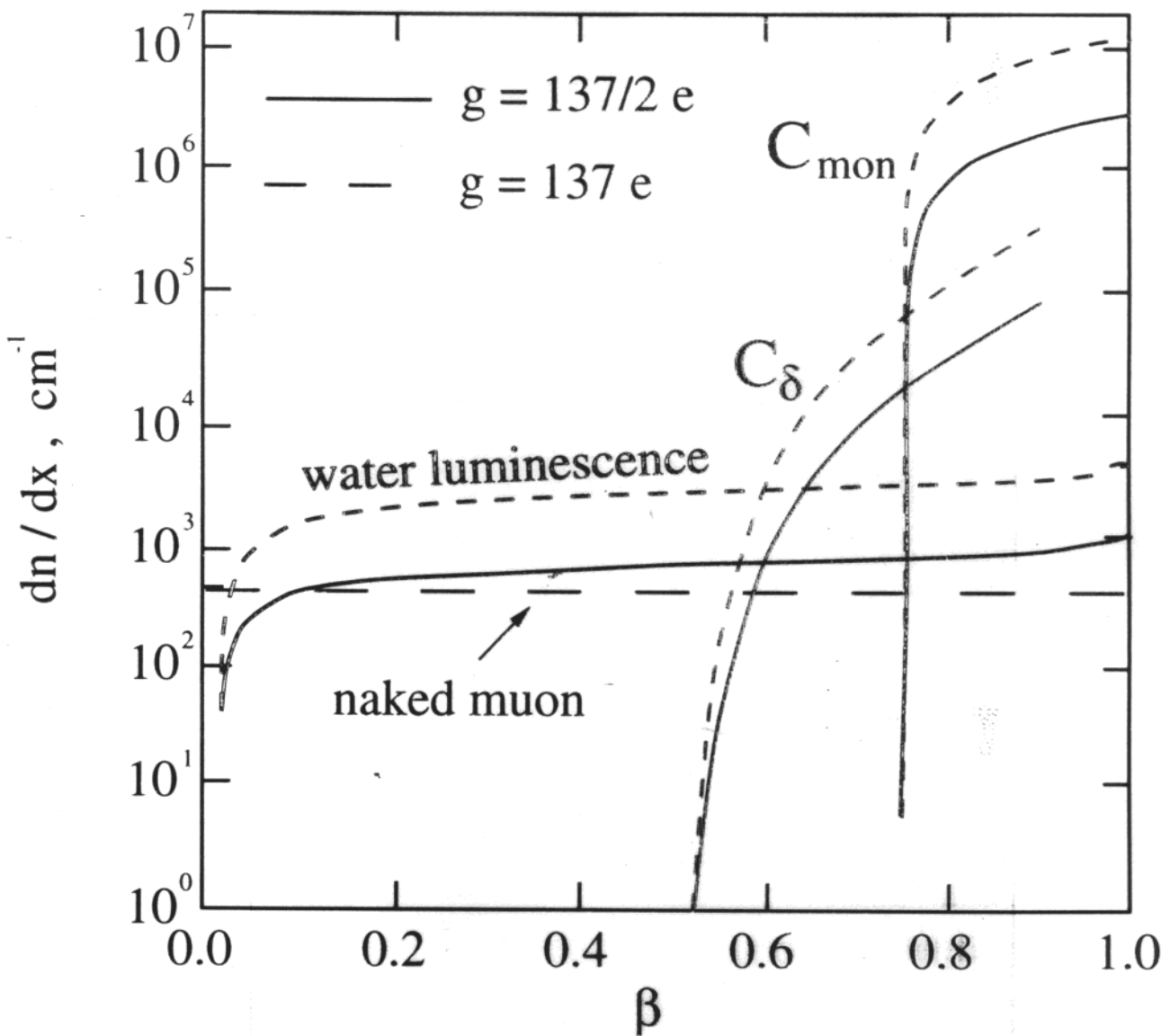
5 events in signal region \rightarrow not significant



Bkg 6 Minute Count Distribution

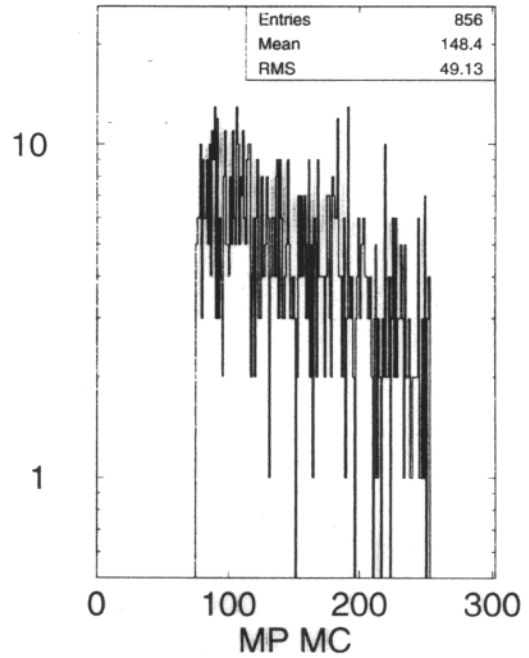
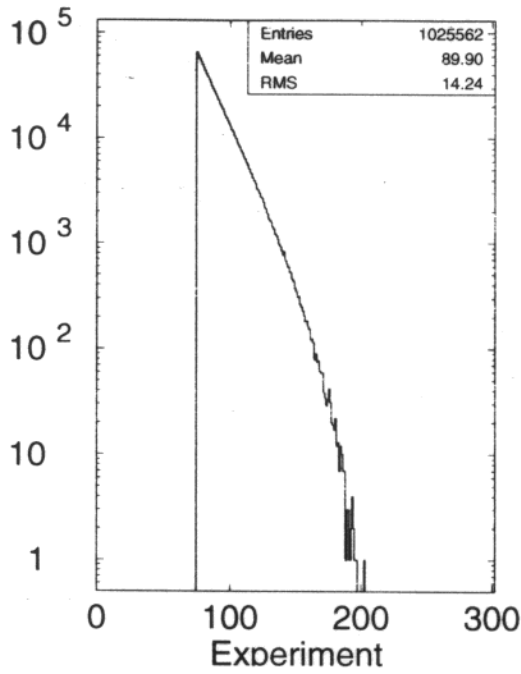
**** No significant coincidences found at all.**

Magnetic Monopoles Light Generation in Water

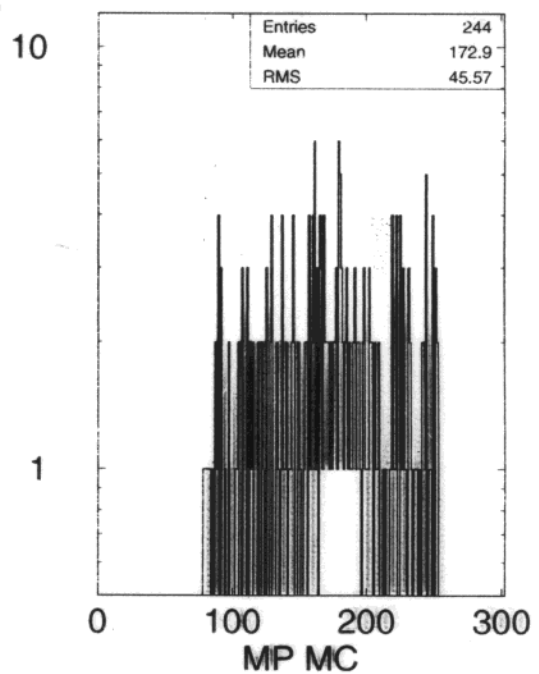
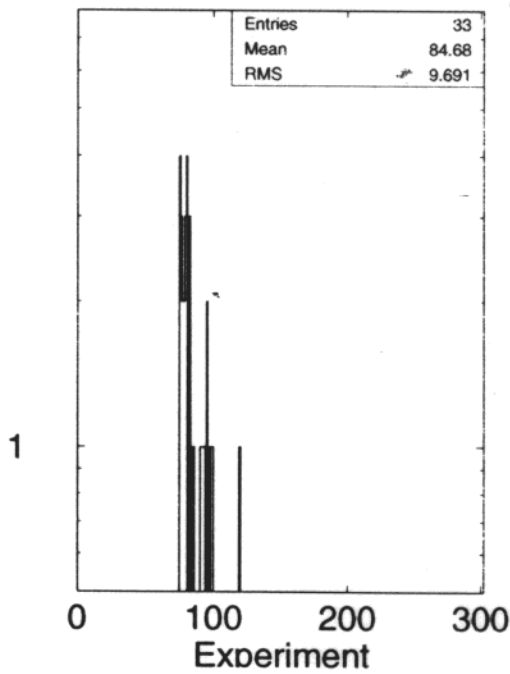


AMANDA B10, 33 days uptime

Nch > 75



Nch > 75, $\Theta > 60$, $0.2 < \nu_{LF} < 0.35$



Acceptance for magnetic monopoles ($k = 1$)

after

- $N_{ch} > 75$
- $\Theta > 60$
- $0.2 < v_{LF} < 0.35$

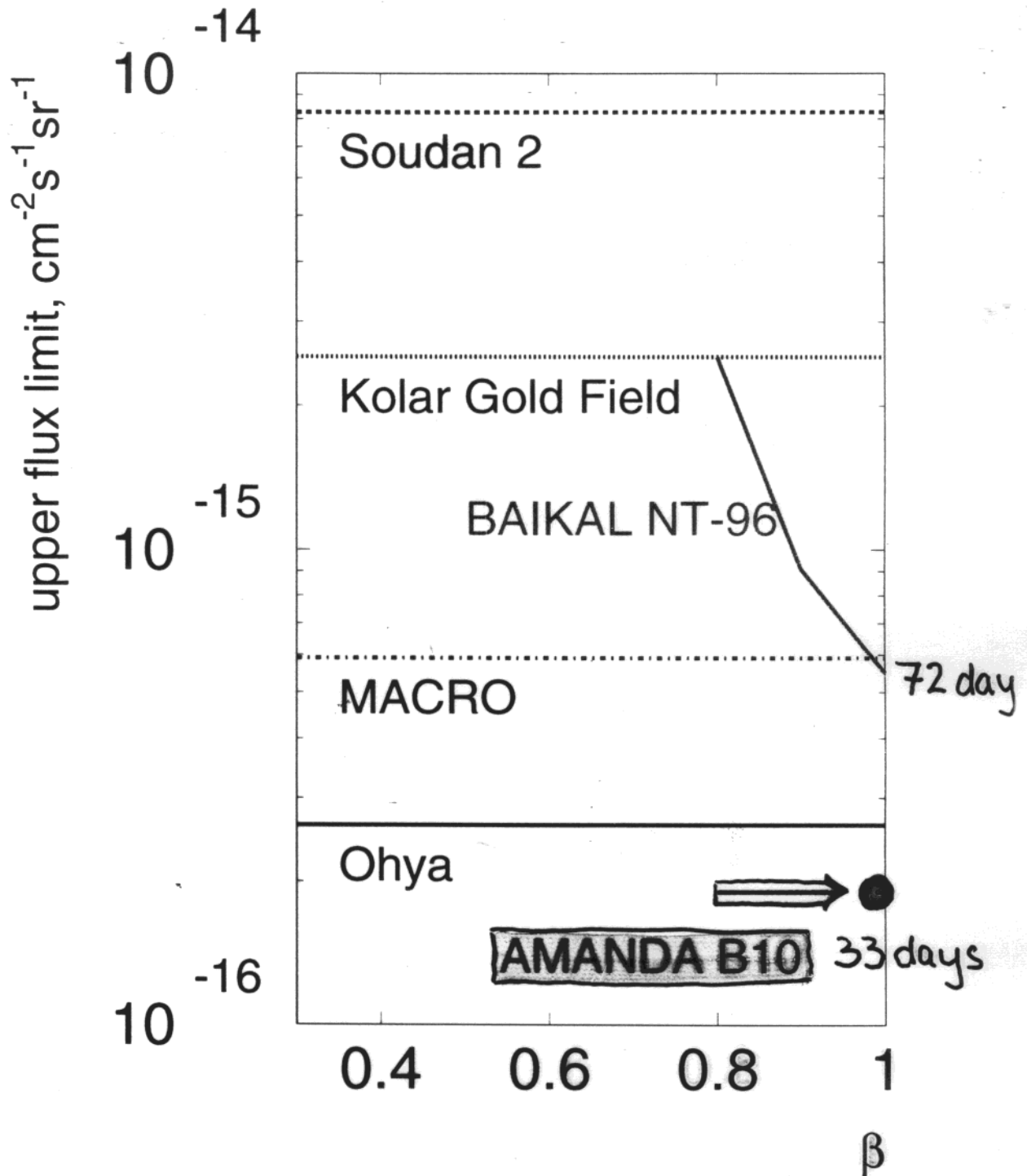
$$A = 4.62 \cdot 10^5 \text{ m}^2 \text{ sr}$$

- Life Time = 33 days
- Duty Factor = 0.9

⇒ Upper limit for monopole flux (90% C.L.)

$$\begin{aligned} \phi &\leq \frac{2.3}{4.62 \cdot 10^9 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ sr} \cdot 0.9 \cdot 2.85 \cdot 10^6 \text{ s}} \\ &= 1.9 \cdot 10^{-16} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ sr}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1} \end{aligned}$$

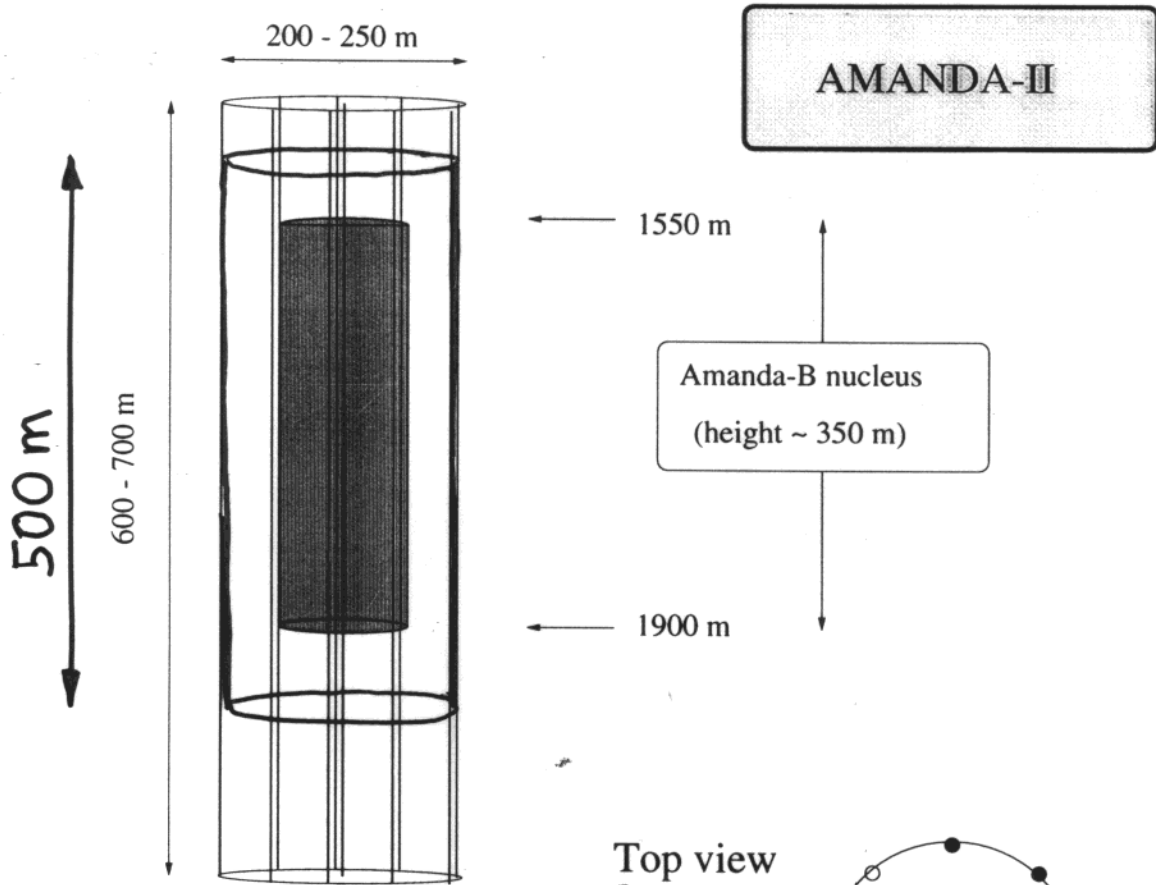
Flux Limit (90%C.L.)



Future

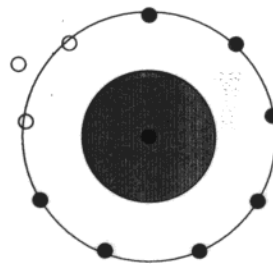
- o Amanda-II
- o DeepIce Center
- o IceCube

AMANDA-II design



- standard Amanda-II strings, 600-700 m length
- survey strings 1997/98, 1200 m length

Top view



$$A_{eff} \sim 25 - 30 \cdot 10^3 \text{ m}^2 \quad (1 \text{ TeV})$$

AMANDA-II:

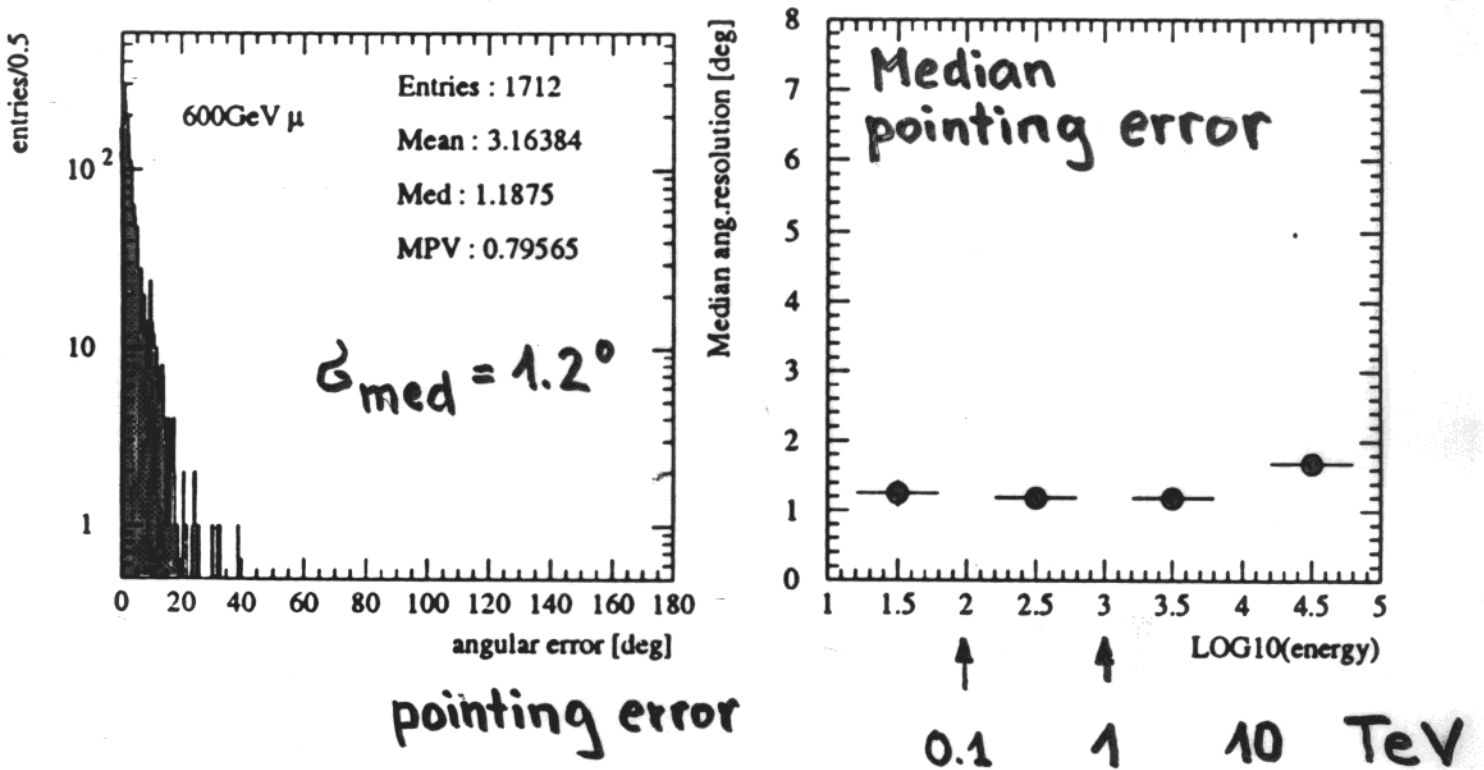
- Configuration

1995-97	97/98	99/2000
B10	3 strings	7 strings, 492 m 42 OM per string

- Effective area 1 TeV: $3 \cdot 10^4 \text{ m}^2$
- Technology
 - Basically analog-hybrid (fiber + electr.) , passive LED
 - some analog-hybrid OMs with active LED/LD
 - 25-50 Digital OMs

AMANDA-II (strawman)

POINTING:



Eff. Area $\sim 50 \cdot 10^3 \text{ m}^2$ (5 TeV)

DeepIce

Science and Technology Center

High Energy Neutrino Astrophysics
(AMANDA) 7.4 M\$/5 years

Cherenkov Radio Emission (RICE)

Cosmic Ray Physics (SPASE)

Seismology

Glaciochemistry & Paleoclimatology

Cosmogenic Nuclides, Ice Age Periodicity &
Extraterrestrial Materials

Ice Properties, Glaciology & Paleothermometry

Psychrophylic Microbes

Drilling Technology

400 → 40 → 16 ---→ 8-10
↑
Site visit Berkeley End Febr.

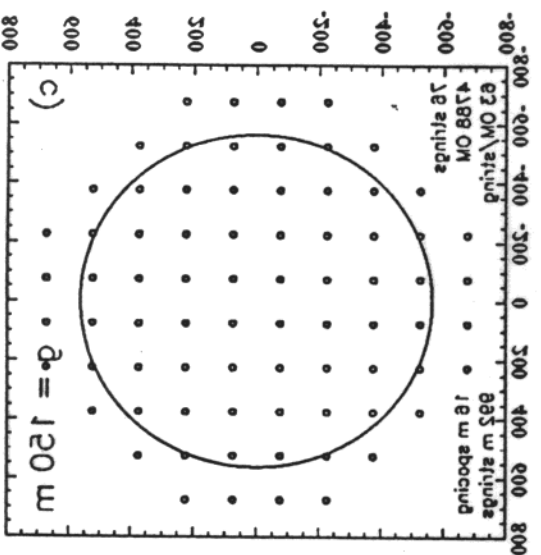
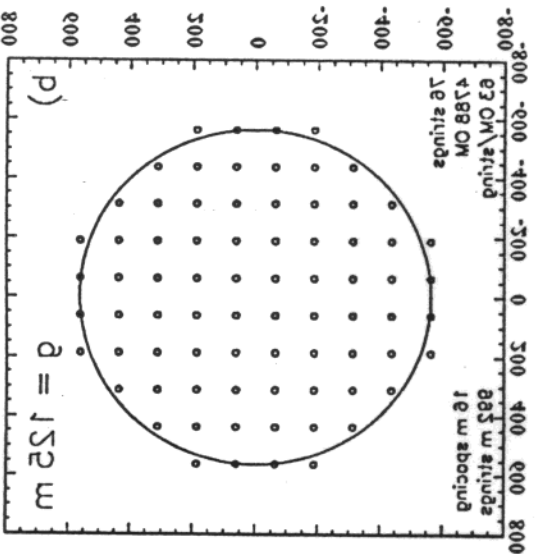
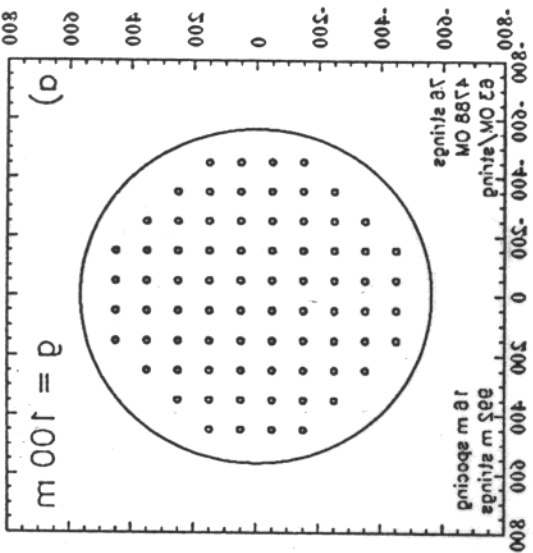
(Grid 120 m)	4	323	645
Geometria 3	32	621	1080
(Grid 152 m)	14	203	621
Geometria 5	120	841	1030
(Grid 100 m)	61	218	216
Geometria 1	282	822	881
Мног Энергия E th	100 GeV	1 000 GeV	10 000 GeV

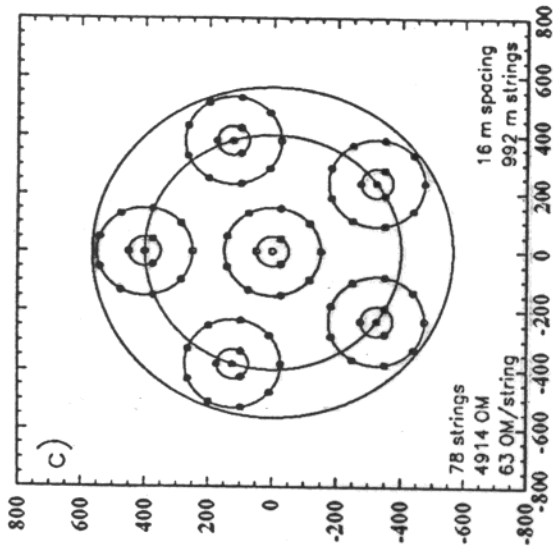
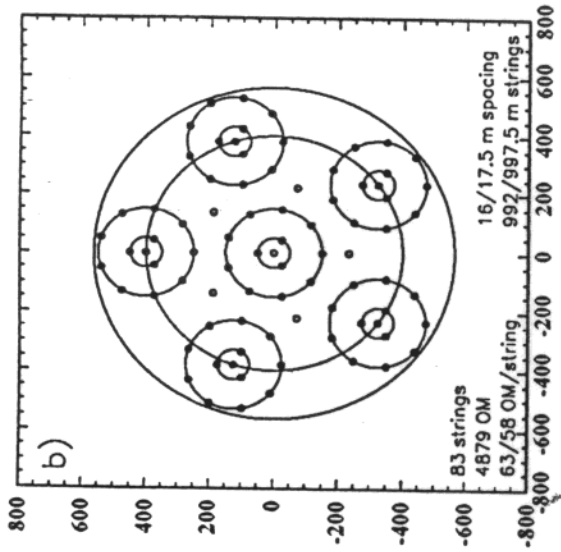
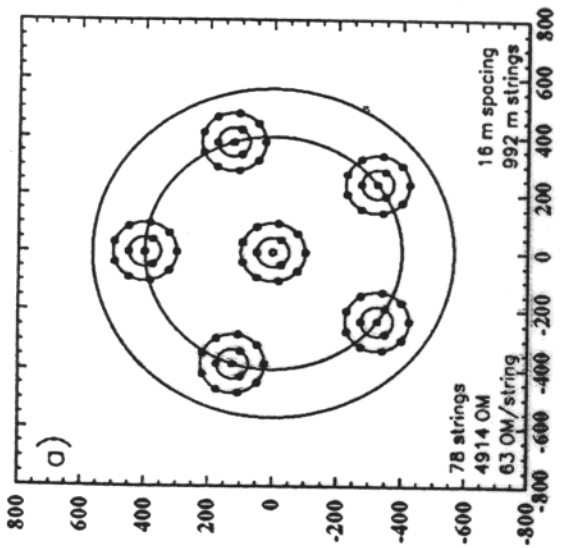
After 1500 with 30 crs
 → Grids over

MF?

~ 2000 8, 0M without

ICCs crps





Muon Energy E_μ	100 GeV	1 000 GeV	10 000 GeV
Geometry 9 (cluster)	828 63	832 300	886 345
Geometry 10 (cluster + single)	800 75	837 353	881 401
Geometry 11 (blown cluster)	502 52	889 485	984 528

Conclusions

- Detector: 10 + 3 strings
- Calibration: $\Delta t_0 \sim 5 \text{ nsec}$
 $\Delta x, y, z \sim 0.5 \text{ m}$ } B10

Results

- 3(4) ν candidates from B4
- Very preliminary results from B10
 - first clear ν candidates. Agreement with expectations at this analysis level. Will improve considerably with advanced analysis!
 - no coincidences with GRB observed
 - $\Phi_{\text{Monopole}} (\beta \approx 1) < 2 \cdot 10^{-16} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1} \text{ sr}^{-1}$

Future

- Upgrade Amanda-II in 99/00
($\sim 3 \cdot 10^4 \text{ m}^2$)
- IceCube ($\geq 5000 \text{ PMT}$) by 2007/08